# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 · Norwalk, California





# CITY OF NORWALK CALIFORNIA

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

**NORWALK City Council** 

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**Tony Ayala** Vice Mayor Rick Ramirez
Councilmember

**Ana Valencia**Councilmember

J Margarita L. Rios Councilmember

Jesus M. Gomez
City Manager

Jana Stuard
Director of Finance/City Treasurer



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December 15, 2021

# Honorable Mayor, Members of the Governing Council and the Citizens of the City of Norwalk, California:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Norwalk, California, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, is hereby respectfully submitted as mandated by both local ordinances and state statutes. These ordinances and statutes require that the City of Norwalk issue annually a report on its financial position and activities, and that this report be audited by an independent firm of certified public accountants.

#### **REPORT PURPOSE AND ORGANIZATION**

**Purpose and Management Responsibility.** This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Norwalk (City). Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report to provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with the U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Because cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Audited Financial Statements. The City's financial statements have been audited by Clifton, Larson, Allen, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the overall accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

**Organization.** This report is presented in three sections: introductory, financial and statistical.

- The *Introductory* section includes this transmittal letter and other information to familiarize the reader with the City: a directory of officials, the City's organization chart and organizational values.
- 2. The *Financial* section consists of five parts: the independent auditors' report; management's discussion and analysis; the basic financial statements; required supplementary information; additional statements and schedules for nonmajor governmental funds and agency funds.
- 3. The **Statistical** section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented in multi-year basis.

**Transmittal letter.** GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). As noted above, the MD&A appears in the Financial Section. This letter of transmittal is designated to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### "Single Audit" for Federal Grant Programs

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. This separately prepared report is available from the Finance Department upon request.

#### PROFILE OF THE CITY OF NORWALK

**History.** Norwalk, as we know it today, was once known as New River, Siete Alisos (Seven Sycamores), Sycamore Grove and Corazon de los Valles (Heart of the Valleys). Shortened to "Corvalles" by Easterners who had difficulty pronouncing the Spanish language, Norwalk actually carried a dual name for several years during the 1800's. Development in the community began in 1874 when railroad tracks crossed the "North-Walk" or "Trail from Anaheim Landing" for the very first time. Concurrently, the railroad surveyed a town site and established the "Norwalk Station." The town site was recorded in 1877 and Norwalk, California, was born.

At the turn of the century, Norwalk had become established as the dairy "Heart of the Valleys." It was also the home of some of the largest sugar beet farmers in all of Southern California during that era. As the years passed, the community continued to grow. Over 50 years later, the need for control over local affairs became so great that a special incorporation election was called.

On August 26, 1957, Norwalk was certified by the Secretary of State as California's 15th largest city. The City is 9.8 square miles in area with a current population of 106,744. Operating as a General Law City, Norwalk is governed by a five-member City Council, which sets policy under the Council-Manager form of government.

**Geography and Climate.** Located in the midst of some of Southern California's most accessible highways in the greater Los Angeles area, and located only 17 miles southeast of Los Angeles, the

City of Norwalk has become one of the most rapidly developing and growing communities anywhere in the state of California. The City of Norwalk is approximately 95 feet above sea level, has an average temperature of 63 degrees, and averages an estimated 10 inches of rainfall per year.

Norwalk sits at the heart of an expanding regional transportation network that is an outstanding convenience to residents that work anywhere in Los Angeles or Orange Counties. The community is served by four freeways: the 91 (Riverside) Freeway borders the City to the south, the 605 (San Gabriel) Freeway is at the City's western border and the Interstate 5 (Santa Ana) Freeway passes through the community and Interstate 105 (Century) Freeway which runs from Norwalk to the Los Angeles International Airport, thereby providing additional access to even more important business and recreational points throughout the Los Angeles County. Two commuter rail lines serve Norwalk: the Metro Green Line, with connections to downtown Los Angeles, Long Beach, and LAX; and the MetroLink system, with connections to Orange, San Bernardino, Ventura, Riverside, San Diego counties, and the Union Station in Los Angeles County. Norwalk's access to regional transportation is unparalleled in Los Angeles County.

**City Services.** Norwalk is a contract city which provides various municipal services to its residents: street maintenance, public transportation, recreation, planning, landscape/park maintenance, lighting, as well as various youth, senior and other community service programs. The City contracts for services in law enforcement with the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department and for fire protection services with the Los Angeles County Fire Department. Library, sanitation, and health services are provided by the County and County assessments districts.

The Norwalk Transit System (NTS) provides fixed route and dial-a-ride service to Norwalk and surrounding communities. Currently, the fixed route service consists of routes that service Norwalk and adjacent communities, the Santa Fe Springs Tram and rail feeder shuttle service. The NTS Route 4 rail feeder shuttle service provides a direct connection between the Norwalk Santa Fe Springs Transportation Center (Metrolink Commuter Rail Station) and the Metro Green Line Studebaker Station (Light Rail). In November 1974, NTS's demand-responsive transit service for persons with disabilities was initiated. Dial-a-Ride service is available for persons with disabilities and senior citizens.

Social Services Department provides another distinctive City service. The City is among the very few cities that have a Social Service Department offering a wide range of emergency and support services to residents in crisis situations. Services include information and referral, assistance with completion of forms (DPSS, EDD, Medical, Jury Summons, Social Security, Housing, etc.), immediate emergency food and shelter assistance, emergency transportation, senior daily nutrition program, child care and dental care programs for children of low-income families, and special events. The goal is to assist those whose resources have been exhausted, stabilize their situation, and seek long-term solutions.

Norwalk's Recreation and Park Services Department provides residents with a variety of year-round recreational activities and boasts several outstanding facilities. Additionally, Norwalk's Parks system consists of 14 public parks and a total of 93.5 acres of open space. Some of the more distinguished facilities include a state of the art Aquatic Pavilion, located in Norwalk Park, and featuring a competition and lap pool, wading pool, and picnic areas. The 72,000 square foot Norwalk Arts & Sports Complex has a modern fitness center, full-size basketball gym, racquetball/handball courts, youth activity room, boxing gym, full-service banquet and meeting facilities, classrooms, and the Mary Paxon Art Gallery. The Norwalk Golf Center is a par three

nine-hole course spread out over 11 lush acres. These and other amenities are available to residents from January through December.

#### THE REPORTING ENTITY

The financial reporting entity (the government) includes all the funds and account groups of the primary government (i.e., the City of Norwalk, California, as legally defined), as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. The government provides a full range of services, including public safety and contracted police protection; sanitation and water services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and infrastructure; housing and social services; and recreational and cultural events.

The City of Norwalk's component units are the Norwalk Housing Authority and the Norwalk Community Facilities Financing Authority. Since City Council serves as the governing board for these component units, all of the component units are considered to be blended component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations. Accordingly, the component unit's financial activities have been included in the appropriate combining schedules.

#### **Norwalk Housing Authority**

The Norwalk Housing Authority was established in 1976 to provide safe, sanitary and decent housing to low-income residents. With funding provided by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, the Housing Authority administers the Housing Choice Voucher Program, offering rental assistance to approximately 620 households, and the Family Self-Sufficiency Program, which assists rental assistance recipients with achieving economic self-reliance.

#### **Successor Agency to the Norwalk Redevelopment Agency**

Pursuant to AB 26 X1, the Redevelopment Agency was dissolved as of February 1, 2012 and the Successor Agency was constituted. The City of Norwalk became the successor agency to the former Norwalk Redevelopment Agency's housing and non-housing activities. The Successor Agency's assets and liabilities are reported under City's Trust/Agency funds.

#### **Norwalk Community Facilities Financing Authority**

The City Council approved the creation of the Norwalk Community Facilities Financing Authority in August of 1989. It provides a tool the City may use to arrange favorable bond financing for construction of community facilities. Under this concept, the Authority provides a single agency, which may combine current and future revenue streams of various City agencies. The combined revenue streams provide the funds needed to meet debt service requirements for bonds, which may be issued.

#### FINANCIAL CONDITION OVERVIEW

Financial results for the year compare favorably with budget estimates in virtually all areas of the City's operations. For General Fund, financial results for the year were on target for revenues, and better than estimated for expenditures and other sources.

This results in an ending General Fund unassigned fund balance of \$23.2 million, which is \$8.1 million higher than budgetary estimates and it is \$5.9 million higher than the interim results reported to the City Council in June 2021. It also complies with the City's policy of maintaining a minimum unassigned General Fund balance that is at least 20% of operating expenditures.

The City's conservative approach in budgeting for revenue and a stringent expenditure policy has positioned the City in a sound financial standing to weather economic uncertainties. City management continues to strive to manage unanticipated economic fluctuations by working towards an adequate reserve accumulation, renewed focus on a proactive economic development effort, and a continued focus on human development effort to reshape and retrain its work force to keep up with the changing times.

The City's fiscal year 2021-22 adopted operating budget continues to be both balanced and fiscally responsible. This spending plan maintains essential services for the community and continues to look for means to stimulate local economy through various development and beautification projects throughout the City.

#### **MAJOR ACCOMPLISHMENTS FOR THE YEAR**

#### **Public Safety:**

- O Public Safety Officers responded to and handled approximately 16,434 calls for service and incidents. The types of calls and incidents range from illegal parking and abandoned vehicles to graffiti incidents, Sheriff's Department assistance and resolving safety hazards or quality of life issues in neighborhoods, parks and shopping centers. Many times, Public Safety Officers are able to address a matter in lieu of Sheriff's resources being called out.
- Public Safety Officers responded to approximately 65 crime scenes to provide latent fingerprinting services resulting in numerous criminals being identified and apprehended. The involved crimes include burglaries, robberies, stolen vehicles and thefts.
- Public Safety Officers assisted in recovering 81 reported stolen vehicles, and assisted Norwalk Sheriff's Department with 285 traffic collisions incidents. Public Safety's assistance with traffic collision incidents included securing the scene, establishing a safety perimeter, traffic control, and writing traffic collision reports.
- Public Safety Code Compliance Inspectors initiated/reviewed 948 and closed 472 cases. A total of 73 business license inspections were conducted. The Code Compliance Division focuses on enforcing property maintenance on private properties, compliance with zoning requirements, and related provisions of the Norwalk Municipal Code.
- A total of 4 Virtual Neighborhood Watch meetings were conducted with participation of the Norwalk Sheriff's Department to give residents an opportunity to meet with Public Safety and law enforcement officials virtually to learn about various services and share concerns.
- A total of 41 virtual cadet meetings were completed throughout the year to provide insight on officer operations, career exploration, and educational workshops.
- Public Safety administrative staff initiated an education effort to deter and prevent illegal dumping activity by mailing out educational letters to residents and/or property

- owners/managers in the City. A total of 921 letters have been mailed. The letters provided information about bulky item pickup/trash collection services provided by Athens Services. Residents/Property Owners were reminded that illegally dumped items creates an unsightly appearance in our community and presents health and safety hazards.
- August 15, 2020 Public Safety and Social Services Departments collaborated with Norwalk Toyota to host a Back to School drive-thru event. The event was modified in response to the COVID-19 pandemic to keep staff and participants safe. Families referred by the Social Services Department each received backpacks filled with school supplies and gift cards valued at \$200. Each child also received three sets of clothing/uniforms and socks.
- December 21, 2020 Public Safety staff and Sheriff's Deputies participated in the 3rd annual First Responder Christmas Eve toy distribution event. The event was modified in response to the COVID pandemic to keep staff and participants safe. The team distributed over 500 toys to local youth at two preselected apartment complexes.
- The following programs were suspended (<u>from July 2020 to June 2021</u>) due to COVID-19: Junior Park Rangers; Saturday Community Service, Business Watch, Coffee with a Cop, & Senior Center presentations. The events are traditionally held in person focusing on building relationships with the community and providing education and awareness for youth and adults.

#### **Public Services:**

- o In response to COVID-19, City staff added an additional Clorox disinfectant/sanitizing machine to clean and disinfect all facilities. The machine sprays a fine mist of disinfecting solution that covers all surfaces. Staff continued to provide additional cleaning/disinfecting throughout the day at facilities per County and CDC guidelines.
- The City's concrete contractor replaced existing dead grass in parkways, lifted sidewalks, and raised curb/gutter on Bloomfield Ave. with new concrete to correct drainage and slope issues, level the walking areas and provide large tree wells for the pine trees along the street.
- City Hall Remodel Project No. 7858 Construction was completed on December 30, 2020 for remodel of the Community Development Department and Engineering Division. Work included moving Engineering Division staff to Room 11 where Housing Division was located, adding thirteen individual offices for Community Development Department staff, expanding the small conference room near the Engineering Division with access from both Departments and creating a large conference room at the west side of City Hall in the area near the entry doors.
- Council Chambers Audio/Video Project City contractor replaced old wiring and equipment with new equipment, utilizing the latest technology. Two large monitor screens were also installed on the wall behind dais.
- Independence Day wood cutouts in the shape of flags, stars and ribbons were created and placed at City Monuments, facilities and Parks.
- Lighting was installed at two City entry monuments Pioneer Blvd. at the north City limit, and Norwalk Blvd. at the north City limit.
- HVAC ducts at Transportation/Public Services vehicle bays, Senior Center, NASC, CAC, Teen Center and the Aquatic Pavilion were cleaned out.
- To bring attention to Breast Cancer Awareness month, staff changed landscape lighting and placed wooden pink ribbions at various facilities and at all City entry monuments.
- Tree/Greenscape Section and Emergency Duty personnel staff completed annual mandatory chainsaw and chipper training.

- Parks Landscape and Facilities Maintenance completed Pesticide Safety Training.
- On-call Emergency Duty training was conducted for Public Services staff. The Emergency Duty manual was revised and updated as well.
- The City was designated a Tree City USA for the 7<sup>th</sup> year by the National Arbor Day Foundation for its dedication and solid commitment to Urban Forestry. The City also received a Tree City USA Growth Award which recognizes an increased commitment to urban forestry through innovative programs and projects.
- In collaboration with TreePeople over 1000 trees were planted in residential parkways as part of the I-5 freeway mitigation program.
- o Began design work for Environmental Enhancement Mitigation Program (EEMP) grant to rehab medians on Firestone Blvd., Imperial Hwy., and Rosecrans Ave.
- o Submitted \$8.5 million grant application for Prop 68 Hermosillo Park.

#### Parks

- o All City parks received new basketball rims.
- New soap dispensers were installed at all locations.
- Lakeside Park replenished mulch near the monument sign and detailed landscaping throughout the park.
- Bob White Park detailed the playground, repaired irrigation, repaired damaged fencing and installed a new self-serve sandpit.
- Gerdes Park Painted ADA railings, tables, spray pool, trash cans and parking lot pole light bases; refreshed the gold lettering on monument sign; buffed, stripped and sealed floor in park building and installed a new, self-serve sandpit.
- Holifield Park repaired and repainted patio and installed additional light fixtures near park building. Roof was replaced on the snack bar building.
- New River Park New monument sign was installed at the corner of Halcourt Avenue and Tonibar Street.
- o Ramona Park New monument sign was installed at the east entrance to the park.

#### **Facilities**

#### City Hall

- o Installed bollards near the parking ticket dispensers at Manuel Salinas entrance.
- o Painted walls in Public Safety Office.

#### Transportation/Public Services Facility and Metrolink Station

- Restored and repainted ADA ramps and curbs.
- o Painted the yard fence along the east side of the building.
- o Removed rust and repainted Norwalk/Santa Fe Springs Metro bridge.
- o Repainted employee and ADA parking stalls and stop legends.
- Updated parking lot lighting to LED.

#### **Senior Center**

- Refurbished water fountain, removed calcium deposits and repaired leak issues.
- Installed new oven in kitchen.
- o Repainted all red curbs in the parking lot.
- o Removed carpet in exercise room and replaced with luxury vinyl tile.
- New HVAC unit was installed.

#### Norwalk Arts and Sports Complex/Cultural Art Center/Aquatics Pavilion

- Skylight above the foyer between the Founder's room and Sproul room at the Community Meeting Center was replaced.
- o Refurbished weight room flooring and equipment due to fire system leak/damage.
- o Refinished gym hardwood floor due to damage.
- o Upgraded Cultural Arts Center alarm system.

#### Trees/Greenscape

- Trimmed 5,003 trees, as part of City's three year trimming cycle.
- Responded to 636 residential requests for tree related concerns including: inspections, roots, trimming, and/or planting.
- Planted 61 trees in parkways citywide.
- o Removed 231 trees in response to addressing hazards or nuisance conditions.

#### Graffiti

 Removed graffiti from over 5,224 locations citywide, as follow-up to requests received from the community.

#### **Streets**

- o Responded to 611 sidewalk, curb & gutter and pothole requests.
- Responded to 240 community requests for pickup of litter/illegally dumped items in right-ofway.
- Completed annual citywide Sidewalk Concrete Repair and Replacement Project Repaired concrete including curb and gutter, sidewalks, and drive aprons raised by tree roots in over three (3) City zones.

#### **Traffic**

- o Replaced 135 signs, installed 74 vis-Z-shields, and installed 49 square posts citywide.
- Painted:
  - √ 6,457 square feet of stop bars citywide.
  - √ 51 addresses citywide.
  - ✓ 5,896 square feet of crosswalks citywide.
  - √ 259 square feet of school crosswalks.
  - √ 360 square feet of left turn pocket arrows citywide.
  - √ 29,010 linear feet of red curbs citywide.
  - √ 65 linear feet of green curbs citywide.
  - √ 790 linear feet of yellow curbs citywide.
  - √ 395 linear feet of blue curbs citywide.
  - ✓ 201 linear feet of white curbs citywide.
  - √ 1,615 square feet of bullnoses citywide.
  - √ 175 linear feet of barrier lines citywide.
  - ✓ 2,523 square feet of street legends citywide.
- o Completed a variety of Engineering Department work orders for traffic control and signage.
- o Installed seasonal banners, military banners, college banners, high school banners, event banners, and American flags.
- Set out 14 street improvement signs in zones requested by Engineering Department.
- Acquired four new message boards that were deployed throughout the City for a variety of notifications, including COVID restrictions, 4th of July fireworks fines, and for the Shoemaker bridge project.
- Set up traffic control and signage for multiple Coast Plaza Hospital vaccination clinics.

#### Signals/Street Lights

- o Replaced 16 street light poles citywide that had been knocked down due to accidents.
- o Initiated Street Light Pole Replacement Project approx. 50 poles.
- o Installed new street sign at the intersection of Hoxie Ave. and Imperial Hwy.
- o Assisted Engineering Division with multiple signal/fiber optics improvement projects.

#### Water/Sewer

#### Operations and Maintenance:

- Completed annual cleaning of 1/2 of the City's sewer system.
- Completed annual CCTV sewer line inspection program.
- Initiated development/update of Norwalk Municipal Water System Operations and Maintenance Manual.
- o Replaced 18 water meters as a part of annual water meter replacement program.
- Responded to ten (10) emergency water main leaks and six (6) service connection leaks.

#### Completed Capital Projects:

- Project No. 7448 Completed installation of a backup generator at Norwalk Park Well #10.
- American Water Infrastructure Act Risk and Resiliency Assessment was completed and certified.

#### Status of on-going/carried-over projects:

- Continued the development of the American Water Infrastructure Act Emergency Response Plan.
- o Project No. 7438R Continued the development of AMR/AMI meter installation project.
- o Project No. 7442 Continued working on the design of 8"-12" water pipeline project.
- o Project No. 7449 Continued working on the design of 8" water pipeline project.
- Began RFP process for the Water Master Plan Update to initiate system improvements for the Norwalk Municipal Water System.
- Began RFP process for the Sewer Master Plan Update to initiate system improvements for the Norwalk Municipal Sewer System.
- o Began RFP process for the Sanitary Sewer Management Plan update.
- o Continued to work on updating standard details for public works construction.
- Worked with consultants to complete SCADA system design work.

#### Engineering

#### Completed Projects:

- Project No. 7924.1 Concrete Improvements in Zone 24 bounded by Rosecrans Ave. to the north, Carmenita Rd. to the east, and triangulated by the I-5 Freeway to the south. The Zone also includes miscellaneous streets Kenney St. from Studebaker Rd. to Orr and Day Rd. and Benfield Ave. north of Imperial Hwy. Various types of concrete improvements completed: 3,953 linear feet of curb and gutter; 53 upgrades of accessibility ramps at intersection corners to current ADA standards; adjustments to approximately 4,155 sq. ft. of sidewalk; removal of slotted cross gutters, incidental adjustments to abutting driveways and improvements to unpaved alleys.
- Project No. 7925.1 Concrete Improvements in Zone 27 bounded Excelsior Drive to the north, Pioneer Blvd. to the east, Alondra Blvd. to the south, and Gridley Rd. to the west. Various types of concrete improvements completed: 4,400 linear feet of curb and gutter; 132 upgrades of accessibility ramps at intersection corners to current ADA standards;

- adjustments to approximately 13,760 sq. ft. of sidewalk; removal of slotted cross gutters, incidental adjustments to abutting driveways and improvements to unpaved alleys.
- Project No. 7926.1 Concrete Improvements in Zone 32 bounded by Alondra Blvd. to the north, Norwalk Blvd. to the east, 166<sup>th</sup> St. to the south, and Pioneer Blvd. to the west. Various types of concrete improvements completed: 243 linear feet of curb and gutter; 53 upgrades of accessibility ramps at intersection corners to current ADA standards; adjustments to approximately 455 sq. ft. of sidewalk; removal of slotted cross gutters, incidental adjustments to abutting driveways and improvements to unpaved alleys.
- Project No. 7926.2 & 7926.3 Paving Improvements in Zone 32 bounded by Alondra Blvd. to the north, Norwalk Blvd. to the east, 166<sup>th</sup> St. to the south, and Pioneer Blvd. to the west. Various types of concrete improvements completed: 243 linear feet of curb and gutter; 53 upgrades of accessibility ramps at intersection corners to current ADA standards; adjustments to approximately 455 sq. ft. of sidewalk; removal of slotted cross gutters, incidental adjustments to abutting driveways and improvements to unpaved alleys.

#### Status of on-going/carried-over projects:

- Paving Improvements in Zones 24, 27, and 32 The paving operation improves the roadway surface conditions through different rehabilitation methods such as grind and overlay, specific location full-depth removal, or application of a slurry seal coating. To provide for better roadway surface protection, a rubberized asphaltic concrete pavement will be placed to the final layer of the roadway. Ultimately, 4.7 miles of paving in Zone 24, 5 miles of paving in Zone 27, and 7 miles of paving in Zone 32 will be completed, for a total of approx. 17 miles of roadway newly paved by October 2021.
- Project 7185 Shoemaker Traffic Median Island Improvements construction of the new alignment of entry/exit ramp onto the Shoemaker Bridge over the I-5 Freeway. The improvement also involves landscape features on the raised median with planting of colorful drought tolerant groundcovers, ornamental grasses, shrubs and cobblestones that compliment a few large trees. Construction is estimated to be completed by the end of 2021.
- Project No. 7196 Firestone Bridge/Guardrails. Finalizing the construction plans and specifications for design of Firestone Blvd. improvements from I-605 to Imperial Hwy. and prepare documents for construction funding allocation from Metro.
- Project No. 7232 Plans and Specifications have been completed and documents have been submitted to the State Department of Transportation (Caltrans) for funding allocation for construction of traffic signal and curb ramp improvements on Alondra Blvd. from Studebaker Rd. to Shoemaker Rd.
- Project No. 7233 Plans and Specifications have been completed and documents have been submitted to the State Department of Transportation (Caltrans) for funding allocation for construction of traffic signal and curb ramp improvements on Firestone Blvd. from San Gabriel River to Rosecrans Ave.
- o Project No, 7234 Plans/Specifications have been completed and documents have been submitted to the State Department of Transportation (Caltrans) for funding allocation for

- construction of traffic signal and curb ramp improvements on Studebaker Rd. from Rosecrans Ave. to north city limits. Prepare documents for construction funding allocation.
- Project No. 7236 Traffic Signal at 166<sup>th</sup> St. and Clarkdale original project scope to upgrade the traffic signal has been modified to reconfiguration of the current roadway striping to accommodate for left-turn movements along the westbound traffic on 166<sup>th</sup> St. from Clarkdale Ave. to Pioneer Blvd. The modification results in significant savings that can be applied to other capital projects. Completion of the new striping configuration is estimated to be completed by October 2021.
- Project No. 7920 Local Street Rehabilitation Reviewed/Evaluate and Developed Quantity Takeoff for approximately 5.17 linear miles of residential streets; prepared bid package to advertise for construction.
- Project No. 7228 Traffic Signal Improvements Rosecrans Ave between Studebaker Rd. and Carmenita Rd. – Upgrade signal hardware, installation of fiber optics and signal improvements at Harvest Ave., Flallon St., and Clarkdale Ave.
- Project No. 7229 Traffic Signal Improvements Studebaker Rd between Alondra Blvd and Rosecrans Ave. – Upgrade signal hardware, installation of fiber optics and signal improvements at Excelsior Dr.
- Project No. 7230 Traffic Signal Improvements San Antonio Dr./Norwalk Blvd. and on Civic Center Dr. - upgrade signal hardware and install fiber optics.

#### Issued a total of 349 permits:

- ✓ Construction/Excavation/Encroachment/Other permits
- √ 80 Traffic Control Plans
- √ 42 Trash Bin Permits
- √ 46 Oversized permits

#### **Social Services:**

Department was involved in various programs and activities:

- Pandemic Assistance experienced an influx of families who received services for the first time following the "Safer at Home" orders. Assisted many families who had been deeply affected by COVID-19, including rental, utility, food, counseling, and funeral assistance. Provided referrals to collaborate agencies.
- Project Homekey In collaboration with Public Safety H.O.P.E Team assisted Homeless individuals enter the Project Homekey Program. Total of 52 referrals have been submitted, 23 individuals checked into the hotel, 1 has been housed, 7 applications were in process, 9 no-show/declined/not qualified, 11 exited, and 1 passed away. Project Homekey prioritized those homeless individuals that are 65 years of age and older and/or have medical vulnerabilities to COVID-19.
- Coast Plaza Hospital COVID-19 Vaccine site Assisted Coast Plaza Hospital staff with their COVID-19 vaccine drive thru by reviewing completion of paperwork within the main vaccine reception area. Vaccines were for seniors 65 years of age and older.
- March Madness Food Drive Launched its first citywide department food drive competition, "March Madness" style. Departments competed towards the same goal in mind, to gather the most food donations for a great cause.

- School Uniform Project In cooperation with Public Safety Department hosted a uniform and backpack give away during National Night Out. A total of 29 bins of uniforms were distributed.
- Annual Blood Drive In partnership with The American Red Cross held its annual Blood Drive. Blood Drive was a success bringing in over 25 volunteers who saved 75 lives.
- <u>Health on Wheels</u> In partnership with Norwalk-La Mirada Unified School District, Kaiser Foundation Hospitals, California State University Long Beach Foundation and Public Safety worked to support the Health on Wheels Program, which provides mobile heath care service to children attending district schools in the City.
- Harvest Relief Food Donation Program Program partners: Olive Garden, Pizza Hut, and Chipotle, weekly donated food items to be distributed to families and individuals experiencing homelessness.
- Thanksgiving Food Baskets Through the annual Thanksgiving Food Basket Program the City distributed over 170 food baskets to families experiencing financial hardships.
- Angel Tree The 2020 Angel Tree Project was quite different from other years due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Various city departments volunteered to assist in delivering over 800 gifts to children from 500 families.
- Youth & Family Intervention The case load has doubled from 80 in June of 2020 to over 200 in September 2021, primarily due to the stress and pressures COVID-19 has caused on Norwalk families. The weekly follow-ups, tracking, counseling, and mentorship have expanded until the students graduate from high school. The Family Intervention Academy continued its activities and became a model program in the region that services both the youth and the parents. Children participate in WINGS, a Youth Counseling Group that covers anger management, decision-making skills, self-esteem, truancy and academic success, and alcohol & drug prevention. The parents participate in the Parent Project, a Court Approved Parenting for parents with out-of-control youth. In combination with Educational Excursions, many of the kids begin to change and see life differently.
- Staff Training staff attended an all staff Leadership and Staff Deception Training. The Leadership training was part of staff self-development based on the book Leadership and Staff Deception.
- Senior Center Redesigned facility configuration to sustain accessibility and safety.
   Maintained a safe workplace environment for staff. 2,400 Safe at Home Newsletter reached homebound seniors.

#### Senior Nutrition Program:

- ✓ Serviced over 400 seniors in nutrition program.
- ✓ Over 100.000 meals delivered to seniors.
- ✓ Over 28,000 miles driven for meal deliveries.
- ✓ Over 3,000 Welfare Calls conducted between January 2021 and June 2021.
- ✓ Additional funding awarded in the amount \$87,000 for Nutrition Program.
- Senior Center Events Successful Parking Lot Events: Quarterly Birthdays, Bingo and Loteria. Virtual entertainment for seniors included: Hodads, Midnight Ride, and The Roaries. Virtual demonstrations for Yoga, Tai Chi, and Cooking. Over 6,000 crafts delivered to home bound seniors and offered for pick-up during COVID-19. Successfully launched the Senior Center Facebook Page.
- Senior Vaccinations Senior Center hosted its first walk-up COVID-19 vaccination clinic. The COVID-19 Vaccination clinic was a collaboration between City of Norwalk EOC team, Senior Center staff, Curative and Los Angeles County Department of Public Health. In

- effort to get community residents vaccinated, the City and Coast Plaza hospital joined efforts to provide. COVID-19 vaccinations to homebound seniors.
- Senior Case Management Over 130 hours of Senior Supportive Program Case Management services were provided to seniors. Caseworkers assisted clients through case management to allow seniors to sustain their independence of living in their homes. Case Workers provided 5,133 clients with social services between. Conducted 100 home visits to check on the welfare of senior patrons. Due to the COVID-19 Pandemic, home visits were limited but necessary to check on our most vulnerable patrons.
- <u>Virtual support</u> Virtual and conference call Social Services Seminars conducted to provide seniors with important support and information.
  - ✓ Weekly Mental Health Support Group
  - ✓ A New Year A Healthier You
  - ✓ Alzheimer's Disease & Behaviors
  - ✓ Good Sleep for Emotional Well-Being for Older Adults
  - ✓ Keeping Your Brain Healthy
  - ✓ Scams
  - ✓ Depression and Anxiety
  - ✓ Self-Care for Seniors
  - ✓ Memory Loss & Alzheimer's: Let's Talk
  - ✓ Food for Thought: Changing My Diet to manage My Conditions
  - ✓ Getting the Care, You Want When You Need It Most
  - ✓ Making Home Safe for a Person with Alzheimer's
  - ✓ Stress management
  - ✓ Legal & Financial Planning
  - ✓ Health and Wellness Week- A week of virtual demonstrations and seminars that
    focus on health and wellness.

#### **Child Care Program**

- ✓ Serviced an average of 650 children per month.
- ✓ Assisted 73 children of essential workers
- ✓ Paid out \$6.1 million to child care providers
- ✓ Increased funding for FY 2020/2021 by almost \$1 million, to include additional funds to continue assisting essential workers until 06/30/2022.

#### **Parks and Recreation:**

The Recreation Department hosted a wide variety of Virtual activities through the Month of May 2021. Programs including Creative Li'l Tots, Norwalk Kids Club, Adaptive Recreation Heart Club and over fifteen one-day virtual events, which included Zoom interactions, pre-recorded videos and at-home activity kits. All hosted on a monthly basis. Additionally, staff organized following events and programs:

- Virtual Las Posadas Event where live mariachi and folklorico dancers were live streamed for the community to enjoy.
- Brighten Up Norwalk Campaign Large boards were displayed outside of the NASC for the community to share positive messages.
- o Recreation hosted a virtual Teen Art Show where local teens were able to display their art pieces using various art media.

- Valentine's Day Gram program residents could purchase Valentine's Day grams for a loved one and staff would deliver a gift, a yard sign and a message from their admirer.
- Prayer with The Mayor Recreation assisted with this year's modified version of the Mayor's prayer Breakfast, called "Prayer With The Mayor". This event was hosted virtually and had guest speakers from local schools.
- Recreation Leader III Juanita Porras was awarded the Most Valuable Part-Time Player (MVPP) Award from District 10 of the California Park and Recreation Society. She was chosen out of the thousands of part-time recreation employees throughout Orange and Los Angeles Counties.
- Norwalk March Madness Fitness Program Rec staff hosted a virtual fitness competition using the app called BAND. Staff provided weekly challenges, healthy eating tips and exercises to perform.
- Lucky Leprechaun Hunt a Citywide scavenger hunt to celebrate the ST. Patrick's Holiday.
   Community members traveled around the city in search of leprechauns, and those who found all of them were entered into an opportunity drawing.
- March 30, 2021 Recreation worked with Public Safety to coordinate the first quarterly Virtual Neighborhood Watch meeting for the four City quadrants in partnership. Since then there have been 3 successful virtual neighborhood Watch meetings
- Spring into Rec Social Media Campaign March 29 April 4. The community was encouraged to participate in a series of activities and post daily on social media. There was also a photo contest where the community voted on their favorite spring photo.
- Virtual Rubber Duck Race at the Norwalk Aquatic Pavilion. Community members purchased rubber ducks that bore their name and entered them into a rubber duck race! Ducks were simultaneously dumped into the water and fans blew them across the length of the pool. The top three winners received prizes.
- o Easter Bunny Grams similar process to the Valentine's Day Grams.
- Eggnormous Egg Hunt keeping the City's tradition for a celebration of Easter, Recreation hosted an Egg-normous Egg Hunt event. Large decorative eggs were hidden throughout the city. Lucky residents who found an egg received a prize!
- After a year of being furloughed, Recreation was able to bring back some of their part time Recreation Leaders in preparation for the return of in-person programming.
- "May is For Mermaids" Aquatic activities. The Aquatic staff provided residents with an opportunity to make virtual calls and chat with real life mermaids! The month of May also included various mermaid themed activities that the community could do from the comfort of their own home.
- Mother's Day Grams similar program to Valentine's Day
- Virtual Boards and Brushes event. Members of the Community purchased take home kits with all the supplies needed to create a work of art! A zoom class with live step by step instruction was also included.
- The Second Virtual Neighborhood Watch meeting was hosted with Recreation and Public Safety.
- Virtual "Heart-tastic" event in lieu of the annual Artastic! Event was hosted. Local artist were able to compete in an art competition where they created Hearts describing what the heart of Norwalk means to them. Winners will be able to display their artwork on a large heart placed in a median along a busy corridor.
- Installation of new weight room floors, mirrors and weight equipment (after being damaged by a flood) at the NASC Weight Room.

- Father's Day Grams similar program to Valentine's Day
- "Returntorec" social media campaign highlighting all the in person Recreation programs starting July 7, 2021.
- The City welcomed Los Angeles County Department of Public Health to the Norwalk Arts and Sports Complex to host a free, walk up, vaccine clinic.
- o Covid-19 vaccine clinic continues to operate at the Norwalk Arts and Sports Complex.

#### Future projects in planning stage:

- New Playground at Holifield Park anticipated completion by the end of December, 2021
- New Exercise Room floors at the NASC.
- We are awaiting award notification for Prop 68 funds which would be, if awarded, \$8.5 million dollars to renovate Hermosillo Park.

#### **Community Development:**

#### Administration and Economic Development

- Issued department-wide requests for proposals for a variety of services, including on-call building and planning services, on-call appraisal services, design services and a new online permitting software.
- Managed all department agreements and budget to facilitate all division activities and objectives.

#### <u>Planning</u>

- On a daily basis, Planning Division staff assisted the public with inquiries about zoning requirements and processed administrative approvals, such as two Animal Permits, thirty Home Occupation Permits, two Temporary Sign Permits, two Site Plan approvals for new residences, and Building Plan Check approvals.
- Processed thirteen entitlements, which require Planning Commission approval, for development plans, conditional use permits, and signs, some of which include:
  - ✓ Expansion of an existing commercial space to include an outdoor dining patio and alcohol sale and service for The Blazin' Claw located at the Norwalk Town Square;
  - ✓ Construction of a 4-unit residential apartment building;
  - ✓ Construction of a 3-story self-storage facility and associated improvements west of the existing Lowe's site;
  - ✓ Modification of an existing entitlement at the Norwalk Fitness Village to include a drive-through Chipotle;
  - ✓ Construction and operation of a 60-foot tall wireless telecommunications facility disguised as a mono-eucalyptus tree;
  - ✓ Establishment of a Housing and Building Appeals Board and alteration to processing of appeals to administrative citations (Text Amendment);
  - ✓ Adoption of the Heart of Norwalk Vision Plan; and
  - ✓ Continued discussions and scoping of the Housing Element Update.
- Actions that were considered by the Planning Commission and City Council include: Economic Development Opportunities Plan, 2020 - Norwalk General Plan and Housing Element Annual Progress Report, which was transmitted to the State Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD) and to the Office of Planning and Research (OPR) and a targeted Zoning Code Update intended to facilitate Economic Development;

- and the Heart of Norwalk Vision Plan. Also, the City Council gave final approval on such applications as Text Amendments to help facilitate some of the projects listed above.
- Our Planning Division assisted in several programs related to maintaining and expanding economic development and viability of our City during the pandemic. The Planning Division designed and implemented the Temporary Outdoor Operations permit for businesses to continue to operate during the pandemic. In addition, staff participated in canvassing the business community to publicize efforts for Small Business Loans and Temporary Outdoor Operations visiting over 1,100 local businesses to share information about city programs and services. A total of twenty five Temporary Outdoor Operations permits were issued to local businesses to enable them to continue to operate during the pandemic.

#### **Housing Authority**

- Conducted eligibility interviews from the Section 8 and Soroptimist Village waiting lists and provided housing assistance to six hundred and twenty-five (625) households.
- Extended the Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) contract with Soroptimist Village for an additional five (5) years.
- Opened the Waitlist for Soroptimist Village and received two hundred (200) new applicants.
- Conducted landlord outreach via advertisements in the Norwalk Now and all City social media to educate the landlord community and promote greater participation in the Section 8 program.
- o Implemented limited homeless preference and processed seven (7) homeless referrals.
- o Implemented the Signing Bonus program to encourage landlord acceptance of vouchers using HOME funds.
- Assisted seventy-five (75) households through the Homelessness Prevention and Rapid Re-housing program (HPRP).
- o Conducted HUD required fingerprinting in house with our new equipment from NCR.
- Leased up eleven (11) Mainstream vouchers with referrals from HOPE and Kingdom Cause Bellflower.
- o Administered the Family Self-Sufficiency program for the thirteen (13) allotted slots.
- Signed a MOU with LAHSA to receive referrals for forty-six (46) Emergency Housing vouchers (EHV's).

#### CDBG and HOME Programs

- Rehabilitated seventeen (17) homes for low-income households using CDBG and HOME funds by providing \$326,525 of grants and loans.
- Completed development and adoption of 2021 Annual Action Plan.
- Provided job training scholarships to twelve (12) students in the community.
- Completed monitoring of one hundred and sixteen (116) deferred loans under the Home Improvement Program and down payment assistance program and three (3) Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP) loans. The monitoring included a homeowner certification and proof of owner occupancy and monitoring of taxes, insurance and title. NSP monitoring also includes property inspections.
- Completed the CHDO rehabilitation project at Hayford Street with HOPE Inc., that will house three individuals with special needs.

 Provided sixty-one (61) businesses with over half a million dollars in assistance through the Emergency Rental Assistance Program loan program using CDBG-Covid-19 funds, of those twelve (12) also received utility assistance.

#### **Building and Safety**

- Assisted homeowners, developers, contractors and professional designers on a daily basis with inquiries about obtaining permits, and submitting new plans. The total project valuation for this works was over \$111,000,000.
- Answered calls and emails on a daily basis and assisted the public with inquiries related to building and safety.
- o Issued 3,053 permits for building, electrical, mechanical and plumbing projects.
- Coordinated with Code Compliance and other agencies, prepared agency referral documents, collected fees for permits. There were close to 800 plan reviews performed for both Residential and Commercial buildings.
- In response to COVID-19, the following measures were implemented at the B&S Public Counter:
  - ✓ Encouraged the public to schedule an appointment with B&S staff to submit new plans in person or to obtain permits.
- On a daily basis, performed inspections of both commercial and residential building construction to ensure compliance with various Building Codes and with the approved plans. Interacted with contractors, homeowners, and developers and assisted them with building related code questions. They performed over 4,200 inspections related to structural, electrical, mechanical and plumbing plans.
- Responded to emergency situations on weekends and after hours related to fire, car accidents involving crashes into an existing building. Coordinated with Code Compliance on a daily basis regarding various code violations
- Performed 756 plan checks for both Residential and Commercial buildings. Plans included new Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) and conversion of existing garages, new Singlefamily residences, Multi Family dwellings, Room Additions to Single-family residences, Interior Remodeling, Solar Panels for both Residential and Commercial. Pools, Retaining Walls, Building signage, Tenant Improvements for Restaurants and for office buildings. Construction of wireless monopole and storage racks in existing warehouses.

#### Norwalk Transit System:

- Acquired \$89,997 in State of Good Repair Capital funds to support the acquisition of a Fluids Management System and an Inventory/Parts Management System.
- Secured competitive Federal Transit Administration (FTA) grant funding in the amount(s) of \$1,598,146 and \$220,923 in support of acquiring two (2) Zero Emission Replacement Buses and Bus Stop Improvements respectively. Bus Stop improvements to include the installation of 46 Automated Transit Information (ATI) Signs for Route 1.
- On-going progress has been made towards the full implementation of the Norwalk Transit System (NTS) Fixed Route Bus Intelligent Transportation System which includes an automatic vehicle location (AVL) software, computer-aided dispatch (CAD) software; and automated travel information system (ATIS) software that calculates the real-time information. To date, 100% of equipment has been installed on-board buses. The following milestones are left for the duration of the project: Rollout/Adoption, Webpage and IVR, APC/NTD Reports, Training/Delivery of Manuals, Report Generator, System Acceptance Test, Close-Out, Warranty, etc.

- Aacquired three (3) new replacement Dial-a-Ride vans that were delivered in late April 2021 which replaced (3) 2010 Ford Starcraft Allstar Cutaway Class C vans (#7101 thru #7103). Plans to purchase one (1) more van in 2022 to replace a 2010 Ford Starcraft Allstar Cutaway Class C vans (#7104) that has met its useful life minimum requirement, will occur in winter 2021.
- Construction and installation of a Transit Access Pass machine was completed in June 2021 on the westside of the Metrolink Station which allows commuters to purchase a TAP Card, add fare media products (i.e. EZ Pass, Metro Passes, etc.) and to load cash value on to the TAP Card.
- o Provided service to a total of 695,951 passengers on its Fixed Route bus system.
- Provided service to a total of 4,446 passengers on its Senior/Disabled Dial-a-Ride Advanced Reservation accessible vans service, through contract services provided by First Transit, Inc.
- Provided a total of 2,200 Taxi Card/Voucher inter-jurisdictional Dial-a-Ride trips to eligible senior/disabled residents through contract service provided by Fiesta Taxi. Taxi Card/Voucher service is provided to major medical facilities in the cities of Bellflower, Downey, Lakewood, Whittier and Santa Fe Springs.
- Customer Service Center responded to over 1,100 calls each month for information on NTS's transit services and in-take of customer request for follow-up action on complaints, lost-and-found items, etc.
- Staff provided timely submittals of various annual reports including NTD, SRTP, TPM, Metro Forms A-B-C, STA/TDA Claim, LA Metro Operating Subsidy Invoices, etc.
- A total of 73 toys were collected from NTS' Stuff-a-Bus Toy Drive and donated to the Norwalk Social Service's "Angel Tree Program".

#### **Other Accomplishments:**

- City updated its Strategic Plan
- o Continued prefunding the other post-employment benefits (OPEB) through the annual contributions to the irrevocable trust fund.
- Fourth year deposit of \$1.0 million contributed to the Pension Stabilization Trust Account administered by PARS.
- Received the financial reporting excellence award from the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) for the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).
- o City Clerk's Department processed 662 passport applications.

#### LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

#### **Budget**

The City adopts its financial plan annually. The budget preparation process starts by the end of February. The City Manager leads the budget team, which reviews, discusses and revises departmental appropriation requests, supporting data and revenue estimates for all City funds, functions and departments, including component units and capital improvement projects. The City Manager submits the proposed budget to the Finance Committee and the City Council. During multiple study sessions, the City Council reviews the proposed budget document and directs staff to make revisions. The annual budget is adopted during a public hearing no later than June 30<sup>th</sup>.

#### **Capital Asset Replacement and Renovation Reserves**

Funds are set aside annually for the replacement and renovation of City-owned facilities, infrastructure and capital assets. The balance in Capital Asset Replacement and Renovation Reserves at June 30, 2021 was \$9.0 million.

#### **ECONOMIC OUTLOOK**

One year ago, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 outbreak a pandemic, and subsequent efforts to stop the spread of the virus led to an unprecedented decline of the U.S economy as non-essential in-person activities came to a halt. For all of 2020, real GDP fell by 3.5%, the worst annual decline in more than 60 years.

The Anderson Forecast's December 2020 report offered hope of a strong U.S. recovery, dependent on mass vaccinations. With vaccines becoming widely available, the September 2021 forecast anticipates such a recovery, as well as the establishment of a new post-pandemic norm for the economy.

Although California began a significant recovery later than some other states because of its stricter public health interventions, the Anderson Forecast expects the California recovery and expansion, once again, to outpace those of the U.S. as a whole. It points to two factors. First, the delta variant notwithstanding, the state's better public health outcomes should result in a more rapid return to normalcy. Second, the transition to new ways of work and social interaction will disproportionately benefit California through its technology sectors. The leisure and hospitality sector will be the last to recover because of the depth of its decline, the comparatively slow return of demand for restaurant and bar services, and the subsectors dependent upon international tourism.

The recovery will be considerably faster in higher-income technical services and faster in residential construction as California's shortage of housing relative to demand drives new development.

California unemployment annual rates for 2021, 2022 and 2023 anticipated to be 7.6%, 5.6% and 4.4%, respectively. Total employment growth rates for 2021, 2022 and 2023 are expected to be 3.5%, 3.9% and 2.7%, respectively.

The City's finances and its ability to pay for essential services are dependent on the local economy and legislative actions of the Federal and State governments. On March 2020, the federal government enacted the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) to respond to the COVID-19 outbreak and assist local governments providing total of \$150 billion in direct assistance. In March 2021 American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) was signed into law, providing additional \$45.6 billion to metropolitan cities to assist local governments in support of public health response, replacement of revenue loss caused by the pandemic, improvement of water and sewer infrastructure, broadband infrastructure, addressing equity focused services, negative economic impacts, and premium pay for essential workers.

#### MAJOR INITIATIVES FOR THE FUTURE

Following its Strategic Plan, the City continues working diligently in the areas of:

#### Public Safety:

- Apply innovative law enforcement and public safety services;
- Promote park safety and work in partnership with park staff in order to provide activities for the residents:
- Utilize technology and social media to ensure community is up to date with current events and public safety alerts;
- Address public safety concerns through a collaborative relationship between Public Safety, law enforcement, and residents;
- o Law enforcement substations and mobile units and community outreach.

#### Capital Improvement Projects:

- Improve City's aging infrastructure focusing on rehabilitating the City's streets, traffic signal upgrades, sidewalks, median refurbishment and repair, and parks renovation;
- Replace water mains and meters, address the infrastructure needs of the Norwalk Water Municipal System;
- Replace damaged and undersized sewer mains as required by Waste Discharge Requirements;
- o Improve various City facilities, including: bus stops; lighting at public parking facilities;
- Develop citywide Parks, Water and Sewer Master Plans.

#### **Transportation:**

- Micro transportation assessment;
- Shuttle services and Greenline/Metrolink Station express service.

#### Other Initiatives:

- Continue the implementation of the Economic Development Strategy and supporting programs to strengthen existing businesses and attract new business development;
- o Acquisition of governmental agencies' properties for potential development;
- Code amendment to facilitate development;
- Participate in programs that provide support and resources to local small businesses and veterans;
- Implementation of City's Geographical Information System (GIS);
- Continue conducting a positive property maintenance education and improving the quality of neighborhoods and well maintained properties;
- o Department-wide team building and succession planning; ELEVATE Norwalk program to facilitate staff growth and provide excellent customer service.
- Continue to maintain accurate financial records for the successful completion of financial and special compliance audits, including the City, Norwalk Community Facilities Financing Authority, Propositions A, C, Measures R and M, Transportation Development Act (TDA) Article 3, and federal grants;
- Operate within a structurally balanced budget adhering to the highest standards of ethics and accountability.

#### **AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

#### **Awards**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. That was the 34<sup>th</sup> year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### Acknowledgments

The continued dedicated and efficient service of the Finance Department staff is appreciated by all levels of City Management. Our independent auditors, Clifton, Larson, Allen CPA's, provided expertise and advice in preparing an outstanding financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Members of the City Council have continued to express interest and extend support to the Finance Department in the planning of responsible and proactive financial operations for the City of Norwalk. Through the team efforts of its Council members, management and employees, the City expects to continue the current high level of service which is provided to the citizens of our community. Due to the consistent policies of the City Council and each employee's commitment to maintain superior service level standards, the City of Norwalk has been able to maintain a sound financial base from which to operate.

Respectfully submitted,

Jana Stuard

Finance Director / City Treasurer

Jan Spard

#### CITY OF NORWALK LIST OF ELECTED OFFICIALS AND MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

#### **ELECTED OFFICIALS**

Jennifer Perez, Mayor Tony Ayala, Vice Mayor Rick Ramirez, Councilmember Margarita L. Rios, Councilmember Ana Valencia, Councilmember

#### **CITY MANAGER AND DEPARTMENT HEADS**

City Manager	Jesus M. Gomez
Deputy City Manager	Richard A. Rojas
City Clerk	
Director of Community Development	John P. Ramirez
Director of Finance/City Treasurer	Jana Stuard
Director of Human Resources/Risk Manager	Carina Montes
Director of Public Safety	Grissel Chavez
Director of Recreation and Park Services	Vacant
Director of Social Services	Gabriela Regalado
Executive Director of Regional Transportation	James C. Parker

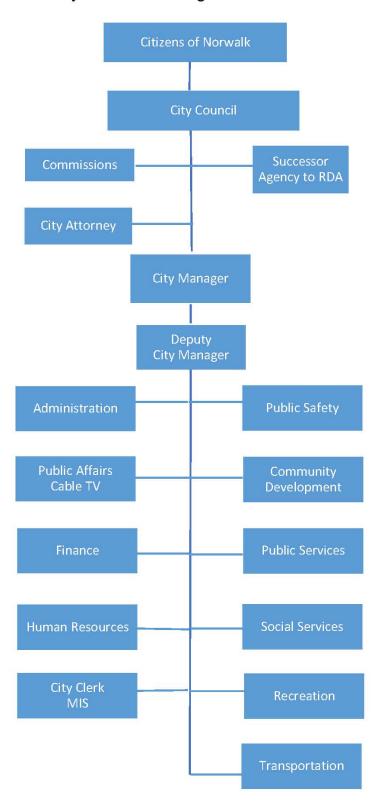
#### RECOGNITION

To the Finance/Accounting staff who have contributed their efforts and expertise in maintaining the program of "Excellence in Financial Reporting".

#### **SPECIAL THANKS**

To the individuals of various departments who have supported and contributed vital information for this report.

### City of Norwalk Organizational Chart





#### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## City of Norwalk California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO







#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Norwalk Norwalk, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Norwalk (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Norwalk, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of Matter

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result of the implementation of this standard, OPEB trust was removed from the financial statements as a fiduciary fund, previously reported agency funds were reclassified to the City's General Fund and beginning fund balance and net position was restated (see Notes 1B and 18). Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

As discussed in Note 18 to the financial statements, the City made restatements to beginning fund balance and net position. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Report on Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios, the schedule of contributions - CalPERS, the schedule of changes in the net OPEB liability and related ratios, the schedule of contributions - OPEB, and the budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund, Housing and Community Development Special Revenue Fund, and Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund, identified as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the Debt Service Fund – Major Fund, the Special Projects Capital Projects Funds – Major Fund, the Economic Development Capital Projects Fund – Major Fund, the Housing Successor Fund Capital Projects Fund – Major Fund, and the Other Federal Grants Capital Projects Fund – Major Fund budgetary comparison schedules, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules (supplementary information), and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Olifton Larson Allen LLP

Irvine, California December 15, 2021

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The management of the City of Norwalk offers the readers of the City's statements this narrative overview, summary and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information furnished in our letter of transmittal and the City's financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City continued to maintain its stable financial position, enabling delivery of appropriate services to the community and undertaking necessary economic development and infrastructure projects.

#### Long-term Economic Resource (Government-wide) Focus:

- At June 30, 2021, the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources were \$391.4 million and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources were \$174.5 million, resulting in net position of \$216.9 million. The majority of the City's net position is invested in capital assets or restricted for specific purposes.
- The City's total net position increased by \$19.3 million primarily due to ARPA fund (\$12.7 million) and increased general fund net position.
- The City's long-term liabilities, due in more than one year, of \$132.8 million increased by \$1.7 million, primarily due to the capital lease of 32 vehicles city-wide. The are comprised of \$34.7 million of outstanding bonded debt to fund various capital improvements of governmental and enterprise activities; \$3.5 million outstanding debt issued to finance the acquisition of capital assets (light poles) and their subsequent retrofit to energy saving fixtures; \$0.9 million in capital lease for city-wide vehicles; \$58.2 million of net pension liability; \$33.2 million of net other postemployment benefit liability; and \$2.3 million of compensated absences.
- The total of the City's capital assets at the end of fiscal year amounted to \$204.7 million. Out of
  this amount \$28.6 million, 14%, are non-depreciable assets, and \$176.1 million are depreciable
  capital assets. Significant portion of the capital assets are infrastructure assets that have been
  funded through various funding sources since the City's incorporation.

#### **Short-term Financial Resource (Fund) Focus:**

- At the close of current fiscal year, the City's Governmental Funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$110.1 million, an increase of \$12.8 million; approximately \$19.6 million of this balance is unassigned.
- At June 30, 2021, the General Fund balance was \$32.9 million, an increase of \$8.9 million or 37% from prior year. The unassigned fund balance increased \$8.5 million due to better than expected results under all general fund major revenue categories and unanticipated intergovernmental revenues received under ARPA.

- The actual General Fund revenues and transfers in totaled \$63.9 million, an increase of \$14.2 million from the prior year. The increase is attributed to: newly voters' approved 0.75% local sales and use tax (Measure P), which generated \$9.0 million in additional revenues; new intergovernmental revenues received under ARPA (\$1.2 million) and CARES Act (\$1.3 million); increased property taxes (\$0.8 million) and other sales taxes (\$1.2 million).
- The actual General Fund expenditures and transfers out of \$54.9 million increased by \$4.2 million from the prior year, primarily due to establishing a new capital reserve fund for street renovation.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Norwalk's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements; 2) Fund financial statements; and 3) Notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's financial position, in a manner similar to that of private-sector business. These statements are reported on the full accrual basis of accounting. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will not affect cash flows until future periods.

The Government-wide Financial Statements separate Governmental Activities that are principally supported by taxes and revenues from other agencies, from Business-type Activities that are intended to recover all, or a significant portion of their costs, through user fees and charges. The Governmental Activities of the City include General Government, Public Safety, Urban Development, Public Works, Culture and Leisure and Health and Welfare. The City's Business-type activities include Water Utility Services, Sewer Services, and Transit System.

The Government-wide Financial Statements include not only the City, but also, all legal entities for which the City is financially accountable. Accordingly, the financial information for the City's Housing Authority (HA) and the Norwalk Community Facilities Financing Authority are included as integral part of the City's financial statements and reported as blended component unit. The Successor Agency to the Norwalk Redevelopment Agency is reported under fiduciary funds.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources; the difference between the four is reported as net position. These assets include infrastructure and all assets previously included in the General Fixed Asset Account Group. The liabilities include all obligations previously reported in the General Long Term Debt Account Group. Evaluating increases or decreases in net position over time will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or declining.

The Statement of Activities presents information on the net cost of each governmental function (activity) during the fiscal year. This statement also identifies the amount of general revenues needed to fully fund each governmental function.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds, and Fiduciary Funds.

Governmental Funds (General Fund, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds) are used to account for the same functions reported as Governmental Activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. However, unlike Government-wide Financial Statements, Fund Financial Statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash an all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. This information may be useful in evaluating the City's short-term financing requirements.

The focus of the Fund Financial Statements is narrower than that of the Government-wide Financial Statements. The governmental funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, require a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between fund statements and the government-wide statements. This reconciliation is required because the government-wide statements are prepared on the full accrual basis of accounting while the fund statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The reconciliation can be found on pages 31 and 35, immediately following the Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for Governmental Funds.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> are Enterprise and Internal Service Funds. The City uses an Enterprise Fund to account for its Water Utility Services, Sewer Services, and Transit System. Internal Service Funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally to various functions. The City uses Internal Service Fund to allocate fleet maintenance and medical and workers' compensation insurance costs.

The proprietary fund statements provide information for the Water, Sewer and Transit funds. All of the Internal Service Funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the Internal Service Funds is provided in the form of combining statements.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the City. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide and primary governmental fund financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. Fiduciary Funds are reported in the financial section.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to the reader for a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and Fund financial statements.

Other Information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's changes in the net pension liability and related ratios, and contributions to the CalPERS pension plans, annual money-weighted rate of return on investment - OPEB, changes in the net OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of contributions - OPEB and information on the budget to actual comparisons for major funds.

The other supplementary information provides combining statements that were referred to earlier in connection with the non-major governmental funds, the non-major proprietary funds and the Internal Service funds. The inclusion of the Statistical Section provides useful historical trend data on the City.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

**Net Position** - Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's combined net position for the year ended June 30, 2021 is shown in Table 1.

Table 1
Net Position
(in Thousands)

		Governmental Activities		Business-type	activities	Total		
		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Assets:								
Current and other assets	\$	148,564 \$	117,340 \$	25,471 \$	20,997 \$	174,035 \$	138,337	
Capital assets	Ψ	143,765	144,357	60,945	60,186	204,710	204,543	
Total assets	-	292,329	261,698	86,416	81,182	378,745	342,880	
	-						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Deferred outflows of resources	_	9,199	8,293	3,473	3,048	12,672	11,341	
Liabilities:								
Long-term liabilities		99,765	99,032	33,029	32,019	132,794	131,051	
Other liabilities	_	33,639	18,165	5,365	2,924	39,004	21,089	
Total liabilities		133,404	117,197	38,394	34,943	171,799	152,141	
	_	_					_	
Deferred inflows of resources	_	776	2,573	1,930	1,859	2,706	4,432	
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets		127,752	132,824	52,517	51,677	180,269	184,501	
Restricted		58,220	49,727	-	-	58,220	49,727	
Unrestricted	_	(18,624)	(32,331)	(2,953)	(4,249)	(21,577)	(36,579)	
Total net position	\$	167,348 \$	150,220 \$	49,564 \$	47,428 \$	216,912 \$	197,648	

The City's Government-wide total net position was \$216.9 million, with total assets and deferred outflows of resources of \$391.5 million, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$174.5 million. The net investment in capital assets was \$180.3 million. Another portion of the City's net position, \$58.2 million, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions in how they may be used. The remaining negative balance of \$21.6 million resulted from long-term liabilities, including bond indebtedness, pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
(in thousands)

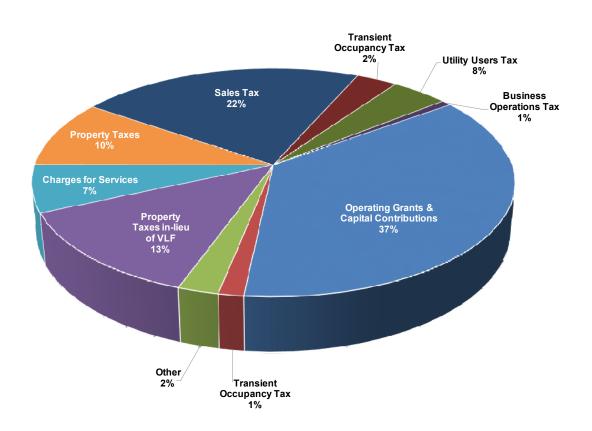
	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	oe activities	Government-Wide Totals			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Revenues:								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 6,720	\$ 6,210	\$ 9,001	\$ 9,721	\$ 15,722	\$ 15,930		
Operating grants and contributions	36,864	30,402	11,751	12,652	48,616	43,053		
Capital grants and contributions	41	656	3,218	2,314	3,259	2,970		
General Revenues:								
Taxes:								
Sales taxes	13,110	11,916			13,110	11,916		
Sales taxes - Measure P	9,040	-			9,040	-		
Property taxes	9,578	8,750			9,578	8,750		
Property tax in-lieu of VLF	12,929	12,296			12,929	12,296		
Utility users taxes	4,454	4,228			4,454	4,228		
Business operations taxes	762	875			762	875		
Transient occupancy taxes	1,481	1,328			1,481	1,328		
Franchise Fee	3,190	3,128			3,190	3,128		
Investment income	2,317	1,502	168	355	2,485	1,857		
Total Revenues	100,486	81,292	24,138	25,042	124,624	106,334		
Expenses:								
General government	11,309	12,355	-	_	11,309	12,355		
Public safety	19,009	18,548	-	-	19,009	18,548		
Urban development	4,728	4,901	_	-	4,728	4,901		
Public works	22,717	25,197	_	-	22,717	25,197		
Culture and leisure	2,985	4,648	-	-	2,985	4,648		
Health and welfare	19,381	17,737	-	_	19,381	17,737		
Interest and fiscal charges	1,083	1,094	-	-	1,083	1,094		
Bond issue costs	-	387	-	-	-	387		
Transit			17,218	17,684	17,218	17,684		
Water			5,079	5,496	5,079	5,496		
Sewer			1,849	1,898	1,849	1,898		
Total Expenses	81,213	84,866	24,147	25,078	105,360	109,944		
Excess (deticiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	19,273	(3,574)	(9)	(36)	19,264	(3,610)		
Transfers	(2,145)	(2,105)	2,145	2,105				
Change in net position	17,128	(5,679)	2,136	2,069	19,264	(3,610)		
Net position - beginning of year*	150,220	155,899	47,428	45,359	197,648	201,258		
Net position - ending of year	\$ 167,348	\$ 150,220	\$ 49,564	\$ 47,428	\$ 216,912	\$ 197,648		
* as restated								

#### **Governmental Activities**

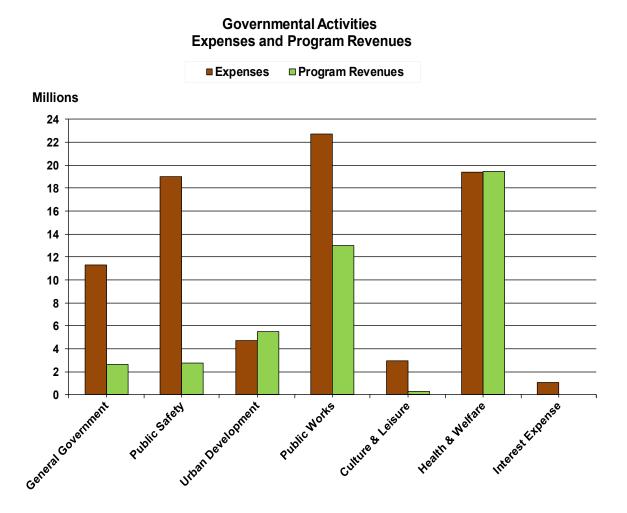
Revenues for the City's governmental activities increased \$19.1 million or 24%, to \$100.5 million from last fiscal year's restated results of \$81.3. Key elements of significant changes are as follows:

- Sales tax increased by a combined total of \$10.2 million due in large part to implementation of Measure P sales tax, \$9.0 million.
- Operating grants and capital contributions at \$36.9 million, increased \$5.8 million, or 19%, from the preceding fiscal year. This increase can be attributed to additional funding such as: CARES, ARPA, Measure W, low-moderate housing, childcare and senior nutrition programs.
- Property value derived revenues, such as property tax in lieu of vehicle license fees and no/low property taxes, increased by a combined total of \$1.4 million, as property values increased.

#### **Governmental Activities - Revenues by Source**



The cost of all governmental activities was \$81.2 million. Program revenues funded \$43.6 million, or 54% of governmental activities. The remaining portion of governmental activities was paid with general revenues.



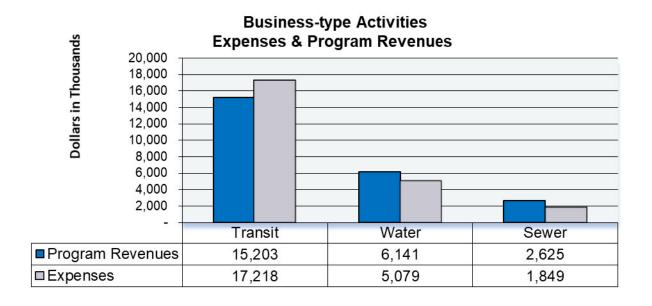
- Public Works, was the largest category of governmental activities, at \$22.7 million, it represented 28% of the total expenses; decreasing \$2.5 million from the prior fiscal year. The decrease in current year expense is related to capital projects and decrease in special revenue offsets. Program revenues funded approximately \$13.0 million of public works expenses.
- Health and Welfare was the second largest expense category. During fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, these expenses represented \$19.4 million, or 24% of governmental activities. Expenses were fully funded by program revenues, the remaining \$0.1 million in revenues will be used in the upcoming fiscal year. Expenses increased from the preceding fiscal year by \$1. million, or 5%, primarily due to additional funding for child development programs.

- Public Safety expense category was the third largest at \$19.0 million, or 23% of governmental activities, of which approximately \$2.7 million was funded with program revenues. Expenses for this category increased by \$0.7 million, or 4% from the prior fiscal year largely due to increases in the Los Angeles County Sheriff's contract.
- General Government, the fourth largest category of governmental activities, recorded expenses at \$11.3 million; it represented 14% of total governmental expenses. Program revenues funded \$2.6 million. Expenses in this category recorded a decrease of \$1.0 million, or 8%. This decrease is related to decrease in Pension \$0.7 million), compensated absence (\$0.4) and OPEB (\$0.1) expense from the prior fiscal year.
- Urban Development was the fifth largest governmental activity with \$4.7 million in expenses, or 6% of governmental activities. Expenses were fully funded by program revenues and remaining \$0.7 million of program revenues will be used in the upcoming fiscal year. Expenses increased \$0.2 million from the prior fiscal year and are related to increases in Housing and Community Development programs.

#### **Business-type Activities**

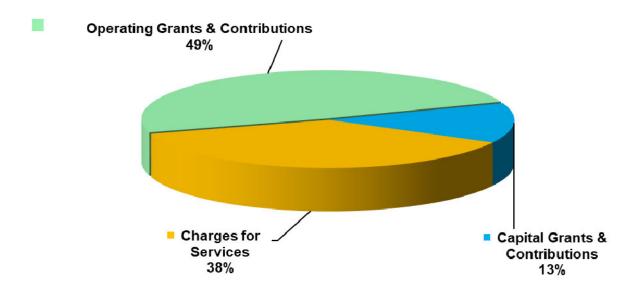
The City's business type activities are Transit, Water, and Sewer. As of June 30, 2021, total net position of Business-type activities was \$49.6 million, out of which, the unrestricted net position represented a negative \$2.9 million; net investment in capital assets represented \$52.5 million. Total net position increased \$2.1 million.

The graph below presents the costs of business activities and associated program revenues. Total program revenues of Business-type activities were \$24 million, a decrease of \$0.7 million, primarily due to decrease in charges for services under Transit activities.



As shown in the pie chart below, Charges for Services represent 38% of program revenues of Business-type activities. Water and Sewer are 100% funded through service charges. The Operating Grants and Contributions received by Transit represent 49% of the total program revenues received by Business-type activities.

#### **Business-type Activities Revenue by Source**



#### Transit System

Total Transit System revenues of \$15.2 million, decreased by \$1.1 million from the prior fiscal year.

Charges for services of \$0.2 million, decreased by \$1.1 million. This drastic decrease in revenue collection is a result of fare less initiative County-wide implemented by Transit System during the COVID-19 pandemic. Operating grants and contributions were \$11.8 million, a decrease of \$0.9 million, primarily due to decrease in state operating grants. Capital grants and contributions of \$3.2 million recorded an increase of \$0.9 million for the purchase of three electric buses and three passenger vans.

Total expenses of \$17.2 million recorded a decrease of \$0.5 million, or 3%, from the previous fiscal year.

Transit's net position of \$6.1 million, increased by \$0.2 million from the prior year.

#### Water System

Revenues totaled \$6.1 million, an increase of 6% from the previous year, despite no collection of delinquent charges during the fiscal year. Expenses of \$5.1 million, are consistent with the preceding fiscal year. Consumption and service charges at \$6.1 million represented 99% of total revenues.

Water Fund total net position of \$17.4 million increased \$1.1 million from the prior fiscal year.

Additional information about water sources, service connections, charges for services, top ten largest customers, as well as historic balance sheets, and operating results is detailed under the statistical section of this report.

#### Sewer

In fiscal year 2020-21, operating revenues totaled \$2.6 million, while operating expenses were \$1.9 million. Total net position of the Sewer Fund is \$26.1 million, out of which, \$8.4 million is unrestricted.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. In compliance with GASB No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" which establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for all governments that report governmental funds, fund balances are classified into fund balance information. It hopes to provide more transparent fund balance information and improve the comparability of governmental fund financial statements. With the implementation of GASB No. 54, the City's governmental funds fund balances are classified into nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. These spendable resources are restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances. Detailed discussion of each fund classifications can be found under the Notes to Financial Statements.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Norwalk reported a combined ending Governmental Funds fund balance of \$110.1 million, an increase of \$12.8 million, or 13%, from the prior year's restated combined fund balance of \$97.3 million.

The nonspendable portion of Governmental Funds fund balance totaled \$4.2 million, a decrease of \$1.0 million or 18% from the prior year's restated balance. This decrease is due to the repayment of principal on the Successor Agency Metro loan and water fund advance.

Total restricted fund balance was \$76.5 million, an increase of \$3.1 million. The restricted balance comprises of \$18.7 million under Special Revenue Funds, restricted by their funding nature; \$51.8 million is restricted for Capital Projects, \$1.2 million for Debt Service; and \$4.8 million for pension stabilization fund.

Total committed fund balance was \$9 million to finance replacement of City assets. During the current fiscal year the city created the Street Renovation fund (\$3.1 million) to address street infrastructure needs city wide.

The assigned fund balance of \$0.8 million, out of which City assigned \$0.4 million for future capital improvement projects; and the remainder represents funds donated to the City for specific health and welfare programs and activities.

The combined unassigned fund balance of Governmental Funds is \$19.6 million and is available for spending to meet the future needs of the City.

Revenues of governmental funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were \$97.3 million. This is an increase of \$14 million, or 17%, from the prior fiscal year's total of \$83.2 million. The primary contributors to this increase are: taxes (\$12 million), intergovernmental revenues (\$4.2 million) these are offset by declines in other revenue sources such as: use of money and property (\$2.3 million), charges for services (\$0.6 million) and other revenues (\$0.3 million).

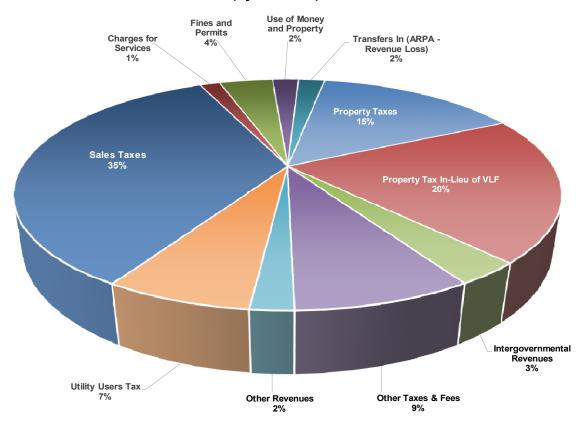
The significant increase in taxes is related to revenues generated by the newly voter approved local sales tax (Measure P) of 0.75%, which brought in \$9.0 million in new revenues. Additional new revenues received under Governmental funds are intergovernmental revenues (CARES Act, ARPA and Measure W). Measure W, the ½ cent tax authorized in Los Angeles County for the Safe Clean Water Program, generated \$1.1 million this fiscal year.

Expenditures of governmental funds were \$83.5 million. This is an increase of \$6.0 million, or 8% from the prior fiscal year. This overall increase in expenditures is attributed to combination of increases under child care programs, \$1 million; Los Angeles County Sheriff's services, \$1.1 million; senior nutrition programs, \$0.4 million; and the Capital Outlay and improvement projects city wide, \$7.0 million. The increases are offset by expenditure decrease under public works (\$2.6 million) and culture and leisure (\$1.4 million).

<u>The General Fund</u> is the principal operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all discretionary revenues and expenditures necessary to carryout basic government functions that are not accounted for through other special revenue and grant funds. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$23.2 million, assigned fund balance was \$0.8 million, restricted fund balance \$4.8 million, and non-spendable fund balance was \$4.2 million. These resulted in total General fund balance of \$32.9 million. The key factors affecting the General Fund's financial position are as follows:

General Fund revenues and transfers in totaled \$63.9 million, an increase of \$14.2 million or 29%, from the prior year's total of \$49.6 million. This substantial increase resulted primarily from: the newly voters approved Measure P, 0.75% local sales tax, which took effect in July 2020 (\$9.0 million); and federal funding received from CARES Act and ARPA (\$1.3 million each).

#### General Fund Revenues (by Sources)



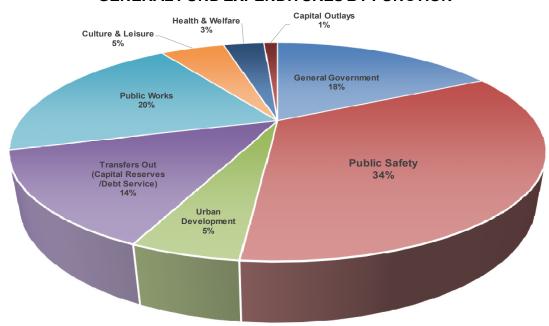
Taxes and franchise fees represent 85% of the General Fund revenues and are the largest revenue source. They include following categories: sales taxes, property tax in-lieu of vehicle license fees (VLF), property taxes, utility users' tax and other taxes and fees.

- Sales taxes represent the largest General Fund revenue category, which brought in a combined total of \$22.2 million (35% of total General Fund revenues). In addition to the \$13.1 million generated by 1% sales tax (\$1.2 million over prior year receipts), effective June 2020, the City started receiving the additional 0.75% of local use and sales tax, approved by Norwalk voters in November 2019 (Measure P). This new revenue source brought in \$9.0 million in revenues and is the main contributor to the positive General Fund revenue results. Despite COVID-19 pandemic, sales taxes generated by State and County Pools allocations and General Consumer Goods categories outperformed prior year results.
- Property tax in-lieu of VLF represented the second largest revenue source at \$12.9 million, or 20% of General Fund revenues. This revenue source increased \$0.6 million, 5%, from fiscal year 2020. The increase in property tax in-lieu of VLF is due to the increased property values within the City.

- Property taxes came in third at \$9.6 million, representing 15% of the General Fund revenues, an increase of \$0.8 million, from last year's total. City receives No/Low property tax, property tax apportionment from the Los Angeles County for the former South-East Recreation Park Area, and taxes generated by the former redevelopment agencies. Each of these components recorded an increase in revenue from prior fiscal year.
- Other taxes and franchise fees were the fourth largest revenue source at \$5.4 million, or 9% of General Fund revenues. These revenues include franchise fees, transient occupancy, business, and real property transfer taxes. All categories, but business licenses, contributed to the combined revenue increase of \$0.2 million, or 2% from prior year. Due to the pandemic, business licenses dropped by \$0.1 million.
- Utility users tax came in fifth at \$4.5 million or 7% of the total General Fund revenues, an
  increase of \$0.2 million from last year's total. The City collects utility user tax based on the
  consumption of utility services such as electricity, gas, telephone, and wireless services. The
  main increase in utility user tax collection was recorded under electricity utility.

General Fund expenditures and transfers out totaled \$54.9 million, an increase of \$4.2 million, or 8%, from the prior year's total of \$50.7 million.

#### **GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION**



Expenditures by function from highest to lowest are summarized as follows:

- Public Safety was the largest General Fund function at \$18.7 million, or 34% of General Fund expenditures and transfers out, an increase of \$1.0 million, or 5%, from the preceding fiscal year. Main contributor to this increase is the Los Angeles County Sheriff's contract and the enhancement of Sheriff's services by adding a motorcycle sergeant and a supplemental lieutenant.
- Public Works ranked second at \$11.0 million, or 20% of the General Fund expenditures and transfers out. This category increased by \$0.5 million or 5% from prior year. This change can be primarily attributed to funding for parking structure operations deficit (\$0.4 million).
- General Government (City Council, City Commissions, Administration, City Attorney, Management Services, Public Affairs, Cable TV, City Clerk's Office, Human Resources and Risk Management, Finance, and Management Information Systems) was the third largest General Fund function at \$9.7 million, or 18%, of the General Fund expenditures and transfers out. The fiscal year expense remains unchanged from the previous year.
- Transfers Out (to capital reserves and debt service funds) represented the fourth largest expenditure category at \$7.6 million, or 14%, of the General Fund expenditures and transfers out. This category increased \$4.3 million or 129% from the prior fiscal year. The current fiscal year City increased funding by \$1.1 million for the existing capital reserve funds (playground equipment, Sports complex equipment, computer, and vehicle and building renovation); and established the new street renovation capital reserve fund with a transfer of \$3.1 million.

<u>Housing and Community Development Special Revenue Fund</u> accounts for the City's entitlements of the Federal Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and HOME program. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) provides annual allocations of CDBG and HOME funds that can be used to revitalize neighborhoods, prevent or eliminate slums or blight, expand affordable housing and economic opportunities, and improve community facilities and services, principally to benefit low and moderate income households.

In fiscal year 2020-21, CDBG received entitlement grant in the amount of \$0.8 million, CARES funding of \$0.7 million and program income (proceeds of repayments of HUD funded loans) of \$0.2 million. In addition, the City also received HOME grant entitlement in the amount of \$130 thousand, and the program income generated by the repayment of HOME funded loans, \$108 thousand.

The City expended \$1.8 million of CDBG funds on 17 activities. HOME expenditures totaled \$238 thousand for the year, out of which \$32 thousand was spent for home repairs.

<u>Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund</u> accounts for costs to assist low and moderate income families in securing affordable rents. Funding is provided by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. In fiscal year 2020-21, the Housing Authority received \$9.1 million in revenue, which included \$0.6 million in additional CARES Act funding. Approximately 604 families are currently enrolled in the Section 8 program.

American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Special Revenue Fund accounts for the City's allocation of the of the Federal ARPA funding. The City's allocation will total \$28.0 million and can be used for a variety of purposes including revenue replacement for losses related to the COVID-19 health emergency, premium pay for essential workers, investments in water and sewer capital projects and assistance to small business and households. During Fiscal year 2020-21 the city received \$14.0 million, of this amount \$1.3 million was used for loss of revenues due to COVID 19 health emergency.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> accounts for payment of the City's general long-term debt. Detail on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7.

<u>Special Projects Capital Projects Funds</u> account for construction of city-wide street improvements, which are funded by bond proceeds, loans, federal and county grants. Expenditures of \$4.8 million funded 19 capital improvement projects. Change in fund balance was a net decrease of \$4.0 million, which can be attributed to the use of 2019 sales tax revenue bond proceeds Series A and B for street repair.

<u>Economic Development Capital Projects Funds</u> accounts for accumulated resources received from the Former Redevelopment Agency for remaining bond proceeds. The proceeds will be used according to the bond covenant for economic development capital projects. During the fiscal year 2020-21 \$0.2 million was spent on capital improvement projects.

<u>Housing Successor Fund Capital projects Funds</u> accounts for the accumulated resources received from the former Redevelopment Agency's Housing Bond Proceeds fund, income, and expenses related to low and moderate housing. During the fiscal year 2020-21 \$0.4 million was spent on various projects.

<u>Other Federal Grants Capital Projects Funds</u> account for 10 traffic mitigation projects funded by federal grants. The fund balance decreased by \$1.5 million and is correlated to an increase in project activity, which are currently awaiting federal reimbursement.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The following table displays the General Fund's original budget, final budget and actual results for 2021 revenues and expenditures. Actual revenues and transfers in were \$5.1 million, 9% higher, than the City's final budget of \$58.7 million. All taxes and franchise fees, but business licenses, outperformed the estimates. Property and sales taxes were among the revenue categories that were over the budget for a combined total of \$2.4 million. In addition, the City received \$1.3 million ARPA allocation for the loss of revenues for expenses incurred during the fiscal year, which was not anticipated when the budget was prepared. Expenditures and transfers out were lower by \$3.0 million than the final budget of \$57.9 million, or 5% under budget. The budget savings were realized under the following: personnel costs (\$2.1 million), capital outlay (\$0.2 million), and other operating cost (\$0.7 million).

Table 3
General Fund Budgetary Comparison
(in thousands)

	Original Budget		Fin	al Budget	Actual Amount	
Revenues	\$	53,246	\$	58,708	\$ 62,565	
Expenditures	(49,411)		(50,252)		(47,300)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		22		22	1,264	
Transfers out	(4,628)			(7,647)	(7,645)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (770)		\$	831	\$ 8,884	

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

<u>Capital Assets.</u> The City's investment in a broad range of capital assets for Governmental and Business-type Activities remains consistent from the prior fiscal year, as additional assets offset the current year depreciation. As of June 30, 2021 capital assets net depreciation totaled \$204.7 million.

Table 4
Capital Assets – Net of Depreciation
June 30, 2021 and 2020

	Governmen	Governmental Activities		pe activities	Total			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 7,157,368	\$ 6,964,636	\$ 23,125	\$ 23,125	\$ 7,180,493	\$ 6,987,761		
Construction in progress	11,686,764	7,114,132	1,337,967	6,799,080	13,024,731	13,913,212		
Water rights	-	-	8,396,581	8,396,581	8,396,581	8,396,581		
Total capital assets not being depreciate	18,844,132	14,078,768	9,757,673	15,218,786	28,601,805	29,297,554		
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	53,071,945	53,071,945	15,206,546	15,206,546	68,278,491	68,278,491		
Distribution system	-	-	20,902,450	15,856,319	20,902,450	15,856,319		
Machinery and equipment	8,295,551	6,863,505	-	-	8,295,551	6,863,505		
Office equipment	-	-	853,739	853,739	853,739	853,739		
Vehicles	-	-	20,120,906	18,064,337	20,120,906	18,064,337		
Tools and equipment	-	-	2,622,745	2,425,477	2,622,745	2,425,477		
Infrastructure	283,123,077	281,120,842	48,939,003	47,635,392	332,062,080	328,756,234		
Miscellaneous	-	-	122,504	133,118	122,504	133,118		
Total capital assets being depreciated	344,490,573	341,056,292	108,767,893	100,174,928	453,258,466	441,231,220		
Less: Total accumulated depreciation	(219,569,369)	(210,777,664)	(57,580,827)	(55,207,833)	(277,150,196)	(265,985,497)		
Net Capital Assets, being depreciated	124,921,204	130,278,628	51,187,066	44,967,095	176,108,270	175,245,723		
Net Capital Assets	\$ 143,765,336	\$ 144,357,396	\$ 60,944,739	\$ 60,185,881	\$ 204,710,075	\$ 204,543,277		

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Non-Current Liabilities. At June 30, 2021, the City had \$136.3 million in outstanding long-term liabilities for governmental and business-type activities.

Table 5
Non-Current Liabilities as of June 30, 2021 and 2020
(In thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	ype Activities	Total			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Compensated absences	\$ 2,359	\$ 2,621	\$ 597	\$ 561	\$ 2,956	\$ 3,182		
Other post-employment benefits	24,265	22,777	8,922	9,754	33,187	32,531		
Lease payable	3,701	3,927	-	-	3,701	3,927		
Capital Lease payable	1,051	-	38	-	1,089	-		
Bond indebtedness	29,047	31,459	8,105	8,335	37,152	39,794		
Net pension liability	42,492	41,166	15,716	13,722	58,208	54,888		
Total non current liabilities	\$102,914	\$101,949	\$33,377	\$ 32,372	\$136,291	\$134,322		

The City's total non-current liabilities increased by \$2.0 million, or 2%, during fiscal year 2021. The increase is due to capital leases for 32 vehicles city-wide (\$1.1 million) and net pension liabilities (\$3.3 million) offset by principal payment on bond indebtedness and lease payable (\$2.8 million).

Additional information on the City's long-term liabilities can be found in Note numbers 7, 8 and 11 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Outlook for Next Fiscal Year**

The City's finances and the ability to pay for essential services are heavily dependent on local economy and legislative actions of the Federal and State governments, as a substantial portion of the City's revenues are intergovernmental grants and pass-through revenues.

The latest "California Fiscal Outlook", published by the State of California Legislative Analyst Office (LAO) in November 2021 states despite the ongoing global pandemic and its disparate health and economic impacts on Californians revenues are growing at historic rates and LAO estimates the state will have a \$31 billion surplus (resources in excess of current law commitments) to allocate in 2022-23.

The City will continue to monitor Federal and State budget development as they affect a substantial portion of the City's intergovernmental funding sources.

The City adopted fiscal year 2021-22 operating budget, which is both balanced and fiscally responsible. This spending plan enhances public safety services and maintains other essential

services to the community. It continues to provide funding to stimulate local economy through various economic development, infrastructure improvement and beautification projects throughout the City.

The key assumptions for the General Fund fiscal year 2021-22 Budget are:

- The adopted operating budget includes is balanced with no use of available reserves. The
  available fund balance is planned to be used for one-time expenditures: special studies, capital
  outlays, capital projects, transfers to capital reserve funds, and contributions to postemployment benefit irrevocable trust fund. 2021-22 Budget maintains General Fund reserves
  within the City's reserve policy, at 20% of operating expenditures.
- The General Fund Unassigned Budgetary Fund Balance is projected to be \$12.3 million as of June 30, 2022. This amount represents 21% of the operational & minor capital outlays expenditures.

The following table summarizes the General Fund 21-22 Adopted Budget.

General Fund Balance	Budget 2022
Estimated Revenues	60,059,050
Less Expenditures:	
Personnel Cost	(29,518,954)
Sheriff's Contract	(16,790,759)
Other Operations & Maintenance	(11,645,416)
Debt Service	(1,614,267)
Minor Capital Outlays	(291,150)
Operating Expenses	(59,860,546)
Net Operating Surplus (Deficit)	198,504
Other Expenditures (Transfers to Capital Reserves and Pension Trust)	(5,300,000)
Unassigned Balance, Start of Year	16,270,475
Change in Reserve Balances	1,163,906
Estimated Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	12,332,885

#### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Norwalk's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Norwalk, Finance Department, 12700 Norwalk Blvd., Norwalk, California, 90650, or by phone at (562) 929-5750.

#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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#### CITY OF NORWALK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 93,804,439	\$ 22,333,848	\$ 116,138,287
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents	21,554,950	3	21,554,953
Cash and Investments Held by Trust for Pension	4,759,234	-	4,759,234
Accounts Receivable	1,359,311	1,160,205	2,519,516
Interest Receivable	898,027	-	898,027
Other Receivables	7,403	-	7,403
Due from Other Governments	9,924,103	4,008,100	13,932,203
Due from Successor Agency	61,116	-	61,116
Advances to Successor Agency	6,880,543	-	6,880,543
Internal Balances	2,158,246	(2,158,246)	-
Inventory	140,390	127,319	267,709
Prepaid Items and Deposits	32,544	-	32,544
Loans Receivable	6,983,460	-	6,983,460
Capital Assets:			
Nondepreciable	18,844,132	9,757,673	28,601,805
Depreciable, Net of Accumulated Deprecation	124,921,204	51,187,066	176,108,270
Total Assets	292,329,102	86,415,968	378,745,070
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Amounts from OPEB Plans	3,337,528	1,333,854	4,671,382
Deferred Amounts from Pension Plans	5,782,347	2,138,679	7,921,026
Unamortized Loss on Bond Defeasance	79,441	-	79,441
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	9,199,316	3,472,533	12,671,849
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	8,462,490	3,610,172	12,072,662
Accrued Expenses	123,549	472,051	595,600
Interest Payable	117,716	38,477	156,193
Other Liabilities	226,551	37,181	263,732
Due to Other Governments	7,840,315	-	7,840,315
Deposits Payable	879,145	170,067	1,049,212
Unearned Revenue	12,840,868	688,984	13,529,852
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	3,148,732	347,969	3,496,701
Due in More than One Year:			
Other Long-Term Liabilities	33,008,427	8,391,592	41,400,019
Net OPEB Liability	24,265,197	8,921,694	33,186,891
Net Pension Liability	42,491,504	15,716,036	58,207,540
Total Liabilities	133,404,494	38,394,223	171,798,717
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	207.004	4 004 450	0.500.000
Deferred Amounts from OPEB Plans	697,864	1,901,159	2,599,023
Deferred Amounts from Pension Plans	78,166	28,911	107,077
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	776,030	1,930,070	2,706,100
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	107 750 256	52,516,818	100 060 174
·	127,752,356	52,510,616	180,269,174
Restricted:	4.750.004		4.750.004
Pension	4,759,234	-	4,759,234
Public Safety	381,040	-	381,040
Urban Development	26,897,282	-	26,897,282
Public Works	23,948,511	-	23,948,511
Public Art	414,407	-	414,407
Culture and Leisure	415,289	-	415,289
Health and Welfare	195,043	-	195,043
Debt Service	1,209,015	-	1,209,015
Unrestricted	(18,624,283)	(2,952,610)	(21,576,893)
Total Net Position	\$ 167,347,894	\$ 49,564,208	\$ 216,912,102

#### CITY OF NORWALK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Program Revenues						
		Charges Operating Capit						
		for		Grants and		C	Frants and	
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		Services	s Contributions		Co	ontributions	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	 							
General Government	\$ 11,308,923	\$	2,402,382	\$	219,783	\$	-	
Public Safety	19,009,188		1,131,942		1,613,664		-	
Urban Development	4,728,224		2,183,063		3,285,929		-	
Public Works	22,717,145		316,521		12,646,863		41,010	
Culture and Leisure	2,985,333		297,017		-		-	
Health and Welfare	19,381,336		389,550		19,097,924		-	
Interest Expense	 1,083,084							
Total Governmental Activities	81,213,233		6,720,475		36,864,163		41,010	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Transit System	17,218,130		234,374		11,751,454		3,217,655	
Water	5,079,180		6,141,485		-		-	
Sewer	1,849,459		2,625,416		-		-	
Total Business-Type Activities	24,146,769		9,001,275		11,751,454		3,217,655	
Total Primary Government	\$ 105,360,002	\$	15,721,750	\$	48,615,617	\$	3,258,665	

#### CITY OF NORWALK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	C	hanges in Net Position	on
	Governmental	Business-Type	
Functions/Programs	Activities	Activities	Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
General Government	\$ (8,686,758)	\$ -	\$ (8,686,758)
Public Safety	(16,263,582)	-	(16,263,582)
Urban Development	740,768	-	740,768
Public Works	(9,712,751)	-	(9,712,751)
Culture and Leisure	(2,688,316)	-	(2,688,316)
Health and Welfare	106,138	-	106,138
Interest Expense	(1,083,084)	_	(1,083,084)
Total Governmental Activities	(37,587,585)	-	(37,587,585)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES			
Transit System	-	(2,014,647)	(2,014,647)
Water	_	1,062,305	1,062,305
Sewer	_	775,957	775,957
Total Business-Type Activities	-	(176,385)	(176,385)
Total Primary Government	(37,587,585)	(176,385)	(37,763,970)
GENERAL REVENUES			
Taxes:			
Property Taxes	9,577,756	-	9,577,756
Utility Users Taxes	4,454,135	-	4,454,135
Business Operation Taxes	761,811	-	761,811
Transient Occupancy Taxes	1,480,676	-	1,480,676
Franchise Fees	3,189,648	-	3,189,648
Unrestricted Intergovernmental	12,928,583	-	12,928,583
Intergovernmental Revenue - Sales Taxes	13,110,164	-	13,110,164
Intergovernmental Revenue - Measure P Sales Tax	9,040,237	-	9,040,237
Investment Income	2,317,163	167,520	2,484,683
TRANSFERS	(2,144,797)	2,144,797	· -
Total General Revenues and Transfers	54,715,376	2,312,317	57,027,693
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	17,127,791	2,135,932	19,263,723
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated	150,220,103	47,428,276	197,648,379
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 167,347,894	\$ 49,564,208	\$ 216,912,102

#### CITY OF NORWALK BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS	General Fund	Housing and Community Development Special Revenue Fund	Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund	American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	Special Projects Capital Projects Funds
		<b>*</b> 007.444		<b>*</b> 40 000 505	•	
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents	\$ 22,056,217	\$ 267,111	\$ 2,192,247	\$ 12,692,597	\$ - 1,209,015	\$ 51,644 20,345,935
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents  Cash and Investments Held by Trust for Pension	4,759,234	-	-	-	1,209,015	20,343,933
Accounts Receivable, Net	1,297,593	4,790	56,788	_	_	_
Interest Receivable	166,778	731,249	-	_	_	_
Other Receivable	7,403	-	_	_	_	_
Due from Other Funds	1,136,747	_	_	_	_	_
Due from Other Governments	4,664,239	278,777	1,521	-	-	428,039
Inventory	6,708	· -	· -	-	-	´ -
Prepaid Items	21,228	-	-	-	-	-
Loans Receivable	-	6,983,460	-	-	-	-
Due from Successor Agency	61,116	-	-	-	-	-
Advances to Successor Agency	6,880,543	-	-	-	-	-
Advances to Other Funds	2,158,246					
Total Assets	\$ 43,216,052	\$ 8,265,387	\$ 2,250,556	\$ 12,692,597	\$ 1,209,015	\$ 20,825,618
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$ 4,613,036	\$ 146,623	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,034,064
Due to Other Funds	-	-	252,842	-	-	-
Due to Other Governments	-	7,714,708	128	-	-	-
Deposits Payable	777,715	-	101,430	-	-	-
Other Liabilities	15,518	-	-	-	-	150,450
Unearned Revenue		-	85,269	12,688,465		1,864
Total Liabilities	5,406,269	7,861,331	439,669	12,688,465	-	1,186,378
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenues	4,899,802		56,788			419,085
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,899,802	-	56,788	-	-	419,085
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)						
Nonspendable	4,166,923	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	4,759,234	404,056	1,754,099	-	1,209,015	20,345,935
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	800,005	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	23,183,819			4,132		(1,125,780)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	32,909,981	404,056	1,754,099	4,132	1,209,015	19,220,155
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)						

#### CITY OF NORWALK BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS	Economic Development Capital Projects Fund		Development Fund Capital Capital Projects Projects		Other Federal Grants Capital Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds			Totals
	•	11 010 007	•	10 000 105	•		•	00 000 000	•	00 550 050
Cash and Investments	\$	11,343,037	\$	12,333,165	\$	-	\$	32,622,938	\$	93,558,956
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents		-		-		-		-		21,554,950
Cash and Investments Held by Trust for Pension		-		-		-		-		4,759,234
Accounts Receivable, Net		-		-		-		140		1,359,311
Interest Receivable		-		-		-		-		898,027
Other Receivable		-		-		-		-		7,403
Due from Other Funds		-		-				-		1,136,747
Due from Other Governments		-		-		1,567,836		2,983,691		9,924,103
Inventory		-		-		-		-		6,708
Prepaid Items		-		-		-		5,658		26,886
Loans Receivable		-		-		-		-		6,983,460
Due from Successor Agency		-		-		-		-		61,116
Advances to Successor Agency		-		-		-		-		6,880,543
Advances to Other Funds			_		_				_	2,158,246
Total Assets	\$	11,343,037	\$	12,333,165	\$	1,567,836	\$	35,612,427	\$	149,315,690
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	27,524	\$	73,170	\$	994,830	\$	1,501,327	\$	8,390,574
Due to Other Funds		-		-		513,043		370,862		1,136,747
Due to Other Governments		-		-		-		125,479		7,840,315
Deposits Payable		-		-		-		-		879,145
Other Liabilities		-		-		60,583		-		226,551
Unearned Revenue								65,270		12,840,868
Total Liabilities		27,524		73,170		1,568,456		2,062,938		31,314,200
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable Revenues		-		-		1,567,836		983,038		7,926,549
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		1,567,836		983,038		7,926,549
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		5,658		4,172,581
Restricted		11,315,513		12,259,995		-		24,475,335		76,523,182
Committed		-		· -		-		9,010,524		9,010,524
Assigned		-		-		-		· · ·		800,005
Unassigned		-		-		(1,568,456)		(925,066)		19,568,649
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		11,315,513		12,259,995		(1,568,456)		32,566,451	_	110,074,941
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	11,343,037	\$	12,333,165	\$	1,567,836	\$	35,612,427	_\$	149,315,690

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## CITY OF NORWALK RECONCILIATION TO THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 110,074,941
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to the loss on bond defeasance which is deferred and amortized over the life of the debt. This is reported as an expenditure of current financial resources in the governmental funds at the time of defeasance.		79,441
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount does not include \$0 of internal service fund net capital assets.		
Capital Assets	\$ 363,334,705	
Accumulated Depreciation	(219,569,369)	143,765,336
Accrued interest on long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the governmental funds.		(117,716)
Certain revenues in the governmental funds are unavailable because they are not collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. Those revenues are recognized on the accrual basis in the government-wide		
statements.		7,926,549
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Balances as of June 30, 2021 are:  Compensated Absences (This Amount Does Not Include \$189,358 of Internal Service Fund Compensated Absences)  Lease Revenue Bonds  Sales Tax Bonds  Lease Payable  Capital Lease Payable  Bond Premiums	(2,169,712) (7,725,000) (17,675,000) (3,700,562) (1,050,777) (3,646,750)	(35,967,801)
Pension and OPEB related debt applicable to the City governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are only reported in the Statement of Net Position as the changes in these amounts effects only the government-wide statements for governmental activities:  Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB  Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB  Net OPEB Liability	3,337,528 (697,864) (24,265,197)	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	5,782,347	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	(78,166)	
Net Pension Liability	(42,491,504)	 (58,412,856)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 167,347,894

## CITY OF NORWALK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund	Housing and Community Development Special Revenue Fund	Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund	American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	Special Projects Capital Projects Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 54,543,010	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and Permits	1,544,374	-	-	-	-	-
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	1,011,394	-		<del>.</del>	-	<del>.</del>
Use of Money and Property	502,631	1,301	3,412	4,132	473	4,744
Intergovernmental	2,039,482	1,664,527	9,031,746	1,334,908	-	783,694
Charges for Services	954,078	-	-	-	-	-
Rental Income	731,215	-	-	-	-	-
Other	1,309,465	258,061	25,162			3
Total Revenues	62,635,649	1,923,889	9,060,320	1,339,040	473	788,441
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government	9,661,372	-	-	-	10,230	-
Public Safety	18,731,217	-	-	-	-	-
Urban Development	2,819,874	1,781,331	-	-	-	-
Public Works	10,964,894	-	-	-	-	236,612
Culture and Leisure	2,759,168	-	-	-	-	-
Health and Welfare	1,831,161	49,610	8,518,339	-	-	-
Capital Outlay and Improvement	585,379	6,297	85,829	-	-	4,544,818
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-	2,321,242	_
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	-	-	1,373,455	_
Total Expenditures	47,353,065	1,837,238	8,604,168		3,704,927	4,781,430
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	15,282,584	86,651	456,152	1,339,040	(3,704,454)	(3,992,989)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Capital Lease Issuance	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers In	1,264,282				3,704,889	
Transfers Out	(7,645,476)	_	_	(1,334,908)	3,704,009	_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,381,194)			(1,334,908)	3,704,889	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(0,361,194)	·		(1,334,906)	3,704,669	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	8,901,390	86,651	456,152	4,132	435	(3,992,989)
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year,						
as Restated	24,008,591	317,405	1,297,947		1,208,580	23,213,144
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - END OF YEAR	\$ 32,909,981	\$ 404,056	\$ 1,754,099	\$ 4,132	1,209,015	\$ 19,220,155

# CITY OF NORWALK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Economic Development Capital Projects Fund	Housing Successor Fund Capital Projects Fund	Other Federal Grants Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
REVENUES	_	_	_	_	
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 54,543,010
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	1,544,374
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	-	-	-	-	1,011,394
Use of Money and Property	40,881	51,051	-	227,368	835,993
Intergovernmental	-	-	124,511	20,620,888	35,599,756
Charges for Services	-	-	-	203,396	1,157,474
Rental Income	-	-	-		731,215
Other				256,570	1,849,261
Total Revenues	40,881	51,051	124,511	21,308,222	97,272,477
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government	-	-	-	492,767	10,164,369
Public Safety	-	-	-	227,457	18,958,674
Urban Development	-	94,667	-	-	4,695,872
Public Works	-	-	-	1,518,584	12,720,090
Culture and Leisure	-	-	-	44,213	2,803,381
Health and Welfare	-	-	-	8,856,118	19,255,228
Capital Outlay and Improvement	175,538	296,503	1,578,264	3,845,331	11,117,959
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	74,781	2,396,023
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	_	10,197	1,383,652
Total Expenditures	175,538	391,170	1,578,264	15,069,448	83,495,248
Execus (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(124 657)	(340,119)	(1 /E2 7E2)	6,238,774	12 777 220
Over Experialtures	(134,657)	(340,119)	(1,453,753)	0,230,774	13,777,229
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Capital Lease Issuance	-	-	-	1,125,558	1,125,558
Transfers In	-	146,974	-	5,958,306	11,074,451
Transfers Out				(4,238,864)	(13,219,248)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		146,974		2,845,000	(1,019,239)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(134,657)	(193,145)	(1,453,753)	9,083,774	12,757,990
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year,	11 150 170	10 450 440	(114.700)	22 402 677	07 246 054
as Restated	11,450,170	12,453,140	(114,703)	23,482,677	97,316,951
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - END OF YEAR	\$ 11,315,513	\$ 12,259,995	\$ (1,568,456)	\$ 32,566,451	\$ 110,074,941

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# CITY OF NORWALK RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	12,757,990
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Depreciation Expense         \$ (9,362,42)           Capital Outlay         8,770,36	,	(592,060)
Certain revenues in the governmental funds are unavailable if they are not	_	
collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. Those revenues		
are recognized on the accrual basis in the government-wide statements.		3,213,344
Long-term debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of		
Net Position.		
Capital Lease Issuances (1,125,55	8)	
Principal Bond Repayments 2,095,00	0	
Lease Payable Repayments 226,24	2	
Capitla Lease Payable Repayments 74,78	1	
Net Change in Compensated Absences 274,12	2_	1,544,587
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use		
of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures		
in the governmental funds.		
Change in Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt (2,44		
Amortization of Bond Premium 316,85		
Amortization of Loss on Bond Refunding (13,83	9)	300,568
OPEB expense reported in the governmental funds includes the insurance premiums paid. In the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense includes the change in the OPEB liability, and related change in OPEB amounts for deferred		
outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.		2 1/5
outilows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.		3,145
Pension expense reported in the governmental funds includes the annual		
required contributions. In the Statement of Activities, pension expense		
includes the change in the net pension liability, and related change in pension		
amounts for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of		
resources		(99,783)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	17,127,791

## CITY OF NORWALK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities
	Transit System Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Totals	Internal Service Funds
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$ 5,709,934		\$ 9,186,353	\$ 22,333,848	\$ 245,483
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents	46.660	1 140 425	2 112	4 460 205	-
Accounts Receivable Inventory	16,668		3,112	1,160,205 127,319	133,682
Prepaid Items	127,319	-	-	127,319	5,658
Due from Other Governments	3,955,269	_	52,831	4,008,100	5,030
Total Current Assets	9,809,190		9,242,296	27,629,475	384,823
0.714					
Capital Assets:		0.400.747	000.050	0.757.070	
Not Being Depreciated	-	9,488,717	268,956	9,757,673	-
Being Depreciated, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	20,635,553 20,635,553		17,406,036 17,674,992	51,187,066 60,944,739	
Total Capital Assets	20,635,553	22,634,194	17,674,992	60,944,739	
Total Assets	30,444,743	31,212,183	26,917,288	88,574,214	384,823
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Amounts from OPEB Plans	1,224,367		21,111	1,333,854	-
Deferred Amounts from Pension Plans	1,821,837		79,211	2,138,679	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,046,204	326,007	100,322	3,472,533	-
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	2,982,402	608,856	18,914	3,610,172	71,916
Accrued Expenses	393,368	58,579	20,104	472,051	123,549
Interest Payable	-	38,477	-	38,477	-
Deposits Payable	-	170,067	-	170,067	-
Other Liabilities	-	37,181	-	37,181	-
Advances from Other Funds		135,593	-	135,593	-
Unearned Revenue	688,984		-	688,984	-
Compensated Absences Payable, Current Portion	95,862		883	111,696	12,169
Bonds Payable, Current Portion Leases Payable, Current Portion	-	230,000 6,273	-	230,000 6,273	-
Total Current Liabilities	4,160,616		39,901	5,500,494	207,634
	,,	,,-		-,,	. ,
Noncurrent Liabilities:		0.000.050		0.000.050	
Advances from Other Funds	-	2,022,653	-	2,022,653	-
Bonds Payable Leases Payable	_	7,874,948 31,467	-	7,874,948 31,467	-
Compensated Absences Payable, Long-Term Portion	324,803		38,905	485,177	177,189
Net Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Liability	7,644,578		255,423	8,921,694	-
Net Pension Liability	13,387,734		582,076	15,716,036	_
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	21,357,115		876,404	35,051,975	177,189
Total Liabilities	25,517,731	14,118,433	916,305	40,552,469	384,823
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Amounts from OPEB Plans	1,864,430	29,383	7,346	1,901,159	_
Deferred Amounts from Pension Plans	24,628		1,071	28,911	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,889,058			1,930,070	-
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	20,635,553	14,206,273	17,674,992	52,516,818	=
Unrestricted	(14,551,395		8,417,896	(2,952,610)	
Total Net Position	\$ 6,084,158		<u> </u>	\$ 49,564,208	\$ -

## CITY OF NORWALK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Governmental Activities			
	Transit System Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Totals	Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES				. otalo	
Charges for Services	\$ 21,467	\$ 6,141,485	\$ 2,625,416	\$ 8,788,368	\$ 18,300,498
Total Operating Revenues	21,467	6,141,485	2,625,416	8,788,368	18,300,498
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Administrative	741,215	557,190	96,510	1,394,915	29,111
Utilities	170,715	171,546	10,078	352,339	39,284
Salaries and Benefits	11,416,061	948,473	343,481	12,708,015	17,640,103
Contractual Services	1,139,566	899,339	46,314	2,085,219	_
Cost of Water	-	1,268,692	· -	1,268,692	_
Maintenance and Repairs	711,831	41,263	_	753,094	592,000
Supplies and Materials	145,888	100,475	498,954	745,317	-
Insurance	664,637	-	-	664,637	_
Depreciation	2,037,691	670,620	854,122	3,562,433	_
Total Operating Expenses	17,027,604	4,657,598	1,849,459	23,534,661	18,300,498
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(17,006,137)	1,483,887	775,957	(14,746,293)	-
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Proposition "A" Taxes	2,157,062	-	-	2,157,062	-
Proposition "C" Taxes	866,148	-	-	866,148	-
Federal, State, and Local Grants	8,728,244	-	-	8,728,244	-
Investment Income	47,801	54,003	65,716	167,520	_
Interest Expense	-	(421,582)	· -	(421,582)	_
Loss on Disposition of Capital Assets	(190,526)	-	-	(190,526)	_
Other	212,907	_	_	212,907	_
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	11,821,636	(367,579)	65,716	11,519,773	-
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL					
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(5,184,501)	1,116,308	841,673	(3,226,520)	-
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS					
Capital Contributions	3,217,655	-	-	3,217,655	
Transfers In	2,144,797	-	-	2,144,797	-
Total Capital Contributions and Transfers	5,362,452	<u> </u>		5,362,452	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	177,951	1,116,308	841,673	2,135,932	-
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated	5,906,207	16,270,854	25,251,215	47,428,276	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 6,084,158	\$ 17,387,162	\$ 26,092,888	\$ 49,564,208	\$ -

## CITY OF NORWALK STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Governmental Activities			
	Transit System Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Totals	Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from Tenants, Customers, and Users	\$ 27,859	\$ 6,034,321	\$ 2,614,935	\$ 8,677,115	\$ 18,300,498
Payments to Suppliers	(740,833)	(2,799,030)	(1,036,290)	(4,576,153)	(15,980,672)
Payments to Employees	(10,671,551)	(919,259)	(133,808)	(11,724,618)	(2,556,491)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(11,384,525)	2,316,032	1,444,837	(7,623,656)	(236,665)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND					
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Purchases and Construction of Capital Assets	(3,571,897)	(497,077)	(404,120)	(4,473,094)	-
Capital Contributions Received	3,217,655	-	-	3,217,655	-
Cash Received from Other Funds	299,341	-	-	299,341	-
Payment of Bonds Payable	-	(220,000)	-	(220,000)	-
Payment of Capital Lease	-	(983)	-	(983)	-
Interest Paid	-	(433,182)	_	(433,182)	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and					
Related Financing Activities	(54,901)	(1,151,242)	(404,120)	(1,610,263)	-
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Cash Contributions from Other Governments	10,157,881	-	-	10,157,881	-
Miscellaneous Income Received	212,907	-	-	212,907	-
Cash Received from Other Funds	1,845,456	-	-	1,845,456	-
Cash Paid to Other Funds		(129,136)		(129,136)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	12,216,244	(129,136)	-	12,087,108	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Investment Income	47,801	54,003	65,716	167,520	-
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	47,801	54,003	65,716	167,520	_
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	824,619	1,089,657	1,106,433	3,020,709	(236,665)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	4,885,315	6,347,907	8,079,920	19,313,142	482,148
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 5,709,934	\$ 7,437,564	\$ 9,186,353	\$ 22,333,851	\$ 245,483

## CITY OF NORWALK STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities			
	Transit System Fund		Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Totals		Internal Service Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME									
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY									
OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (17,006,137)	\$	1,483,887	\$	775,957	\$	(14,746,293)	\$	-
Depreciation	2,037,691		670,620		854,122		3,562,433		-
Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources,									
Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	6,392		(119,766)		(2,954)		(116,328)		-
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory	11,736		-		-		11,736		(48,590)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items	-		11,958		-		11,958		5,328
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Governments	-		_		(7,527)		(7,527)		-
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of					,		, ,		
Resources from OPEB Plans	(61,316)		(13,907)		(4,121)		(79,344)		-
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of	, ,		, , ,		, ,		, ,		
Resources from Pension Plans	(315,402)		(22,426)		(7,476)		(345,304)		-
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	2,784,040		141,340		(197,272)		2,728,108		(216,862)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses	37,243		24,725		4,093		66,061		10,864
Increase (Decrease) in Deposits Payable	-		12,602		-		12,602		-
Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities	_		9,869		_		9,869		_
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences			,,,,,,,				-,		
Payable	11,881		23,671		(100)		35,452		12,595
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Liability	(910,434)		62,651		15,662		(832,121)		-,
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability	1,861,246		99,585		33,195		1,994,026		_
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of	.,00.,2.0		00,000		33,.33		1,001,020		
Resources from OPEB Plans	386,365		(35,924)		(7,791)		342,650		_
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of	000,000		(00,021)		(1,101)		0 12,000		
Resources from Pension Plans	(227,830)		(32,853)		(10,951)		(271,634)		_
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (11,384,525)	\$	2,316,032	\$	1,444,837	\$	(7,623,656)	\$	(236,665)
·····g······g······g·······g········g····	<u> </u>	_		<b>=</b>	.,,	=	(1,1000)	<u></u>	(====
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Amortization Related to Long-Term Debt	\$ -	\$	10,225	\$		\$	10,225	\$	
Loss on Disposition of Capital Assets	\$ 190,526	\$	-	\$		\$	190,526	\$	
Capital Assets Purchased Through Capital Lease	\$ -	\$	38,723	\$		\$	38,723	\$	

## CITY OF NORWALK STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

ACCETO	Successor Agency to the Dissolved Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund
ASSETS Current Assets:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 4,908,137
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents	4,497,065
Interest Receivable	1,898
Total Current Assets	9,407,100
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets - Being Depreciated, Net of	000 570
Accumulated Depreciation Total Noncurrent Assets	833,570 833,570
Total Nonculient Assets	655,570
Total Assets	10,240,670
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unamortized Loss on Bond Refunding	97,623
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	97,623
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	500.000
Interest Payable	568,069
Due to City of Norwalk Unearned Revenue	61,116 54,938
Total Current Liabilities	684,123
	004,123
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	1,970,000
Due in More Than One Year	89,958,267
Advances from City of Norwalk - Due in More	0.000.740
than One Year	6,880,543
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	98,808,810
Total Liabilities	99,492,933
NET POSITION	
Net Position Restricted for Private Purpose	(89,154,640)
Total Net Position	\$ (89,154,640)

## CITY OF NORWALK STATEMENT CHANGES IN OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	to Re	Successor Agency the Dissolved development Agency vate-Purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS	_	
Tax Increment	\$	16,325,654
Use of Money and Property		(5,878)
Rental Income		659,250
Total Additions		16,979,026
DEDUCTIONS		
General Government		12,261,417
Urban Development		706,298
Debt Service:		
Interest and Fiscal Charges		2,450,374
Total Deductions		15,418,089
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,560,937
Net Position - Beginning of Year		(90,715,577)
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	(89,154,640)

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#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Norwalk, California (the City), have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Description of Reporting Entity

The City of Norwalk was incorporated on August 26, 1957, under the general laws of the state of California. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City provides the following services, as authorized by its general laws: Public Safety, Public Works, Water, Transportation, Health and Social Services, Culture-Leisure, Public Improvements, Planning and Zoning, Community Development and General Administrative Services.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City of Norwalk and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City is considered to be financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of that organization's governing body and the City is able to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. The City is also considered to be financially accountable for an organization if that organization is fiscally dependent (i.e., it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes, set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval from the City). In certain cases, other organizations are included as component units if the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that their exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Based upon the above criteria, the component units of the City, as of June 30, 2021, are the Norwalk Housing Authority (Housing Authority) and the Norwalk Community Facilities Financing Authority (Financing Authority). A brief description of each component unit follows:

The Norwalk Housing Authority provides safe and sanitary dwelling accommodations in the City to persons of low income. The City provides management assistance to the Housing Authority, and the members of the City Council also act as the Housing Authority's governing body. The Housing Authority's financial data and transactions are accounted for in the special revenue fund type.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### A. Description of Reporting Entity (Continued)

The Norwalk Community Facilities Financing Authority is a joint exercise of powers authority created by a joint powers agreement between the City of Norwalk and the Norwalk Parking Authority, dated August 1, 1989. The Financing Authority's purpose is to provide, through the issuance of debt, financing necessary for various capital improvements. The Financing Authority is administered by the Board, who are the members of City Council, and the Mayor. The Financing Authority's sole source of income is loan and lease payments received from the City and Agency, which are used to meet the debt service requirements on debt issues.

Since City Council serves as the governing board for these component units, all of the City's component units are considered to be blended component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are reported with the interfund data of the primary government. The Financing Authority issues separate component unit financial statements that can be obtained at City Hall.

## **B. New Accounting Pronouncements**

#### GASB 84

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84 – *Fiduciary Activities*. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements

This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Events that compel a government to disburse fiduciary resources occur when a demand for the resources has been made or when no further action, approval, or condition is required to be taken or met by the beneficiary to release the assets. The City adopted this standard in the current fiscal year. Implementation of GASB 84 resulted in the following: (1) removal of the previously reported OPEB trust that no longer qualifies as a fiduciary fund of the City (2) reclassification of the previously reported agency fund, which no longer qualifies as a fiduciary fund, to the City's General Fund, and (3) a restatement of beginning net position and fund balance of the governmental activities and general fund, respectively, see Note 18.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. These charges are approximately equal to the value of services provided and eliminating them would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Internal service funds activities have been eliminated and net balances are included in the governmental activities.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions of capital leases are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the City are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenses.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the City are reported in three categories:

- 1. Charges for services,
- 2. Operating grants and contributions, and
- 3. Capital grants and contributions.

Charges for services include revenues from customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function. Grants and contributions include revenues restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and the fiduciary fund, even though the latter is excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and other governmental funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds. Fiduciary fund statements include financial information for the private-purpose trust.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.
- Housing and Community Development Special Revenue Fund accounts for housing and commercial improvement projects. Financing is provided by Federal grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Special Revenue Fund accounts for the ARPA funds provided by the federal government to cover revenue shortfalls and COVID-19 related costs.
- Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund accounts for costs to assist low and moderate income families in securing affordable rents. Financing is provided by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- **Debt Service Fund** accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, the City's general long-term debt principal and interest.
- Special Projects Capital Projects Funds account for the construction of street improvements and sidewalk ramps at various locations throughout the City. Financing is provided by grants received under federal, state and local agreements.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

- Economic Development Capital Projects Fund accounts for accumulated resources received from the Former Redevelopment Agency for remaining bond proceeds. The proceeds will be used according to the bond covenant for economic development capital projects.
- Housing Successor Fund Capital Projects Fund accounts for the accumulated resources received from the former Redevelopment Agency's Housing Bond Proceeds fund, income, and expenses related to low and moderate housing.
- Other Federal Grants Capital Projects Fund accounts for federal grants received and expended for the purpose of capital improvements throughout the City.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- Transit System Fund accounts for the City-operated fixed route bus system and "Dial-A-Ride" van service to the general public. Principal sources of revenue are the Los Angeles County Proposition "A" taxes, Federal Transit Administration Capital Assistance, State Transportation Development Act Funds and passenger fares.
- Water Fund accounts for the Norwalk Municipal Water System, which consists of approximately 5,384 service connections which service over 18,000 Norwalk and Artesia residents.
- Sewer Fund accounts for the transactions in the operation of the City of Norwalk's sewer system.

The City reports the following fund types:

#### Governmental Funds

- **Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.
- Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources used for the
  acquisition or construction of major capital facilities which are not financed by
  proprietary funds.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

• Internal Service Funds – are used to account for various services provided to City departments on a cost reimbursement basis. The Employee Benefits Fund accounts for the costs of providing various benefits of active and retired employees. The Vehicle Maintenance Fund accounts for the cost of vehicle and equipment maintenance.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Fiduciary Fund

Successor Agency to the Dissolved Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose
 Trust Fund – is a fiduciary fund type used by the City to report trust arrangements
 under which principal and income benefit other governments. This fund reports the
 assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and activities of the Successor
 Agency to the Dissolved Norwalk Redevelopment Agency. The Private-Purpose
 Trust Fund reports a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of
 Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

## D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Under the *economic resources measurement focus*, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their statements of net position.

Operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the transit, water, sewer, and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial* resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources".

Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period. Noncurrent portions of long-term receivables are reported on the funds' balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus.

Under the *modified accrual basis of accounting* revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term liabilities, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

#### Property Tax Calendar

The County of Los Angeles assesses, levies, and collects property taxes for the City. Property taxes levied for the year ended June 30, 2021, are due and payable in two installments on November 1, 2020 and February 1, 2021 and became delinquent on December 10, 2020 and April 10, 2021, respectively. A tax lien is attached to the property on January 1, 2021. The City, as a no/low property tax city, does not levy property taxes from its residents, but receives allocation from the state and County based on City's assessed valuation.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Operating transfers are reported as other financing sources and uses of funds in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

## Cash and Investments

Investments are reported in the accompanying financial statements at fair value, which is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as investment income for that fiscal year. Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments.

The City pools cash and investments of all funds, except for assets held by fiscal agents. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as cash and investments. Investment income earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance.

#### Due from Other Governments

The amounts recorded as due from other governments include sales taxes, property taxes, and grant revenues collected or provided by Federal, State, County and City Governments and unremitted to the City as of June 30, 2021.

#### Inventories

Inventories held by the General Fund and Internal Service Funds are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventory balances represent expendable supplies held for consumption. Reported expenditures reflecting the purchase of supplies have been restated to reflect the consumption method of recognizing inventory-related expenditures. A fund balance nonspendable classification has been reported in the General Fund to show that inventories do not constitute "available spendable resources".

#### Prepaid Items

Prepaid items consist of certain payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods under the consumption method.

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The City has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (Continued)

- Unamortized loss on bond defeasance reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the fiduciary funds financial statements. An unamortized loss on bond defeasance results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the life of the refunding debt.
- Deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB equal to employer contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability.
- Deferred outflows related to pensions for differences between actual and expected experiences and deferred outflows related to OPEB for changes in assumptions. These amounts are amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions/retirement health care through the plans.
- Deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB resulting from the net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments of the pension plan fiduciary net position and OPEB plan fiduciary net position. These amounts are amortized over five years.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred inflows from unavailable revenues, which is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: grants, charges for services, and investment earnings. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.
- Deferred inflows from OPEB resulting from differences between actual and expected experiences and changes in assumptions and deferred inflows from pension resulting from changes in assumptions. These amounts are amortized over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pension/retirement health care through the plans.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets, sidewalks, medians, traffic signals, storm drains) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Construction in progress includes incomplete infrastructure projects. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are capitalized at cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

The provision for depreciation of the primary government's plant, infrastructure and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	10 – 40 Years
Street Infrastructure	20 Years
Street Lights	10 – 15 Years
Water Infrastructure (Distribution System)	15 – 50 Years
Sewer Infrastructure	15 – 50 Years
Vehicles	5 – 15 Years
Office Equipment	5 – 30 Years
Tools and Equipment	2 – 20 Years
Miscellaneous	5 – 10 Years

#### Compensated Absences

Permanent City employees earn from 10 to 20 vacation days per year, depending upon their length of employment, and 12 sick days per year. Employees can carry forward up to the equivalent number of days earned in the immediately preceding 24-month period and 90 days of earned but unused sick leave for use in the subsequent year.

Upon termination or retirement, permanent employees are entitled to receive compensation at their current base salary for all unused vacation leave. If an employee terminates with a minimum of five service years, the employee is entitled to receive 25% of the value of unused sick leave. The percentage increases by 25% for each five-year period thereafter until the employee is entitled to 100% of the value of unused sick leave. This will occur upon the completion of twenty years of continuous employment.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### Compensated Absences (Continued)

Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured. The unused reimbursable leave balance report is generated after the last payroll in June per employee's hire date, hourly rate and fund. Based on the report, the value of the City's compensated absences is determined.

A liability is recorded for unused vacation and similar compensatory leave balances, since the employees' entitlement to these balances are attributable to services already rendered, and it is probable that virtually all of these balances will be liquidated by either paid time off or payments upon termination or retirement.

A liability is also recorded for unused sick leave balances only to the extent that it is probable that the unused balances will result in termination payments. This is estimated by including in the liability the unused balances of employees currently entitled to receive termination payments, as well as those who are expected to become eligible to receive termination benefits as a result of continuing their employment with the City. Other amounts of unused sick leave are excluded from the liability since their payment is contingent solely upon the occurrence of a future event (illness), which is outside the control of the City and the employee.

#### Claims and Judgments

The City records a liability for material litigation, judgments, and claims (including incurred but not reported losses) when it is probable that an asset has been significantly impaired or a material liability has been incurred prior to year-end and the probable amount of loss (net of any insurance coverage) can be reasonably estimated. City management believes that there are no such liabilities for the current year.

## Revenue Recognition for the Transit System Enterprise Fund

Operating assistance grants under the Federal Transit Act of 1992, as amended, the State of California Local Transportation Development Fund and State Transit Assistance Fund under the Transportation Development Act of 1971, as amended, and Proposition A Local Return Funds from the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority, are included in nonoperating revenues as related expenses are incurred. Until such time as the expenses are incurred, operating assistance grant revenue recognition is deferred. Federal and state grants which are limited to the acquisition of capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Activities as contributions.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### Noncurrent Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund types and fiduciary fund types fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt, including capital leases, issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

## **Net Position**

The governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds in the fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is classified in the following categories:

**Net Investment in Capital Assets** – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt (including premiums) and any other capital related liabilities that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

**Restricted Net Position** – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

**Unrestricted Net Position** – This amount is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### **Fund Balances**

The fund balances reported on the fund statements consist of the following categories:

**Nonspendable Fund Balance** – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City's nonspendable fund balances represent inventories, prepaid expenses, and long-term receivables.

**Restricted Fund Balance** – includes resources that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. It includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. All special revenue funds are classified as restricted with the exception of special revenue funds with deficits, which are reported as unassigned fund balance.

Committed Fund Balance – includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal resolution approved by the City Council, which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority. As stated in the city's fund balance policy, the City Council, may commit fund balance for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal actions taken (resolution). Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specific use through the same type of formal action (resolution) taken to establish the commitment.

**Assigned Fund Balance** – consists of funds that are set aside for specific purposes approved by the City Council through a resolution which are mainly resources set aside for capital expenditures. The City Council delegates the authority to assign fund balance to the City Manager for purposes of reporting in the annual financial report.

**Unassigned Fund Balance** – is the residual classification for the City's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. This category also provides the resources necessary to meet unexpected expenditures and revenue shortfalls. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

The City considers the restricted fund balances to have been spent when expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both unrestricted and restricted fund balance is available. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the policy of the City to reduce the committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### Fund Balances (Continued)

The accumulated unassigned fund balance is targeted to be a minimum of 20% of the following year's budgeted operating expenditures of the general fund. Additions to this balance will be determined during each budget process to reach or maintain the target balance. Whenever monies have been used whereby the balance falls below the target, the reserve shall be replenished as soon as possible, no later than within five fiscal years.

#### Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## **OPEB Plan**

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the City's OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

## NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

## **Cash and Investments**

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2021 were classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	(	Government- Wide		Fiduciary Funds	
		Statement of	_	tatement of	
		Net Position		let Position	Total
Unrestricted Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$	116,138,287	\$	4,908,137	\$ 121,046,424
Restricted Assets:					
Cash and Investments with					
Fiscal Agents		21,554,953		4,497,065	26,052,018
Cash and Investments Held by					
Trust for Pension		4,759,234		_	4,759,234
Total Cash and Investments	\$	142,452,474	\$	9,405,202	\$ 151,857,676

Cash and investments at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

Cash on Hand	\$ 5,510
Deposits with Financial Institutions	4,985,741
Investments	 146,866,425
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 151,857,676

## NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

# <u>Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment</u> Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City or the investment of funds within the pension trust that is governed by the agreement between the City and the trustee, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio*	One Issuer
United States Treasury Obligations	5 Years	None	None
United States Government Sponsored			
Agency Securities	5 Years	None	None
Local Agency Securities:			
State and California	5 Years	15%	5%
Non-California	5 Years	10%	5%
Banker's Acceptance	180 Days	30%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	30%	5%
Non-negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	10%	5%
Commercial Paper - Pooled Funds	270 Days	40%	10%
Commercial Paper - Non-pooled Funds	270 Days	25%	10%
Repurchase Agreements	30 Days	None	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 Years	25%	5%
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 Years	20%	None
Collateralized Bank Deposits	5 Years	None	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	10%	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	\$75 Million
Investment Trust of California (CalTRUST)	N/A	None	None

N/A - Not Applicable

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding amounts held by bond trustees that are not subject to California Government Code restrictions.

## NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements**

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. Investments authorized for funds held by bond trustees include U.S. Treasury Obligations, U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Securities, Commercial Paper, and Money Market Mutual Funds.

#### **Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter-term and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity over time, as necessary, to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

	Remaining Maturity (in Months)						
	12 Months	13 to 24	25 to 36	37 to 48	48 to 60		
Investment Type	or Less	Months	Months	Months	Months	Total	
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$ 60,521,710	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60,521,710	
CalTRUST Short Term Fund	106,616	-	-	-	-	106,616	
CalTRUST Medium Term Fund	27,059,108	-	-	-	-	27,059,108	
United States Government Sponsored							
Agency Securities:							
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)	1,021,895	-	249,404	2,191,562	2,186,280	5,649,141	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage							
Corporation (FHLMC)	_	-	999,397	496,859	994,762	2,491,018	
Federal National Mortgage							
Association (FNMA)	1,019,641	-	450,146	-	2,230,182	3,699,969	
Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB)	-	-	-	1,244,914	1,483,145	2,728,059	
Local Securities:							
State and California	-	1,502,384	-	-	-	1,502,384	
Medium-Term Notes	4,062,997	5,221,518			-	9,284,515	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits	31	495,938	1,478,161	718,726	-	2,692,856	
Money Market Mutual Funds	319,797	-	-	-	-	319,797	
Held in Pension Trust:							
Money Market Mutual Funds	4,759,234	-	-	-	-	4,759,234	
Held by Bond Trustee:							
Money Market Mutual Funds	26,052,018					26,052,018	
Total	\$ 124,923,047	\$ 7,219,840	\$ 3,177,108	4,652,061	\$ 6,894,369	\$ 146,866,425	

## NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

## **Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk (Continued)**

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating by Standard & Poor's required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating by Standard & Poor's as of year-end for each investment type:

		Minimum				
	Total as of	Legal				Not
Investment Type	June 30, 2021	Rating	AAA	AA	A	Rated
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$ 60,521,710	N/A	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60,521,710
CalTRUST Short Term Fund	106,616	N/A	-	106,616	-	-
CalTRUST Medium Term Fund	27,059,108	N/A	-	27,059,108		-
United States Government Sponosred						
Agency Securities:						
FHLB	5,649,141	N/A	-	5,649,141	-	-
FHLMC	2,491,018	N/A	-	2,491,018	-	-
FNMA	3,699,969	N/A	-	3,699,969	-	-
FFCB	2,728,059	N/A	-	2,728,059	-	-
Local Securities:						
State and California	1,502,384	Α	465,416	1,036,968	-	-
Medium-Term Notes	9,284,515	Α	-	3,096,622	6,187,893	-
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits	2,692,856	Α	31	1,482,437	473,586	736,802
Money Market Mutual Funds	319,797	N/A	319,797			
Held in Pension Trust:						
Money Market Mutual Funds	4,759,234	N/A	-	-	-	4,759,234
Held by Bond Trustee:						
Money Market Mutual Funds	26,052,018	AAA	26,052,018	-	-	-
Total	\$ 146,866,425		\$ 26,837,262	\$ 47,349,938	\$ 6,661,479	\$ 66,017,746

N/A - Not Applicable

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental unit by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure state and local government deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. At June 30, 2021, the City deposits (bank balances) were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized as required under California Law.

#### NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Investment in State Investment Pool**

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's prorata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF.

## CalTRUST (Investment Trust of California)

The City also invests in a series of government investment pools offered through the CalTRUST Joint Powers Authority, as authorized by California Government Code Section 53601(p). CalTRUST offers three account options: a Money Market fund, a Short-Term fund, and a Medium-Term fund. The City can allocate its assets among the three funds to match its investment time horizons and cash flow needs, and reallocate among funds as circumstances change. There is no minimum investment period; no minimum or maximum transaction size; and no account minimum or maximum. The funds offer high liquidity (same-day in the Money Market fund; next-day in the Short-Term fund; and monthly in the Medium-Term fund). Interest earnings accrue daily and are paid monthly. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's percentage interest of the fair value provided by CalTRUST for the CalTRUST accounts. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by CalTRUST.

#### **Fair Value Measurements**

The City categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are quoted prices for similar assets in active markets (significant other observable inputs), such as institutional bond quotes, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

United States Government Sponsored Agency Securities, Local Securities, Medium-Term Notes, and Negotiable Certificates of Deposits, classified in level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationships to benchmark quoted prices.

## NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

## **Fair Value Measurements (Continued)**

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

		Quoted Prices Level 1		(	Observable Inputs Level 2	Unobse Inpu Leve	ıts		Total
United States Government Sponsored									
Agency Securities:	•			•	5.040.444	•		•	5.040.444
FHLB	\$		-	\$	5,649,141	\$	-	\$	5,649,141
FHLMC			-		2,491,018		-		2,491,018
FNMA			-		3,699,969		-		3,699,969
FFCB			-		2,728,059		-		2,728,059
Local Securities:									
State and California			-		1,502,384		-		1,502,384
Medium-Term Notes			-		9,284,515		-		9,284,515
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits			-		2,692,856		-		2,692,856
Total Leveled Investments	\$		=	\$	25,355,086	\$			28,047,942
LAIF*									60,521,710
CalTRUST Short Term Fund*									106,616
CalTRUST Medium Term Fund*									27,059,108
Money Market Mutual Funds* Held in Pension Trust:									319,797
Money Market Mutual Funds* Held by Bond Trustee:									4,759,234
Money Market Mutual Funds*									26,052,018
Total Investment Portfolio								\$	146,866,425

<sup>\*</sup> Not subject to fair value measurement hierarchy.

## NOTE 3 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

## **Due To and Due From**

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Due To (Receivable) Fund	Due From (Payable) Fund		Amount
General Fund	Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund	 \$	252,842
	Other Federal Grants Capital Projects Fund		513,043
	Other Governmental Funds		370,862
	Total	\$	1,136,747

The receivable of the General Fund from the above funds is mainly for temporary deficit cash balances.

#### NOTE 3 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

#### <u>Advances</u>

Long-term advances between the City's General Fund and the Water Enterprise Fund are summarized below:

	Balance at	Current		Balance at	Due Within	
	July 1, 2020	Advances	Repayments	June 30, 2021	One Year	
Water Enterprise Fund	\$ 2,287,382	\$ -	\$ (129,136)	\$ 2,158,246	\$ 135,593	

The General Fund previously advanced \$3,500,000 to the Water Enterprise Fund for the purchase of County Water Company. Interest on the advance is 10%. During the year ended June 30, 2006, the Water Fund made payments on the advance totaling \$1,703,000. During 2009 and 2010, the General Fund additionally advanced to the Water Fund \$1,237,610 at 7.5% interest. The remaining balance on the advance at June 30, 2013 was \$3,034,610. As a part of fiscal year 2013/14 budget process, the City Council approved annual repayment of the \$3,034,610 advance over a 20-year period at 5% interest commencing in July 2013. The annual repayment amount, principal and interest is \$243,500. Actual principal payment made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was \$129.136.

## **Interfund Transfers**

The composition of the City's interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Debt Service Fund	\$ 1,610,822
	Housing Successor Fund Capital	
	Projects Fund	146,974
	Other Governmental Funds	5,887,680
ARPA Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	1,264,282
	Other Governmental Funds	70,626
Other Governmental Funds	Debt Service Fund	2,094,067
	Transit System Enterprise Fund	2,144,797
	Total	\$ 13,219,248
	1000	Ψ 10,210,240

\$5,887,680 was transferred from the General Fund to Other Governmental Funds to fund the senior nutrition program, parking structure, parks replacement, NASC equipment, computer replacement, equipment replacement, building replacement, and street renovation. \$146,974 was transferred from the General Fund to the Housing Successor Capital Project Fund for administrative fees. \$1,610,822 was transferred from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund for debt services payments.

#### NOTE 3 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

## **Interfund Transfers (Continued)**

\$1,264,282 transferred from ARPA Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund to provide funding for loss of revenues eligible and calculated under ARPA guidelines. The ARPA funds helped to fund recreation, homeless, public safety and crisis communication expenditures. \$70,626 transferred from ARPA Special Revenue Fund to the Other Governmental Funds to cover shortfall of revenues and fund expenditures identified by the City as an eligible ARPA expenditure category (parking structure).

\$2,094,067 transferred from Other Governmental Funds to the Debt Service funds for debt service payments. \$2,144,797 transferred from Other Governmental Funds to the Transit Enterprise Fund primarily to move Proposition A and Proposition C funds to the fund in which the revenue was utilized.

#### NOTE 4 ADVANCES TO SUCCESSOR AGENCY

The City and the former Redevelopment Agency entered into a loan agreement in 1991, pursuant to which the City loaned money to finance a development known as the Metro Center. The loan agreement was subsequently amended in 1992, 1993, and 1994. Under the Dissolution Act, an agreement between the City and the former Redevelopment Agency became unenforceable and non-binding on the Successor Agency as of February 1, 2012 (i.e., the date on which Redevelopment Agency dissolved), unless the agreement falls within certain limited exceptions. The DOF has determined that the Metro Center loan agreement did not fall within any of the exceptions. However, under the Dissolution Act, agreements such as the Metro Center loan agreement may be re-established, subject to certain conditions precedent, and the approval of the Oversight Board and the DOF and only if the repayment terms of the loan were modified in the manner specified in the Dissolution Act.

On May 15, 2013 the Successor Agency received a Finding of Completion letter from the Department of Finance authorizing the Agency to place loan agreements between the former redevelopment agency and sponsoring entity on the ROPS, as an enforceable obligation, provided the oversight board made a finding that the loan was for legitimate redevelopment purposes per HSC section 34191.4(b)(1). The oversight board made such a finding during fiscal year 2014. Loan repayments will be governed by criteria in HSC section 34191.4(a)(2).

#### NOTE 4 ADVANCES TO SUCCESSOR AGENCY (CONTINUED)

The Senate Bill 107 (SB 107) enacted by the State legislation in September 2015, allows the Successor Agency to recalculate and repay these loans using 3% or 4% interest rate, instead of the LAIF rate. The 4% interest would apply only if the Successor Agency opts to file a last and final ROPS. In fiscal year 2020-2021, the Successor Agency recalculated the accrued interest at the 3% simple rate required by SB 107 and recalculated the loan balance applying all historical payments to principal first. This resulted in a net restatement (reduction) of this loan of \$1,343,456 (see Note 18 for restatement details).

Principal payments of \$734,871 were made on the advance in fiscal year 2020-2021. The balance of this advance outstanding as of June 30, 2021 is \$6,880,543, which includes \$1,980,741 in principal and \$4,899,802 accrued interest (interest receivable is offset by deferred inflows of resources, unavailable revenues, in the general fund balance sheet).

#### NOTE 5 LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable consists of \$7,714,709 in deferred-payment rehabilitation loans to qualifying low income households in connection with the CDBG and Home Programs and a \$2,533,090 loan to Home Investment Partnership. Because of the long-term nature of the CDBG loans, the City has offset the balances of forgivable loans with an allowance of \$3,264,339 and offset the remaining loans of \$6,983,460 with due to other governments at June 30, 2021.

## NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS

## **Governmental Activities**

A summary of changes in the Governmental Activities capital assets at June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	,	Balance at July 1, 2020	Additions		Deletions/ Transfers		J	Balance at une 30, 2021
Capital Assets, Not Being								
Depreciated:								
Land	\$	6,964,636	\$	192,732	\$	-	\$	7,157,368
Construction in Progress		7,114,132		7,340,216		(2,767,584)		11,686,764
Total Capital Assets,								
Not Depreciated		14,078,768		7,532,948		(2,767,584)		18,844,132
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings and Improvements		53,071,945		-		-		53,071,945
Machinery and Equipment		6,863,505		2,002,762		(570,716)		8,295,551
Infrastructure		281,120,842		2,002,235				283,123,077
Total Capital Assets,								
Being Depreciated		341,056,292		4,004,997		(570,716)		344,490,573
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings and Improvements		(27,673,290)		(1,406,571)		(29,578)		(29,109,439)
Machinery and Equipment		(4,993,990)		(331,822)		600,294		(4,725,518)
Infrastructure		(178,110,384)		(7,624,028)		_		(185,734,412)
Total Accumulated								
Depreciation		(210,777,664)		(9,362,421)		570,716		(219,569,369)
Total Capital Assets,								
Being Depreciated, Net		130,278,628		(5,357,424)				124,921,204
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	144,357,396	\$	2,175,524	\$	(2,767,584)	\$	143,765,336

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

General Government	\$ 1,399,423
Public Safety	38,933
Urban Development	13,762
Public Works	7,619,719
Culture and Leisure	173,237
Health and Welfare	 117,347
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental	_
Activities	\$ 9,362,421

## NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

## **Business-Type Activities**

A summary of changes in the Business-type Activities capital assets at June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2020, as Restated	Additions	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2021	
Capital Assets, Not Being					
Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 23,125	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,125	
Construction in Progress	2,840,932	888,629	(2,391,594)	1,337,967	
Water Rights	8,396,581	. <u> </u>		8,396,581	
Total Capital Assets,					
Not Depreciated	11,260,638	888,629	(2,391,594)	9,757,673	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements	15,206,546	-	-	15,206,546	
Distribution System	19,814,467	1,087,983	-	20,902,450	
Sewer Infrastructure	47,635,392	1,303,611	-	48,939,003	
Office Equipment	853,739	-	-	853,739	
Vehicles	18,071,058	3,146,251	(1,096,403)	20,120,906	
Tools and Equipment	2,418,756	476,938	(272,949)	2,622,745	
Miscellaneous	127,811	<u>-</u>	(5,307)	122,504	
Total Capital Assets,					
Being Depreciated	104,127,769	6,014,783	(1,374,659)	108,767,893	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	(4,348,099)	(534,083)	-	(4,882,182)	
Distribution System	(7,481,561)	(629,265)	-	(8,110,826)	
Sewer Infrastructure	(30,691,580)	(851,439)	-	(31,543,019)	
Office Equipment	(546,563)	(31,377)		(577,940)	
Vehicles	(10,426,635)	(1,332,095)	928,622	(10,830,108)	
Tools and Equipment	(1,548,719)	(182,969)	250,203	(1,481,485)	
Miscellaneous	(159,369)	(1,205)	5,307	(155,267)	
Total Accumulated					
Depreciation	(55,202,526)	(3,562,433)	1,184,132	(57,580,827)	
Total Capital Assets,					
Being Depreciated, Net	48,925,243	2,452,350	(190,527)	51,187,066	
Total Business-Type					
Activities Capital					
Assets, Net	\$ 60,185,881	\$ 3,340,979	\$ (2,582,121)	\$ 60,944,739	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Transit System	\$ 2,037,691
Water	670,620
Sewer	 854,122
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-	_
Type Activities	\$ 3,562,433

#### NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2021	Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Other Debt:					
2013A Lease Revenue Refunding					
Bonds	\$ 4,330,000	\$ -	\$ (465,000)	\$ 3,865,000	\$ 475,000
Add: Unamortized Bond Premium	103,566	-	(11,507)	92,059	
2013B Lease Revenue Refunding					
Bonds	4,535,000	-	(675,000)	3,860,000	705,000
Add: Unamortized Bond Premium	230,458	-	(46,092)	184,366	
2019A Sales Tax Bonds	9,875,000	-	(505,000)	9,370,000	530,000
Add: Unamortized Bond Premium	1,924,189	-	(137,442)	1,786,747	
2019B Sales Tax Bonds	8,755,000	-	(450,000)	8,305,000	470,000
Add: Unamortized Bond Premium	1,705,392		(121,814)	1,583,578	
Subtotal	31,458,605	_	(2,411,855)	29,046,750	2,180,000
Direct Borrowings and Placements:					
Lease Payable	3,926,804	-	(226,242)	3,700,562	236,830
Capital Leases Payable	-	1,125,558	(74,781)	1,050,777	183,810
Other Long-Term Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	2,620,597	606,240	(867,767)	2,359,070	548,092
Total Governmental Activities	38,006,006	1,731,798	(3,580,645)	36,157,159	3,148,732
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Other Debt:					
2013A Water Revenue Bonds	8,100,000	-	(220,000)	7,880,000	230,000
Add: Unamortized Bond Premium	235,173		(10,225)	224,948	
Subtotal	8,335,173		(230,225)	8,104,948	230,000
Direct Borrowings and Placements:					
Capital Leases Payable - Water	-	38,723	(983)	37,740	6,273
Other Long-Term Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	561,421	163,299	(127,847)	596,873	111,696
Total Business-Type Activities	8,896,594	202,022	(359,055)	8,739,561	347,969
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 46,902,600	\$ 1,933,820	\$ (3,939,700)	\$ 44,896,720	\$ 3,496,701

Debt service payments are made from the Debt Service Fund, the General Fund, the Parking Structure Special Revenue Fund, the Measure "R" Special Revenue Fund, the Measure "M" Special Revenue Fund, and the Water Fund.

## **Compensated Absences Payable**

The City's policies relating to compensated absences are described in Note 1E. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2021, was \$2,359,070 and \$596,873 for the Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities, respectively. The liability for Governmental Activities is primarily liquidated from the general fund while the liability for Business-type Activities is liquidated from the enterprise funds.

## NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Governmental Activities**

## 2013A Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds

\$7,120,000 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A; plus bond premium of \$184,115 issued on May 1, 2013 to refund and defease the 1999 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds; principal due in amounts ranging from \$200,000 to \$575,000 on June 1 of each year starting in 2014 through 2029; the bonds are subject to mandatory redemption prior to maturity, in part by lot in June 2024, and thereafter on each June 1, at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption without premium; interest rates vary from 2% to 4%. A reserve of \$301,766, which is required to be set aside, along with a bond insurance policy issued by Assurance Guaranty Municipal Corp, further secure the payment of principal and interest on the bonds. At June 30, 2021, this reserve was fully funded.

The defeasance of the 1999 bonds resulted in a loss from defeasance of \$96,343. The balance of the loss from defeasance, net of accumulated amortization, is \$48,175 as of June 30, 2021.

The Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds are subject to federal arbitrage regulations. The City calculated no arbitrage rebate due as of June 30, 2021. The balance outstanding on the 2013A Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds at June 30, 2021, was \$3,865,000.

Future debt service principal and interest payments on the 2013A Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	475,000	124,287	\$ 599,287
2023	490,000	111,819	601,819
2024	510,000	92,219	602,219
2025	520,000	76,919	596,919
2026	540,000	61,319	601,319
2027 - 2029	1,330,000	77,850	1,407,850
Subtotals	3,865,000	544,413	4,409,413
Add: Bond Premium	92,059	<u> </u>	92,059
Totals	\$ 3,957,059	\$ 544,413	\$ 4,501,472
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	

## NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Governmental Activities (Continued)**

## 2013B Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds

\$8,630,000 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013B; plus bond premium of \$553,095 issued in July 2013 to refund and defease the 2001 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds; principal due in amounts ranging from \$545,000 to \$1,640,000 on June 1 of each year starting in 2014 through 2025; the bonds are subject to redemption prior to their respective maturity dates as a whole or in part on any date on or after June 1, 2023, at par plus accrued interest to the date of fixed for redemption, without premium; interest rates vary from 2% to 3.125%. A reserve of \$845,625, which is required to be set aside, along with a bond insurance policy issued by Assurance Guaranty Municipal Corp, further secure the payment of principal and interest on the bonds. At June 30, 2021, this reserve was fully funded.

The defeasance of the 2001 bonds resulted in loss from defeasance of \$93,810. The balance of the loss from defeasance, net of accumulated amortization, is \$31,266 as of June 30, 2021.

The Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds are subject to federal arbitrage regulations. The City calculated no arbitrage rebate due as of June 30, 2021. The balance outstanding on the 2013B Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds at June 30, 2021, was \$3,860,000.

Future debt service principal and interest payments on the 2013B Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		rincipal Interest		Interest		Interest		Total
2022		705,000			146,750		\$ 851,750		
2023		740,000			111,500		851,500		
2024		775,000			74,500		849,500		
2025		1,640,000			51,250	_	1,691,250		
Subtotals		3,860,000			384,000	-	4,244,000		
Add: Bond Premium		184,366			-	_	184,366		
Totals	\$	4,044,366	,	\$	384,000	-	\$ 4,428,366		

## NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

## **Governmental Activities (Continued)**

## 2019A Sales Tax Bonds

\$10,435,000 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds (Limited Tax Bonds) (Measure M), Series 2019A; plus bond premium of \$2,061,631 issued in July 2019 to finance certain local roadway and street improvement projects; principal due in amounts ranging from \$505,000 to \$935,000 on June 1 each year starting in 2020 through 2034; the bonds are subject to redemption prior to their maturity dates as a whole or in part on any date on or after June 1, 2030, at par plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption, without premium; interest rates vary from 4% to 5%.

The 2019A Bonds are payable from pledged Measure M receipts. The reserve requirement is met with a bond insurance policy issued by Assurance Guaranty Municipal Corp to secure the payment of principal and interest on the bonds. The 2019A Bonds are subject to federal arbitrage regulations. No arbitrage rebate calculation was due as of June 30, 2021.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, \$1,515,927 of Measure M revenues were pledged for debt service of \$971,750 (\$505,000 of principal and \$466,750 of interest).

The balance outstanding on the 2019A Sales Tax Bonds at June 30, 2021, was \$9,370,000.

Future debt service principal and interest payments on the 2019A Sales Tax Revenue Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	530,000	441,500	\$ 971,500
2023	555,000	415,000	970,000
2024	585,000	387,250	972,250
2025	615,000	358,000	973,000
2026	645,000	327,250	972,250
2027 - 2031	3,740,000	1,119,750	4,859,750
2032 - 2034	2,700,000	218,800	2,918,800
Subtotals	9,370,000	3,267,550	12,637,550
Add: Bond Premium	1,786,747		1,786,747
Totals	\$ 11,156,747	\$ 3,267,550	\$ 14,424,297

## NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

### **Governmental Activities (Continued)**

## 2019B Sales Tax Bonds

\$9,250,000 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds (Limited Tax Bonds) (Measure R), Series 2019B; plus bond premium of \$1,827,206 issued in July 2019 to finance certain local roadway and street improvement projects; principal due in amounts ranging from \$450,000 to \$830,000 on June 1 each year starting in 2020 through 2034; the bonds are subject to redemption prior to their maturity dates as a whole or in part on any date on or after June 1, 2030, at par plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption, without premium; interest rates vary from 4% to 5%.

The 2019B Bonds are payable from pledged Measure R receipts. The reserve requirement is met with a bond insurance policy issued by Assurance Guaranty Municipal Corp to secure the payment of principal and interest on the bonds. The 2019B Bonds are subject to federal arbitrage regulations. No arbitrage rebate calculation was due as of June 30, 2021.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, \$1,337,933 of Measure R revenues were pledged for debt service of \$863,850 (\$450,000 of principal and \$413,850 of interest).

The balance outstanding on the 2019B Sales Tax Bonds at June 30, 2021, was \$8,305,000.

Future debt service principal and interest payments on the 2019B Sales Tax Revenue Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal Interest			Total	
2022	\$ 470,000	\$	391,350	\$	861,350
2023	495,000		367,850		862,850
2024	520,000		343,100		863,100
2025	545,000		317,100		862,100
2026	570,000		289,850		859,850
2027 - 2031	3,315,000		991,500		4,306,500
2032 - 2034	2,390,000		193,800		2,583,800
Subtotals	 8,305,000		2,894,550	' <u>-</u>	11,199,550
Add: Bond Premium	 1,583,578		<u>-</u>		1,583,578
Totals	\$ 9,888,578	\$	2,894,550	\$	12,783,128

### NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

### **Governmental Activities (Continued)**

## Lease Payable

On May 10, 2017, the City entered into a purchase and sale agreement with Southern California Edison to acquire 3,333 street light poles (property) to allow for conversion of the current high-pressure sodium fixtures to energy efficient light-emitting diodes. On May 1, 2018, the City entered into a lease agreement with Compass Bank to finance the cost of acquiring the street light poles. The lease agreement results in a lease to Compass Bank of the property and a sublease to the City for the same property. The rental term commenced on May 8, 2018 and terminates on June 1, 2033, but may be extended to June 1, 2038. Base rental payments are to be paid by the City on each June 1 and consist of principal and interest at a rate of 4.68% per annum.

As of June 30, 2021, \$410,576 of the \$4,266,690 received from this financing agreement have not yet been expended to purchase and retro fit the streetlight poles with LED light fixtures. The asset cost and accumulated depreciation for the corresponding assets for which funds have been spent is \$2,078,732 and \$298,065, respectively. In addition, as of June 30, 2021, \$1,777,382 was expended to upgrade lighting fixtures to low energy LED and maintenance of purchased poles. The balance outstanding on the lease payable at June 30, 2021, was \$3,700,562.

Future debt service principal and interest payments on the lease payable are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	236,830	173,186	\$ 410,016
2023	247,913	162,103	410,016
2024	259,516	150,500	410,016
2025	271,661	138,355	410,016
2026	284,375	125,641	410,016
2027 - 2031	1,634,408	415,673	2,050,081
2032 - 2033	765,859	54,173	820,032
Totals	\$ 3,700,562	\$ 1,219,631	\$ 4,920,193

## Capital Leases Payable

During the fiscal year, the City entered into numerous capital leases for sedans and trucks that span 60 monhts. Lease amounts ranged from \$26,179 to \$44,131 with interest at a rate of 1.35% and monthly payments ranging from \$457 to \$853. Cost of the leased vehicles includes after-market parts for a total cost of \$1,361,027 and accumulated depreciation of \$51,043 as of June 30, 2021.

## NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

## **Governmental Activities (Continued)**

Capital Leases Payable (Continued)

Future debt service principal and interest payments on the capital leases payable are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2022	\$ 183,810	\$ 26,309	\$ 210,119
2023	183,810	26,309	210,119
2024	183,810	26,309	210,119
2025	181,735	25,908	207,643
2026	 317,612	 16,169	 333,781
Totals	\$ 1,050,777	\$ 121,004	\$ 1,171,781

## **Business-Type Activities**

#### 2013A Water Revenue Bonds

\$9,395,000 Water Revenue Bonds; issued May 2, 2013; serial bonds due in amounts ranging from \$150,000 to \$305,000 on June 1 of each year starting in 2014 through 2043, with variable interest rates from 2% to 3.25%, and term bonds with principal amounts of \$1,335,000 and \$4,380,000 due on June 1, 2033 and June 1, 2043, respectively, with fixed interest rates of 3.50% and 4%, respectively.

\$6,000,000 from the proceeds of the 2013A Water Revenue Bonds were used to acquire 500 acre feet water pumping allocation rights from the City of Vernon, California. The remaining proceeds was used to construct infrastructure designed to provide additional capacity to pump and deliver water to the areas which currently depend on purchased water. The balance outstanding on the 2013A Water Revenue Bonds at June 30, 2021, was \$7,880,000.

The Water Revenue Bonds are subject to federal arbitrage regulations. The City calculated no arbitrage rebate due as of June 30, 2021. The City is required, to maintain the rates and charges for the water services that will generate net water revenue to be at least 125% of maximum annual debt service payment. As of June 30, 2021, the City's net revenue coverage was 410%, which meets the requirements.

## NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

## **Business-type Activities (Continued)**

## 2013A Water Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Future debt service principal and interest payments on the 2013A Water Revenue Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	230,000	307,812	\$ 537,812
2023	240,000	296,313	536,313
2024	255,000	284,313	539,313
2025	265,000	271,563	536,563
2026	280,000	258,313	538,313
2027 - 2031	1,540,000	1,155,788	2,695,788
2032 - 2036	1,830,000	868,000	2,698,000
2037 - 2041	2,220,000	477,400	2,697,400
2042 - 2043	1,020,000	61,600	1,081,600
Subtotals	7,880,000	3,981,102	11,861,102
Add: Bond Premium	224,948		224,948
Totals	\$ 8,104,948	\$ 3,981,102	\$ 12,086,050

## Capital Leases Payable

During the fiscal year, the City entered into a capital leases for a vehicle in the amount of \$38,723. The lease has an interest at a rate of 1.35% and monthly payments of \$523. Cost of the leased vehicle includes after-market parts for a total cost of \$51,291 and accumulated depreciation of \$750 as of June 30, 2021. Future debt service principal and interest payments on the capital leases payable are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	In	terest	 Total
2022	\$	6,273	\$	913	\$ 7,186
2023		6,273		913	7,186
2024		6,273		913	7,186
2025		6,273		913	7,186
2026		12,648		837	 13,485
Totals	\$	37,740	\$	4,489	\$ 42,229

#### NOTE 8 CITY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN)

#### A. General Information about the Pension Plans

#### Plan Descriptions

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's Miscellaneous Plans, agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

## Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 to 62 with statutorily reduced benefits. PEPRA miscellaneous members become eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 52 with at least 5 years of service. All members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect for the measurement period ended June 30, 2020, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous				
	On or After				
		November 1, 2011			
	Prior to	and Prior to	On or After		
Hire Date	November 1, 2011	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013		
Benefit Formula	2.7%@55	2%@55	2%@62		
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years of Service	5 Years of Service	5 Years of Service		
Benefit Payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life		
Retirement Age	50 - 55	50 - 63	52 - 67		
Monthly Benefits, as a % of Eligible					
Compensation	2.0% to 2.7%	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%		
Required Employee Contribution Rates	8%	7%	6.75%		
Required Employer Contribution Rates:					
Normal Cost Rate	12.055%	12.055%	6.550%		
Payment of Unfunded Liability					
for All Tiers	4,010,577	Included in tier 1	Included in tier 1		

# NOTE 8 CITY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN) (CONTINUED)

#### A. General Information about the Pension Plans (Continued)

#### **Employees Covered**

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for all Plans:

	Miscellaneous
Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries	
Currently Receiving Benefits	340
Inactive Employees Entitled to But	
Not Yet Receiving Benefits	148
Active Employees	243
Total	731

#### Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. City contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contributions requirements are classified as plan member contributions.

Contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, included \$4,010,577 for the UAL and \$2,098,459 for the normal cost rate resulting in a total amount paid of \$6,109,036.

### B. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2020, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2020 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown on the next page.

# NOTE 8 CITY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN) (CONTINUED)

#### B. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Miscellaneous
Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal
	Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Projected Salary Increase	(1)
Morality Rate Table	(2)
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	(3)

- (1) Varies by entry age and service.
- (2) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates includes 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from December 2017 that can be found on the CalPERS website.
- (3) The less of contract COLA or 2.50% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on purchasing power applies, 2.50% thereafter.

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund.

# NOTE 8 CITY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN) (CONTINUED)

#### **B.** Net Pension Liability (Continued)

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

	Assumed Asset	Real Return Years	Real Return Years
Asset Class (a)	Allocation	1 - 10 (b)	11+ (c)
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.00	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.00	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.00%		

- (a) In the CalPERS CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.
- (b) An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period
- (c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

## **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Subsequent Events

There were no subsequent events that would materially affect the results in this disclosure.

# NOTE 8 CITY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN) (CONTINUED)

## C. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The changes in the net pension liability for the Miscellaneous Plan, using the measurement date of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total	Plan	١	let Pension		
	Pension	Fiduciary		Liability		
	Liability	Net Position		(Asset)		
Balance at June 30, 2020				<u> </u>		
(Measurement Date)	\$ 191,352,842	\$ 136,464,806	\$	54,888,036		
Changes in the Year:						
Service Cost	3,323,523	-		3,323,523		
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	13,478,426	-		13,478,426		
Differences Between Actual and						
Expected Experience	62,784	-		62,784		
Contribution - Employer	-	5,609,414		(5,609,414)		
Contribution - Employee	-	1,326,081		(1,326,081)		
Net Investment Income	-	6,802,116		(6,802,116)		
Administrative Expenses	-	(192,382)		192,382		
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds						
of Employee Contributions	(9,135,869)	(9,135,869)		<u>-</u> _		
Net Changes	7,728,864	4,409,360		3,319,504		
Balance at June 30, 2021						
(Measurement Date)	\$ 199,081,706	\$ 140,874,166	\$	58,207,540		

# NOTE 8 CITY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN) (CONTINUED)

## C. Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous	
1% Decrease		6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	84,606,647
Current Discount Rate		7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	58,207,540
1% Increase		8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	36,420,638

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

## D. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$7,587,471. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_ of	Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows Resources
Pension Contributions Subsequent to		_	_
Measurement Date	\$	6,109,036	\$ -
Differences Between Actual and Expected			
Experience		716,028	-
Change in Assumptions		-	(107,077)
Net Differences Between Projected and Actual			
Earnings on Plan Investments		1,095,962	 
Total	\$	7,921,026	\$ (107,077)

# NOTE 8 CITY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN) (CONTINUED)

# D. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$6,109,036 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	_	Amount
2022	-	\$ (70,205)
2023		497,145
2024		707,044
2025		570,929
2026		-
Thereafter		_

## E. Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2021, the City had no outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2021.

## F. Other

The General Fund includes \$4,759,234 of pension stability funds on deposit with Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) that represent assets restricted to the defined benefit pension plan, which are not included in the plan fiduciary net position.

#### NOTE 9 PART-TIME SEASONAL AND TEMPORARY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) administers the City's alternate retirement system plan. It is a defined contribution plan qualifying under 401(a) and 501 of the Internal Revenue Code. Contributions of 7.50% of covered compensation of eligible employees are made by the employee. The plan covers part-time, seasonal, and temporary employees paid on City's payroll who are not covered by another retirement system, pursuant to the requirements of 3121 (b)(7)(F) of the Internal Revenue Code. All eligible employees are covered by the plan and are fully vested. Employee liabilities are limited to the amount of current contributions. Contributions are applied to each participant accounts based on the data submitted to PARS Trust and actual deposits made to PARS Trustee (US Bank). The total amount of covered compensation was \$4,227,084 and employee contributions made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, were \$317,033. Any amendments to the plan go through a resolution for adoption by the City Council.

#### NOTE 10 DEFERRED COMPENSATION/DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The City has established a deferred compensation plan for all officers and employees. Participation in the plan is voluntary and may be revoked at any time upon advance written notice. Generally, the amount of compensation subject to deferral until retirement, disability, or other termination by a participant may not exceed the legal limits set by the Internal Revenue Code. Amounts withheld by the City under this plan are deposited regularly into a commercial savings account held by the City, then transferred to a trust account.

As of June 30, 2021, the deferred compensation plan assets were held in a trust account for the sole benefit of the employees and their beneficiaries and, accordingly, have been excluded from the City's reported assets.

The City has established a Deferred Compensation/Defined Contribution plan for certain classifications of management under Internal Revenue Service Code Section 401(a). City participation in contributions to the plan is mandatory. The City is obligated to contribute amounts ranging from 2% to 4% of the annual salary per participant, per year. Under this qualified 401a plan, a total of \$106,672 with 25 participants was remitted to Empower Retirement, formerly Mass Mutual, with a total ending investment balance of \$2,618,426. On the other hand, employee contributions to deferred compensation plan 457 are voluntary. During the year, there were 165 participants. Contributions totaled \$746,983. Total plan assets at June 30, 2021, were \$21,643,626. Empower Retirement administers the Deferred Compensation Defined Contribution plans for the City. Separate financial reports can be obtained on each agency by members per request either by phone, email or online through their websites. Memorandum of Understanding approved by the City Council is the authority for establishing or amending the plans' provisions.

#### NOTE 11 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

### A. Plan Description

The City has an agent multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan that provides postemployment benefits including medical insurance to eligible employees and their dependents at retirement through the California Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA) as provided under the City's contractual agreements with the Management and General Unit employees.

The City elected to join the Public Agency Retirement System OPEB Trust (PARS OPEB Trust) as a means to fund the Annual Determined Contribution (ADC). The PARS OPEB Trust issues a publicly available financial report for the fiduciary net position that is available upon request. The plan itself does not issue a separate financial report.

Members are eligible for the following benefits:

	General	Management
Benefit Types Provided	Medical Only	Medical Only
Duration of Benefits	Lifetime	Lifetime
Minimum Age	50	50
Dependent Coverage	Yes	Yes
Required Years of Service	5 Years	5 Years
City Contribution %	100%	100%
City Cap:		
Calendar Year 2020	\$1,600 per Month	PERSCare Family Rate \$2,421
Calendar Year 2021	\$1,600 per Month	PERSCare Family Rate \$2,694

The PERSCare amounts listed above are the highest available family plan offered by PERS. Employees pay the difference between the benefit they receive and the monthly premium.

#### **Employees Covered**

As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the plan:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently	
Receiving Benefits	292
Active Employees	245
Total	537

## NOTE 11 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

## A. Plan Description (Continued)

#### Contributions

Benefit provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended through agreements and memorandums of understanding between the City, its management employees, and unions representing the City's employees. The plan does not require employee contributions. Administrative costs of this plan are financed by the general fund.

The annual contribution is based on the actuarially determined contributions. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City contributed \$1,610,600 to the PARS OPEB Trust, and paid \$1,804,173 for current premiums, and the estimated implied subsidy was \$393,434, resulting in total payments of \$3,808,207. The majority of contributions to the OPEB plan are generally made from the general fund.

The liability for governmental activities is primarily liquidated from the general fund while the liability for business-type activities is liquidated from the enterprise funds.

### Fiduciary Net Position with PARS Trust

The PARS OPEB Trust is a GASB 75 compliant trust in that the contributions are irrevocable, the plan assets are dedicated to providing OPEB to plan members in accordance with the benefit terms, and the OPEB plan assets are legally protected from the creditors of the City, OPEB plan administrator, and plan members. The Trust costs are shared among other members of the PARS Trust.

The PARS OPEB Trust (Trust) contains assets of 167 member agencies as of June 30, 2020. The Trust invests in various investment securities including U.S. Treasury Obligations, U.S. Government Agency Issues, Corporate Debt Issues, Foreign Debt Issues, Municipal Debt Issues, Money Market Mutual Funds, Equity Mutual Funds, Fixed Income Mutual Funds, Domestic Common Stocks, and Foreign Stocks.

Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Trust manages exposure to interest rate risk by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing over time as necessary to provide the cash flows and liquidity needed for operations. Investments in the Trust mature as of June 30, 2020, as follows: 1% in one year or less, 5% in two to five years, 8% in five to ten years, 9% in more than 10 years.

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Trust investments are rated by Standard and Poor's or Moody's as of June 30, 2020, as follows: 3% are rated AAA; 1% are AA+, AA, or AA-; 4% are A+, A, A-; 5% are BBB+, BBB, or BBB-; 5% are exempt from ratings, and 82% are not rated.

#### NOTE 11 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Plan Description (Continued)

#### Fiduciary Net Position with PARS Trust (Continued)

Concentration of credit risk is the heightened risk of potential loss when investments are concentrated in one issuer. At June 30, 2020, the Trust had no investments concentrated in one issuer (other than mutual funds, U.S. Treasury obligations, and corporate debt securities) that exceeded 5% of the Trust's investments.

All of the Trust's cash deposits as of June 30, 2020, of \$55,301,635, which includes the balances of all 167 member agencies, are federally insured for up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits in excess of the federally insured amount are subject to custodial credit risk, which is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Trust will not be able to recover its deposits.

#### Accounting for the Plan

The other postemployment benefit trust is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

#### Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported in the accompanying financial statements at fair value, which is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Securities for which market quotations are not readily available are valued at their fair value as determined by the custodian with the assistance of a valuation service.

## B. Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability is measured as the total OPEB liability, less the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of June 30, 2020 using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020.

## NOTE 11 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

## **B. Net OPEB Liability (Continued)**

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Measurement Date June 30, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal, level percentage of payroll

Asset Valuation Method Market value

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 6.21%
Long-Term Expected 6.21%
Rate of Return on Investments
Inflation 1.75%

Salary Increases

Healthcare Trend Rates

Mortality, Disability, Termination, Retirement

2018 CalPERS Merit Salary Increases
6.50% trending down to 4.04% over 57 years
CalPERS experience study revised May 14, 2018

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.21% was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

### NOTE 11 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

## B. Net OPEB Liability (Continued)

**Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)** 

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
PARS OPEB Trust:		
Global Equity:		
Large Cap Core	32.00%	7.50%
Mid Cap Core	6.00%	7.80%
Small Cap Core	9.00%	8.70%
Real Estate	2.00%	6.70%
International	7.00%	7.80%
Emerging Markets	4.00%	7.80%
Fixed Income:		
Short Term Bonds	6.75%	3.30%
Intermediate Term Bonds	27.00%	4.10%
High Yield	1.25%	6.90%
Cash	5.00%	2.40%
Total	100.00%	
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return		6.71%
Expected Volatility		9.55%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return, Net of Fees		6.21%

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.21%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the City's contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

### NOTE 11 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

## C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the total OPEB liability are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total		Plan		Net
		OPEB		Fiduciary		OPEB
		Liability	1	Net Position	Liability (Asset	
Balance at June 30, 2020 (Measurement Date)	\$	41,278,418	\$	8,747,362	\$	32,531,056
Changes in the Year:						
Service Cost		1,365,581		-		1,365,581
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		2,792,494		-		2,792,494
Changes of Benefit Terms		553,607		-		553,607
Differences Between Actual and						
Expected Experience		(631,994)		-		(631,994)
Changes in Assumptions		451,302		-		451,302
Contributions - Employer		-		3,294,199		(3,294,199)
Contributions - Employer Implicit						
Subsidy				370,572		(370,572)
Net Investment Income		-		254,002		(254,002)
Benefit Payments		(1,683,599)		(1,683,599)		-
Implicit Subsidy Credit		(370,572)		(370,572)		-
Administrative Expenses				(43,618)		43,618
Net Changes		2,476,819		1,820,984		655,835
Balance at June 30, 2021 (Measurement Date)	\$	43,755,237	\$	10,568,346	\$	33,186,891

### Change of Assumptions

From measurement date June 30, 2019, to June 30, 2020, there were the following changes of assumptions: (1) the discount rate was decreased from 6.71% to 6.21%; (2) the health care trend rates increased from 6.00% trending down to 3.84% over 55 years to 6.50% trending down to 4.04% over 57 years, (3) the ACA excise tax assumption was removed, and (4) CalPERS salary merit scale updated from 2015 to 2018.

#### Change of Benefit Terms

The City pays for 100% of medical benefit premiums up to the cap, which was \$900 per month for 2017, \$1,200 per month for 2018 and \$1,600 per month for 2019 and later. PERSCare Family Rate, the highest available family plan offered by PERS, was \$2,421 in 2020 and \$2,694 in 2021.

#### Subsequent Events

There were no subsequent events that would materially affect the results presented in this disclosure.

### NOTE 11 OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

## C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.21%)	(6.21%)	(7.21%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 38,519,383	\$ 33,186,891	\$ 28,718,093

## Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in Medical Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using medical trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher:

	5.50	% Decreasing	6.50	% Decreasing	7.50	% Decreasing
		to 3.04%		to 4.04%		to 5.04%
Net OPEB Liability	\$	28,108,431	\$	33,186,891	\$	39,371,408

## D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$3,236,306. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	of	Deferred Outflows Resources	of	Deferred Inflows Resources
OPEB Contributions Subsequent to			-	
Measurement Date	\$	3,808,238	\$	-
Differences Between Actual and Expected				
Experience		-		(1,406,594)
Changes in Assumptions		678,164		(1,192,429)
Net Differences Between Projected				
and Actual Earnings		184,980		
Total	\$	4,671,382	\$	(2,599,023)

## NOTE 11 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

# D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

\$3,808,238 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Amount
2022	\$ (879,473)
2023	(834,917)
2024	(72,040)
2025	60,778
2026	(10,227)
Thereafter	_

## E. Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2021, the City had no outstanding amount of contributions to the OPEB plan required for the year ended June 30, 2021.

## NOTE 12 FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION CLASSIFICATION

Fund balances at June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

		Special Revenue Funds						
		General Fund	Co	using and ommunity velopment		Housing Authority	ARPA	 Debt Service Fund
NONSPENDABLE								
Advances to Successor Agency	\$	1,980,741	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Advances to Other Funds		2,158,246		-		-	-	-
Inventory of Material and Supplies		6,708		-		-	-	-
Prepaid Items	_	21,228		-				 
Total Nonspendable		4,166,923		-		-	-	-
RESTRICTED								
Pension		4,759,234		-		-	-	-
Public Safety		-		-		-	-	-
Urban Development		-		404,056		1,754,099	-	-
Public Works		-		-		-	-	-
Public Art		-		-		-	-	-
Culture and Leisure		-		-		-	-	-
Health and Welfare		-		-		-	-	-
Debt Service		-		-		-	-	1,209,015
Total Restricted		4,759,234		404,056		1,754,099	-	 1,209,015
COMMITTED								
Equipment Replacement		-		-		_	-	-
Building Renovation		-		-		_	-	-
Street Renovation		-		-		_	-	-
Total Committed		-		-		-	-	 -
ASSIGNED								
Capital Projects		800,005		-		-	-	-
UNASSIGNED		23,183,819					4,132	_
Total Fund Balances	\$	32,909,981	\$	404,056	\$	1,754,099	\$ 4,132	\$ 1,209,015

## NOTE 12 FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION CLASSIFICATION (CONTINUED)

Fund balances at June 30, 2021, consisted of the following (continued):

		Capital Pro				
	Special Projects	Housing Successor	Economic Development	Other Federal Grants	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
NONSPENDABLE						
Advances to Successor Agency	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,980,741
Advances to Other Funds	-	-	-	-	-	2,158,246
Inventory of Material and Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	6,708
Prepaid Items					5,658	26,886
Total Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	5,658	4,172,581
RESTRICTED						
Pension	-	-	-	-	-	4,759,234
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	364,857	364,857
Urban Development	-	11,315,513	12,259,995	-	-	25,733,663
Public Works	20,345,935	-	-	-	23,127,528	43,473,463
Public Art	-	-	-	-	414,407	414,407
Culture and Leisure	-	-	-	-	415,289	415,289
Health and Welfare	-	-	-	-	153,254	153,254
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	1,209,015
Total Restricted	20,345,935	11,315,513	12,259,995	-	24,475,335	76,523,182
COMMITTED						
Equipment Replacement	-	-	-	-	4,360,784	4,360,784
Building Renovation	-	-	-	-	1,577,196	1,577,196
Street Renovation					3,072,544	3,072,544
Total Committed	-	-	-	-	9,010,524	9,010,524
ASSIGNED						
Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	-	800,005
UNASSIGNED	(1,125,780)			(1,568,456)	(925,066)	19,568,649
Total Fund Balances	\$ 19,220,155	\$ 11,315,513	\$ 12,259,995	\$ (1,568,456)	\$ 32,566,451	\$ 110,074,941

## NOTE 13 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

## **Deficit Fund Balances**

The deficits in the following funds were due to the timing in the receipt of the reimbursable grants.

Major Fund:	
Other Federal Grants Capital Projects Fund	\$ (1,568,456)
Other Governmental Funds:	
Child Development Program Special Revenue Fund	(525,178)
Special Grants Special Revenue Fund	(138, 122)
Proposition "C" I-5 Mitigation Capital Projects Fund	(232,634)
Total	\$ (2,464,390)

These deficits are expected to be eliminated with future revenues and reimbursements from federal and state agencies.

## NOTE 13 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

## **Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations**

The following funds reported expenditures exceeding appropriations in individual departments at June 30, 2021:

Budget		Budget Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
•	10 001 107	•	10.001.001	•	(00.457)
\$	10,931,437	\$	10,964,894	\$	(33,457)
	1 005		6 126		(4,131)
	1,995		0,120		(4,131)
	8.212.541		8.518.339		(305,798)
	-,- :-,- :		-,,		(===,===)
	5,600		10,230		(4,630)
	6,645,769		7,413,463		(767,694)
	98,306		•		(2,061)
	-		7,748		(7,748)
	400.040		054.004		(50.054)
	198,040		254,891		(56,851)
	100 401		110 232		(9,741)
	100,731		110,202		(3,771)
	691,761		701,713		(9,952)
	<b>*</b>	\$ 10,931,437 1,995 8,212,541 5,600 6,645,769 98,306 - 198,040 100,491	\$ 10,931,437 \$ 1,995 8,212,541 5,600 6,645,769 98,306 - 198,040 100,491	\$ 10,931,437 \$ 10,964,894 1,995 6,126 8,212,541 8,518,339 5,600 10,230 6,645,769 7,413,463 98,306 100,367 7,748 198,040 254,891 100,491 110,232	Budget       Actual       Fin         \$ 10,931,437       \$ 10,964,894       \$         1,995       6,126         8,212,541       8,518,339         5,600       10,230         6,645,769       7,413,463         98,306       100,367         7,748         198,040       254,891         100,491       110,232

#### NOTE 14 INSURANCE POLICIES

#### **Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement**

The City of Norwalk is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Authority). The Authority is composed of 123 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

## **Primary Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority**

Each member pays an annual contribution at the beginning of the coverage period. A retrospective adjustment is then conducted annually thereafter, for coverage years 2012-13 and prior. Coverage years 2013-14 and forward are not subject to routine annual retrospective adjustment. The total funding requirement for primary self-insurance programs is based on an actuarial analysis. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on payroll and claims history, relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool.

#### **Primary Liability Program**

Claims are pooled separately between police and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$100,000 to \$500,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs in excess of \$500,000 to \$50 million are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

The overall coverage limit for each member, including all layers of coverage, is \$50 million per occurrence. Subsidence losses have a sub-limit of \$50 million per occurrence. The coverage structure includes retained risk that is pooled among members, reinsurance, and excess insurance. More detailed information about the various layers of coverage is available on the following website: <a href="https://cjpia.org/protection/coverage-programs">https://cjpia.org/protection/coverage-programs</a>.

## NOTE 14 INSURANCE POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Primary Workers' Compensation Program**

Claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$75,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes costs from \$75,000 to \$200,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$200,000 to statutory limits are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

For 2020-2021, the Authority's pooled retention is \$1 million per occurrence, with reinsurance to statutory limits under California Workers' Compensation Law. Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$1 million. Coverage from \$1 million to \$5 million is purchased through reinsurance policies and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

### Purchased Insurance

#### Pollution Legal Liability Insurance

The City of Norwalk participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City of Norwalk. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$250,000 deductible. The Authority has an aggregate limit of \$20 million.

#### Property Insurance

The City of Norwalk participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City of Norwalk property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by City of Norwalk to the Authority. City of Norwalk property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$116,836,141. There is a \$10,000 deductible per occurrence except for nonemergency vehicle insurance which has a \$2,500 deductible.

#### Earthquake and Flood Insurance

The City of Norwalk purchases earthquake and flood insurance on a portion of its property. The earthquake insurance is part of the property protection insurance program of the Authority. City of Norwalk property currently has earthquake protection in the amount of \$39,902,099. There is a deductible of 5% per unit of value with a minimum deductible of \$100,000.

#### Crime Insurance

The City of Norwalk purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Authority.

## NOTE 14 INSURANCE POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Adequacy of Protection**

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2020-2021.

The aforementioned information is not included in the accompanying financial statements. Complete financial statements for the Authority may be obtained at its administrative office located at 8081 Moody Street, La Palma, California 90623.

### **Claims Activity**

Claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. At June 30, 2021, the City had no such liabilities, which is the City's best estimate based on available information.

A summary of the changes in claims liabilities for the past three fiscal years follows:

			Fis	scal Year				
	Clair	ms	CI	aims and			(	Claims
	Paya	able	Ch	nanges in		Claims	F	Payable
Year Ended June 30,	July	y 1	E	stimates	F	Payments	J	une 30,
2019	\$	-	\$	137,802	\$	(137,802)	\$	-
2020		-		714,355		(714,355)	\$	-
2021		_		286 940		(286 940)	\$	_

#### NOTE 15 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City is a defendant in certain legal actions arising in the normal course of operations. It is management's opinion that these actions will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position. In Santa Clara County Local Transportation Authority vs. Guardino (1995), the California Supreme Court upheld Proposition 62, a 1986 initiative that requires voter approval for local taxes. After two lower courts invalidated key portions of Proposition 62, many practitioners and local agencies have considered Proposition 62 unenforceable and have acted accordingly.

Since 1986, the City has implemented the following taxes without a vote of the people.

 Hotel-Motel Occupancy Tax – Increased rate from 6% to 8% effective October 1, 1989 and from 8% to 10% effective October 1, 1990.

The City had a special election on April 11, 2006, to receive voter approval on the Hotel-Motel Occupancy tax rate. The voters approved a Hotel-Motel Occupancy tax rate of 10%.

#### NOTE 16 JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS

The City is involved in two joint ventures, in addition to joint insurance pooling with the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (as described in Note 14).

#### **Southwest Water Coalition**

On July 1, 1991 the City, along with more than ten public agencies, entered into a joint powers agreement to form the Southeast Water Coalition (Coalition). The Coalition's purpose is to jointly exercise their powers for the purpose of improving and protecting the quality and quantity of potable water in the Southeast Area of Los Angeles County. The legislative body of each of the participating parties shall appoint one board member. Contributions are required upon arrival of a majority of all members of the Board. The City of Norwalk may withdraw from the Coalition upon 30 day written notice and payment of any previously unpaid contributions.

Upon termination of the Coalition, all of its then existing assets shall be divided equally among the then remaining member agencies. This joint venture is not currently experiencing financial stress or accumulating significant resources. The City does not have a measurable material equity interest in the joint venture.

Separate financial statements for the Southeast Water Coalition are available at the City of Norwalk, 12700 Norwalk Boulevard, Norwalk, CA 90651-1030.

## NOTE 16 JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## **I-5 Consortium Joint Powers Authority**

The City of Norwalk is one of six cities that formed the 1-5 Consortium Joint Powers Authority (Consortium) in May 1991. The Consortium was created to act in concert with the state of California and Federal Agencies in matters pertaining to the development of plans and financing for 1-5 Freeway improvements. Each member city has appointed one board member to represent its city. Annual contributions are required on an equal pro-rata basis upon approval by the Board. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City of Norwalk contributed \$30,000.

The City of Norwalk is responsible for a pro-rata share of any liability to the state of California or federal government that arises from any agreement entered into by the Consortium. Upon termination of the Consortium, all of its then existing assets shall be divided equally among the then remaining member cities. This joint venture is not currently experiencing financial stress or accumulating significant resources. The City does not have a measurable material equity interest in the joint venture.

Separate financial statements for the I-5 Consortium Joint Powers Authority are available at the City of Norwalk, 12700 Norwalk Boulevard, Norwalk, California 90651-1030.

# NOTE 17 SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE DISSOLVED NORWALK REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

The accompanying financial statements also include the Private-Purpose Trust Fund for the Successor Agency to the City's former Redevelopment Agency (Successor Agency). The City, as the Successor Agency, serves in a fiduciary capacity, as custodian for the assets and to wind down the affairs of the former Redevelopment Agency. Its assets are held in trust for the benefit of the taxing entities within the former Redevelopment Agency's boundaries and as such, are not available for the use of the City.

Disclosures related to the certain assets and long-term liabilities of the Successor Agency are as follows:

### **Disclosure of Successor Agency Capital Assets**

	_	Balance at uly 1, 2020	A	Additions	 etions/ nsfers	_	Balance at ne 30, 2021
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements	\$	1,010,388	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,010,388
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements		(151,558)		(25,260)	_		(176,818)
Total Successor Agency Capital Assets, Net	\$	858,830	\$	(25,260)	\$ 	\$	833,570

# NOTE 17 SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE DISSOLVED NORWALK REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (CONTINUED)

#### **Disclosure of Successor Agency Debts**

Details of the Successor Agency's long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2021	One Year
OTHER DEBT					
Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds:					
2005 Series A	\$ 23,880,000	\$ -	\$ (1,035,000)	\$ 22,845,000	\$ 1,080,000
Add: Bond Premium	244,673	-	(16,045)	228,628	-
2005 Series B (Taxable)	21,110,000	-	(845,000)	20,265,000	890,000
Less: Bond Discount	(180,463)		11,833	(168,630)	
Subtotals	45,054,210		(1,884,212)	43,169,998	1,970,000
DIRECT BORROWINGS AND					<u> </u>
PLACEMENTS					
County Deferred Loans:					
Project Area No. 1	30,691,666	-	-	30,691,666	-
Project Area No. 2	16,884,676	1,181,927		18,066,603	
Total Other Debt and					
County Deferred Loans	92,630,552	1,181,927	(1,884,212)	91,928,267	1,970,000
DIRECT BORROWINGS AND					
PLACEMENTS					
Advances from the City of Norwalk:					
Metro Center Parcels	7,462,894	152,519	(734,870)	6,880,543	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 100,093,446	\$ 1,334,446	\$ (2,619,082)	\$ 98,808,810	\$ 1,970,000

## Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, 2005 Series A

\$34,815,000 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, 2005 Series A; issued November 2005 to refund the Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 1995A and Series 1995B; serial bonds due in amounts ranging from \$610,000 to \$1,285,000 on October 1 of each year starting 2006 through 2025 and term bonds with principal amounts of \$7,445,000 and \$9,500,000 due on October 1, 2030 and 2035, respectively; interest rates vary from 3.50% to 5.00%. The defeasance of the bonds resulted in a loss from defeasance of \$200,388. The balance of the loss from defeasance, net of accumulated amortization, is \$97,623 as of June 30, 2021.

The Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds are subject to federal arbitrage regulations. The City calculated no arbitrage rebate due as of June 30, 2021. The balance outstanding on the Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, 2005 Series A at June 30, 2021, was \$22,845,000.

# NOTE 17 SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE DISSOLVED NORWALK REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (CONTINUED)

#### <u>Disclosure of Successor Agency Debts (Continued)</u>

Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, 2005 Series A (Continued)

Future debt service principal and interest payments on the Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, 2005 Series A are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	1,080,000	1,089,516	2,169,516
2023	1,125,000	1,040,444	2,165,444
2024	1,180,000	988,581	2,168,581
2025	1,230,000	934,356	2,164,356
2026	1,285,000	876,966	2,161,966
2027 - 2031	7,445,000	3,342,375	10,787,375
2032 - 2036	9,500,000	1,233,714	10,733,714
Subtotals	22,845,000	9,505,952	32,350,952
Add: Bond Premium	228,628		228,628
Totals	\$ 23,073,628	\$ 9,505,952	\$ 32,579,580

## Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, 2005 Series B (Taxable)

\$29,310,000 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, 2005 Series B (Taxable); issued November 2005 to finance certain redevelopment activities; serial bonds due in amounts ranging from \$415,000 to \$585,000 on October 1 of each year starting 2006 through 2013 and term bonds with principal amounts of \$1,265,000 to \$15,275,000 due on October 1, 2015 through October 1, 2035, respectively; interest rates vary from 4.77% to 5.75%. The balance outstanding on the Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, 2005 Series B (Taxable) at June 30, 2021, was \$20,265,000.

# NOTE 17 SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE DISSOLVED NORWALK REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (CONTINUED)

#### <u>Disclosure of Successor Agency Debts (Continued)</u>

Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, 2005 Series B (Taxable) (Continued)

Future debt service principal and interest payments on the Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, 2005 Series B (Taxable) are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	890,000	1,133,969	2,023,969
2023	945,000	1,082,359	2,027,359
2024	995,000	1,027,797	2,022,797
2025	1,050,000	970,281	2,020,281
2026	1,110,000	909,531	2,019,531
2027 - 2031	6,575,000	3,488,094	10,063,094
2032 - 2036	8,700,000	1,306,688	10,006,688
Subtotals	20,265,000	9,918,719	30,183,719
Less: Bond Discount	(168,630)		(168,630)
Totals	\$ 20,096,370	\$ 9,918,719	\$ 30,015,089

The 2005A and B bonds have a reserve of \$4,246,859 that is required to be set-aside to further secure the payment of principal and interest on the bonds. At June 30, 2021, this reserve was fully funded.

#### **County Deferred Loans**

The former Norwalk Redevelopment Agency entered into two agreements for reimbursement of tax increment funds with the Los Angeles County, one for Project Area No. 1 and the other for Project Area No. 2. The agreements were as follows:

#### Project Area No. 1

An agreement was entered into on July 24, 1984, between the former Norwalk Redevelopment Agency (Agency) and the County of Los Angeles regarding the use of tax increment revenues generated by Project Area No. 1. Various entities are entitled to their proportionate share of the annual tax increments, and the distribution is summarized as follows: Fire Protection District 16.9%; County of Los Angeles 54.8%; and the Agency 28.3%.

Recognizing the Agency's need to utilize a substantial portion of the annual tax increments generated in the project area, the County of Los Angeles agreed to loan its tax increments to the Agency. The County will defer receipt of its portion of the tax increment until the Agency is receiving \$1,500,000 in tax increment annually. Thereafter, the Agency shall continue to receive \$1,500,000 annually, but shall reimburse the County the excess tax increment above \$1,500,000 as a loan payment.

# NOTE 17 SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE DISSOLVED NORWALK REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (CONTINUED)

#### <u>Disclosure of Successor Agency Debts (Continued)</u>

County Deferred Loans (Continued)

Project Area No. 1 (Continued)

The dollar amount was increased from \$1,500,000 to \$2,900,000 when Amendment No. 2 was entered into on February 2, 1993. This amendment also stated that, commencing with the 1992-93 fiscal year, the Agency shall be granted a \$35,000 per year credit, for each such fiscal year, towards the cumulative deficit owed to the County.

The County has stated that as of June 30, 2021, the deferred loan balance payable to the County of Los Angeles for Project Area No. 1 was \$30,691,666.

#### Project Area No. 2

An agreement was entered into on August 17, 1987, between the Agency and the County of Los Angeles in regard to the use of tax increment revenues generated by Project Area No. 2. The Agency, the County of Los Angeles and the Fire Protection District are all entitled to their proportionate shares of the annual tax increments. The distribution is as follows: Agency 29.1%; County 53.9%; and the District 17.0%. Because of the Agency's need for a substantial portion of the tax increments, the County of Los Angeles agreed to loan its tax increments to the Agency on the following basis: the County shall annually loan to the Agency a portion of the amounts reimbursed, so that annually the Agency receives property tax increments up to \$600,000; the loan shall accrue interest at 7% per year; the Agency shall commence repayment of the loan by annually paying to the County all tax increments exceeding \$600,000; and the Agency may not pledge more than \$600,000 in annual tax increments to the repayment of any tax allocation bonds or notes without the consent of the County.

The County has stated that as of June 30, 2021, the deferred loan balance payable to the County of Los Angeles for Project Area No. 2 was \$18,066,603.

The Department of Finance, in their review of the ROPS, has disallowed the County deferred loan balances for Project Area No. 1 and Project Area No. 2, to be enforceable obligations.

# NOTE 17 SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE DISSOLVED NORWALK REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (CONTINUED)

#### <u>Disclosure of Successor Agency Debts (Continued)</u>

Advances from the City's General Fund

The former Redevelopment Agency advances were used for the general cost and to build the Metro Center. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2021 is \$6,880,543.

On May 15, 2013 the Successor Agency received a Finding of Completion letter from the Department of Finance authorizing the Agency to place loan agreements between the former redevelopment agency and sponsoring entity on the ROPS, as an enforceable obligation, provided the oversight board made a finding that the loan was for legitimate redevelopment purposes per HSC section 34191.4(b)(1). The oversight board made such a finding during fiscal year 2014. Loan repayments will be governed by criteria in HSC section 34191.4(a)(2).

The Senate Bill 107 (SB 107) enacted by the State legislation in September 2015, allows the Successor Agency to recalculate and repay these loans using 3% or 4% interest rate, instead of the LAIF rate. The 4% interest would apply only if the Successor Agency opts to file a last and final ROPS. In fiscal year 2020-2021, the Successor Agency recalculated the accrued interest at the 3% simple rate required by SB 107 and recalculated the loan balance applying all historical payments to principal first. This resulted in a net restatement (reduction) of this loan of \$1,343,456 (see Note 18 for restatement details).

Principal payments of \$734,871 were made on the advance in fiscal year 2020-2021.

#### **Successor Agency Commitments**

#### Costco Wholesale Corporation

In November 1985, the former Norwalk Redevelopment Agency (Agency) entered into an agreement with Norwalk-La Mirada Unified School District (Landlord). Under this master lease agreement, the Agency leased approximately 11 acres of land from the Landlord for an initial term of 25 years, with five ten-year options to extend.

Concurrently, under the same terms, the Agency entered into a sub-lease agreement with the Costco Wholesale Corporation (sub-tenant). On March 22, 2011, the sub-tenant exercised its Extension Option to extend the sublease term to June 29, 2021, and the lease term of the master lease to June 30, 2021.

Since July 1, 1995, the rent payments are paid pursuant to the Second Stage Rent, which requires Agency to pay the Landlord all rental income received from subtenant. The minimum annual rent and the sublease for any extended term of the sublease is \$400,000 adjusted by the greater of one-half the increase in the Consumer Price Index, or a formula provided in the master agreement based on appraisal value of the property. Effective July 1, 2011, the minimum annual rent of \$659,250 was established based on the appraised value formula. It will be in effect until June 30, 2021.

# NOTE 17 SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE DISSOLVED NORWALK REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (CONTINUED)

## **Successor Agency Commitments (Continued)**

Costco Wholesale Corporation (Continued)

In relation to the master lease agreement between the Agency and NLMUSD as discussed in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this note, the Agency is required to remit to the Landlord 1/3 of 1% of sub-tenant's gross sales as annual percentage rent if the Agency receives such payment from the sub-tenant. In fiscal year 2020-2021, the Agency did not receive any such payments from the sub-tenant.

## NOTE 18 RESTATEMENT

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
Net position at July 1, 2020, as originally reported Implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, donations	\$ 151,201,198	\$ 47,744,928	\$ 198,946,126
that are not liabilities, but are assigned fund balance Restate loan between General Fund and Successor Agency due to recalculation	362,361	-	362,361
of interest under SB 107 Record depreciation on assets in place	(1,343,456)	-	(1,343,456)
and in use in the prior year Net position at July 1, 2020, as restated	\$ 150,220,103	(316,652) \$ 47,428,276	(316,652) \$ 197,648,379
Net position at July 1, 2020, as originally reported Record depreciation on assets in place and in use in the prior year Net position at July 1, 2020, as restated	Water Enterprise Fund  \$ 16,587,506  (316,652) \$ 16,270,854		
Fund balance at July 1, 2020, as originally reported Implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, donations	General Fund \$ 24,989,686		
that are not liabilities, but are assigned fund balance  Restate loan between General Fund and Successor Agency due to recalculation	362,361		
of interest under SB 107 Fund balance at July 1, 2020, as restated	(1,343,456) \$ 24,008,591		

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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### CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

Fiscal Year Ended	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Measurement Period	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Total Pension Liability:		
Service Cost	\$ 3,323,523	\$ 3,372,786
Interest on Total Pension Liability	13,478,426	12,937,506
Differences Between Expected		
and Actual Experience	62,784	1,785,120
Changes in Assumptions	-	-
Changes in Benefits	-	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds		
of Employee Contributions	(9,135,869)	(8,430,409)
Net Change in Total		
Pension Liability	7,728,864	9,665,003
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of Year	191,352,842	181,687,839
Total Pension Liability - End of Year (a)	\$ 199,081,706	\$ 191,352,842
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:		
Contributions - Employer	\$ 5,609,414	\$ 4,886,155
Contributions - Employee	1,326,081	1,400,192
Net Investment Income	6,802,116	8,540,962
Benefit Payments	(9,135,869)	(8,430,409)
Administrative Expense	(192,382)	
Miscellaneous Expense	(192,302)	(92,885) 302
•		302
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary	4 400 000	0.004.047
Net Position	4,409,360	6,304,317
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		
of Year	136,464,806	130,160,489
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of		
Year (b)	<u>\$ 140,874,166</u>	\$ 136,464,806
rodi (b)	<del>ψ 110,011,100</del>	ψ 100,101,000
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$ 58,207,540	\$ 54,888,036
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a		
Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.76%	71.32%
,		
Covered Payroll	\$ 17,391,243	\$ 17,344,449
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage		
of Covered Payroll	334.69%	316.46%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes:

There were no changes in benefits.

#### Changes in Assumptions:

From fiscal year June 30, 2015 to June 30, 2016:

GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.50% used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65% used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense.

From fiscal year June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017:

There were no changes in assumptions.

From fiscal year June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018:

The discount rate was reduced from 7.65% to 7.15%.

From fiscal year June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2021:

There were no significant changes in assumptions.

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation and therefore only seven years are shown.

### CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

Fiscal Year Ended	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Measurement Period	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Total Pension Liability:					
Service Cost	\$ 3,395,393	\$ 3,253,433	\$ 2,798,540	\$ 2,777,970	\$ 2,846,128
Interest on Total Pension Liability	12,272,227	11,814,360	11,420,438	10,941,117	10,415,206
Differences Between Expected					
and Actual Experience	44,859	(1,191,669)	(541,635)	200,587	-
Changes in Assumptions	(1,177,831)	9,941,881	-	(2,694,093)	-
Changes in Benefits	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds					
of Employee Contributions	(7,843,277)	(7,360,837)	(7,134,374)	(6,709,820)	(6,454,235)
Net Change in Total	' <u>-</u>				
Pension Liability	6,691,371	16,457,168	6,542,969	4,515,761	6,807,099
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of Year	174,996,468	158,539,300	151,996,331	147,480,570	140,673,471
Total Pension Liability - End of Year (a)	\$ 181,687,839	\$ 174,996,468	\$ 158,539,300	\$ 151,996,331	\$ 147,480,570
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:					
Contributions - Employer	\$ 4,326,086	\$ 4,001,016	\$ 3,620,111	\$ 3,088,469	\$ 2,827,904
Contributions - Employee	1,422,508	1,344,205	1,302,530	1,200,653	1,213,682
Net Investment Income	10,347,163	12,480,715	587,323	2,524,863	17,146,278
Benefit Payments	(7,843,277)	(7,360,837)	(7,134,374)	(6,709,820)	(6,454,235)
Administrative Expense	(190,829)	(165,600)	(69,389)	(128,139)	(0,404,200)
Miscellaneous Expense	(362,689)	(100,000)	(03,003)	(120,103)	_
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary	(002,003)				
Net Position	7,698,962	10,299,499	(1,693,799)	(23,974)	14,733,629
Not 1 ostuon	1,000,002	10,233,433	(1,000,700)	(20,514)	14,700,020
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning					
of Year	122,461,527	112,162,028	113,855,827	113,879,801	99,146,172
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of					
Year (b)	\$ 130,160,489	\$ 122,461,527	\$ 112,162,028	\$ 113,855,827	\$ 113,879,801
· ,					
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$ 51,527,350	\$ 52,534,941	\$ 46,377,272	\$ 38,140,504	\$ 33,600,769
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a					
Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	71.64%	69.98%	70.75%	74.91%	77.22%
Covered Payroll	\$ 17,213,375	\$ 16,611,011	\$ 15,835,113	\$ 15,392,118	\$ 14,721,610
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage					
of Covered Payroll	299.34%	316.27%	292.88%	247.79%	228.24%
or covered r ayron	233.34 /0	310.27 /0	232.00 /0	271.13/0	220.24 /0

### CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – CalPERS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

Fiscal Year Ended	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 6,109,036	\$ 5,607,849
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	(6,109,036)	(5,607,849)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 17,473,578	\$ 17,391,243
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	34.96%	32.25%
Notes to Schedule: Valuation Date	6/30/2018	6/30/2017
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates: Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Asset Valuation Method	Entry Age (1) Fair Value	Entry Age (1) Fair Value
Inflation Salary Increases Investment Rate Of Return Retirement Age Mortality	2.500% (2) 7.00% (3) (4) (5)	2.625% (2) 7.25% (3) (4) (5)

- (1) Level percentage of payroll, closed
- (2) Depending on age, service, and type of employment
- (3) Net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
- (4) 50 years (2%@55, 2.7%@55), 52 years (2%@62)\*\*
- (5) Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS Experience Study adopted by the CalPERS Board.

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation and therefore only seven years are shown.

### CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – CalPERS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

Fiscal Year Ended	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 4,882,298	\$ 4,252,350	\$ 3,620,111	\$ 3,574,267	\$ 3,133,656
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	(4,882,298)	(4,252,350)	(3,620,111)	(3,574,267)	(3,133,656)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 17,344,449	\$ 17,213,375	\$ 16,611,011	\$ 15,835,113	\$ 15,392,118
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	28.15%	24.70%	21.79%	22.57%	20.36%
Notes to Schedule: Valuation Date	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	6/30/2013	6/30/2012
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates: Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Asset Valuation Method	Entry Age (1) Fair Value	Entry Age (1) Fair Value	Entry Age (1) Fair Value	Entry Age (1) Fair Value	Entry Age (1) 15 Year Smoothed
Inflation Salary Increases Investment Rate Of Return Retirement Age Mortality	2.75% (2) 7.375% (3) (4) (5)	2.75% (2) 7.50% (3) (4) (5)	2.75% (2) 7.50% (3) (4) (5)	2.75% (2) 7.50% (3) (4) (5)	Market Method 2.75% (2) 7.50% (3) (4) (5)

### CITY OF NORWALK OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

Fiscal Year End	6/30/2021		6/30/2020		6/30/2019		6/30/2018	
Measurement Date		6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018			6/30/2017	
Total OPEB Liability: Service Cost Interest on Total OPEB Liability Changes of Benefit Terms Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds and the Implied Subsidy Benefit Payments Net Change in Total OPEB Liability Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	\$	1,365,581 2,792,494 553,607 (631,994) 451,302 (2,054,171) 2,476,819 41,278,418	\$ 1,299,093 2,664,436 - (45,071) 507,024 (1,831,888) 2,593,594 38,684,824	\$	1,522,089 2,797,595 596,892 (2,047,171) (2,818,474) (1,728,952) (1,678,021) 40,362,845	\$	1,477,756 2,696,630 - - - - (1,714,146) 2,460,240 37,902,605	
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year (a)  Plan Fiduciary Net Position:    Contributions - Employer    Net Investment Income    Benefit Payments, Including Refunds and the Implied    Subsidy Benefit Payments    Administrative Expenses         Net Change In Plan Fiduciary Net Position  Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year  Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year (b)  Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$	3,664,771 254,002 (2,054,171) (43,618) 1,820,984 8,747,362 10,568,346 33,186,891	\$ 41,278,418  3,442,488 586,074  (1,831,888) (18,267) 2,178,407 6,568,955 8,747,362 32,531,056	\$	2,895,732 404,743 (1,728,952) (10,566) 1,560,957 5,007,998 6,568,955 32,115,869	\$	3,295,446 483,661 (1,714,146) - 2,064,961 2,943,037 5,007,998 35,354,847	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		24.15%	21.19%		16.98%		12.41%	
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	17,391,243	\$ 17,344,449	\$	17,213,375	\$	16,611,011	
Net OPEB Liability as Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		190.83%	187.56%		186.58%		212.84%	

#### Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes:

From fiscal year June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019:

The City cap for General Group Members benefits was increased from \$900 per month for 2017 to \$1,200 per month for 2018.

From fiscal year June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021:

The City pays for 100% of medical benefit premiums up to the cap, which was \$900 per month for 2017, \$1,200 per month for 2018 and \$1,600 per month for 2019 and later. PERSCare Family Rate was \$2,421 in 2020 and \$2,694 in 2021.

#### Changes in Assumptions:

Discount rate changed as noted in the columns

6.21%

6.71%

6.82%

7.00%

From fiscal year June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019:

The mortality, disability, termination, and retirement assumptions for June 30, 2018 utilized the CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study while the December 2017 CalPERS experience study was utilized for June 30, 2019.

June 30, 2018 contained healthcare rates of 7.00% trending down to 3.94% over 57 years while June 30, 2019 contained healthcare rates of 6.50% trending down to 3.84% over 58 years.

From fiscal year June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020:

The healthcare rates decreased from 6.50% to 6.00% trending down to 3.84% over 55 years.

From fiscal year June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021:

The healthcare trend rates increased from 6.00% trending down to 3.84% over 55 years to 6.50% trending down to 4.04% over 57 years.

CalPERS salary merit scale updated from 2015 to 2018.

The ACA Excise Tax Assumption was removed.

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation and therefore only four years are shown.

### CITY OF NORWALK OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

Fiscal Year Ended	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 3,588,344	\$ 3,125,815	\$ 3,175,795	\$ 2,974,742
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	(3,808,238)	(3,664,739)	(3,442,488)	(2,961,987)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (219,894)	\$ (538,924)	\$ (266,693)	\$ 12,755
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 17,473,578	\$ 17,391,243	\$ 17,344,449	\$ 17,213,375
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	21.79%	21.07%	19.85%	17.21%
Notes to Schedule:				
Valuation Date	6/30/2020	6/30/2018	6/30/2018	6/30/2016
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:				
Actuarial cost method	Entr	ry age normal, leve		yroll
Amortization method		Closed period, lev		
Amortization period	25 Years	25 Years	20 Years	25 Years
Asset valuation method	Market Value	Market Value	Market Value	Market Value
Discount rate	6.71%	6.71%	6.82%	7.00%
Inflation	1.75%	1.75%	2.50%	2.50%
Mortality, disability, termination, retirement	(6)	(6)	(6)	(5)
Healthcare trend rates	(4)	(3)	(2)	(1)

<sup>(1) 7.00%</sup> trending down to 3.94% over 57 years

<sup>(2) 6.50%</sup> trending down to 3.84% over 58 years

<sup>(3) 6.00%</sup> trending down to 3.84% over 55 years

<sup>(4) 6.50%</sup> trending down to 4.04% over 57 years

<sup>(5)</sup> CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study

<sup>(6)</sup> CalPERS December 2017 experience study

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation and therefore only four years are shown.

### CITY OF NORWALK BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts				ariance with inal Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(	Negative)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	47,061,900	\$	51,259,184	\$	54,543,010	\$	3,283,826
Licenses and Permits		1,257,800		1,229,000		1,544,374		315,374
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		1,226,300		967,200		1,011,394		44,194
Use of Money and Property		653,300		728,300		502,631		(225,669)
Intergovernmental		240,635		2,018,881		2,039,482		20,601
Charges for Services		967,380		753,940		954,078		200,138
Rental Income		814,500		723,800		731,215		7,415
Other		1,024,140		1,027,640		1,309,465		281,825
Total Revenues	_	53,245,955		58,707,945	_	62,635,649		3,927,704
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government:								
Mayor, Council, and Boards		487,211		485,366		429,793		55,573
Management and Administration		3,275,984		3,453,677		3,045,177		408,500
City Clerk		881,061		869,195		906,775		(37,580)
Personnel Services		3,059,592		3,033,377		3,104,960		(71,583)
Financial Services		2,258,782		2,229,583		2,174,667		54,916
Total General Government		9,962,630		10,071,198		9,661,372		409,826
Public Safety:								
Public Safety Operations		16,951,180		17,507,656		17,152,538		355,118
Emergency Preparedness		197,251		197,251		99,150		98,101
Homeless Activities		344,041		349,041		457,563		(108,522)
Code Compliance		1,055,457		1,055,457		1,021,966		33,491
Total Public Safety		18,547,929		19,109,405		18,731,217		378,188
Urban Development:								
Community Development Operations		796,525		843,587		891,370		(47,783)
Building and Safety		1,120,465		1,111,707		1,081,988		29,719
Planning		989,187		976,392		846,516		129,876
Total Urban Development		2,906,177		2,931,686		2,819,874		111,812
Public Works:								
Public Services Administration		886,916		1,170,722		1,589,792		(419,070)
Security and Emergency Services		27,612		27,612		11,441		16,171
Facilities Maintenance		1,982,508		1,955,781		1,770,071		185,710
Street Maintenance		159,907		154,778		254,835		(100,057)
Traffic Maintenance		41,426		35,512		285,447		(249,935)
Signals and Street Lighting		268,105		462,739		633,898		(171,159)
Street Sweeping		418,229		418,229		492,159		(73,930)
Graffiti Removal		575,026		572,381		481,174		91,207
Tree Maintenance		671,689		663,835		725,688		(61,853)
Greenscape Maintenance		808,646		822,046		667,634		154,412
Storm Water Compliance		291,032		291,032		158,833		132,199
Engineering		959,743		951,643		670,282		281,361
Park Services		3,556,572		3,400,627		3,223,640		176,987
Total Public Works		10,647,411		10,926,937		10,964,894		(37,957)

### CITY OF NORWALK BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (CONTINUED) GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amo	unts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	 Original		Final	Actual		Negative)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)	 o.i.g.i.u.			 , 1010.		10941107
Current (Continued):						
Culture and Leisure:						
Recreation	\$ 4,533,050	\$	4,241,804	\$ 2,759,168	\$	1,482,636
Total Culture and Leisure	4,533,050		4,241,804	2,759,168		1,482,636
Health and Welfare:						
Social Services Administration	991,194		878,425	871,391		7,034
Senior Programs	1,128,008		1,049,834	704,831		345,003
Emergency Food and Shelter Program	43,875		43,875	26,737		17,138
Family Resource Center	229,567		229,567	209,244		20,323
Homeless Activities	 24,791		24,791	18,958		5,833
Total Health and Welfare	2,417,435		2,226,492	1,831,161		395,331
Capital Outlay and Improvement	 396,235		744,960	 585,379		159,581
Total Expenditures	49,410,867		50,252,482	47,353,065		2,899,417
Excess of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	3,835,088		8,455,463	15,282,584		6,827,121
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	22,000		22,000	1,264,282		1,242,282
Transfers Out	 (4,627,554)		(7,646,554)	(7,645,476)		1,078
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,605,554)		(7,624,554)	(6,381,194)		1,243,360
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(770,466)		830,909	8,901,390		8,070,481
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, as Restated	24,008,591		24,008,591	24,008,591		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 23,238,125	\$	24,839,500	\$ 32,909,981	\$	8,070,481

### CITY OF NORWALK BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,301	\$ 1,301
Intergovernmental	2,666,888	3,517,596	1,664,527	(1,853,069)
Other	144,054	195,844	258,061	62,217
Total Revenues	2,810,942	3,713,440	1,923,889	(1,789,551)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Urban Development	2,683,664	3,586,072	1,781,331	1,804,741
Health and Welfare	75,000	75,000	49,610	25,390
Capital Outlay and Improvement	524,200	2,195	6,297	(4,102)
Total Expenditures	3,282,864	3,663,267	1,837,238	1,826,029
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(471,922)	50,173	86,651	36,478
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	317,405	317,405	317,405	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ (154,517)	\$ 367,578	\$ 404,056	\$ 36,478

### CITY OF NORWALK BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOUSING AUTHORITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts		Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive	
	Original		Final	Actual	1)	(Negative)	
REVENUES							
Use of Money and Property	\$ 2,100	\$	2,100	\$ 3,412	\$	1,312	
Intergovernmental	7,577,939		8,422,023	9,031,746		609,723	
Other	 20,000		20,000	25,162		5,162	
Total Revenues	 7,600,039		8,444,123	9,060,320		616,197	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Health and Welfare	7,662,026		8,212,541	8,518,339		(305,798)	
Capital Outlay and Improvement	-		87,500	85,829		1,671	
Total Expenditures	7,662,026		8,300,041	8,604,168		(304,127)	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(61,987)		144,082	456,152		312,070	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 1,297,947		1,297,947	1,297,947			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,235,960	\$	1,442,029	\$ 1,754,099	\$	312,070	

### CITY OF NORWALK NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The City and its component units' fiscal year begins on July 1 of each year and ends June 30 the following year. On or before the fifteenth of June of each year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed budget for the next ensuing fiscal year based on a detailed financial plan prepared by the heads of the various offices, agencies and departments of the City and its component units. Upon receipt of the proposed budget, the Council may make modifications with the affirmative vote of at least a majority of its members. Before adoption of the budget, the Council holds a public hearing wherein the public is given an opportunity to be heard, after which the Council may make any revisions deemed advisable. On or before July 1 annually, the City Council adopts the budget as amended through a budget resolution passed by the affirmative vote of at least a majority of its members. Upon final adoption, the budget is in effect for the ensuing fiscal year and becomes the authority for the various offices, agencies, and departments to expend subject to controls established by the City Charter. At any meeting after the adoption of the budget, the City Council may amend or supplement the budget by affirmative vote of the majority of the Council members so as to authorize the transfer of unused balances appropriated for one purpose to another purpose, or to appropriate available revenue not included in the budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the department level, subject to the authority granted to the City Manager to transfer appropriations from account to account as necessary to assure adequate and proper standards of service and to achieve the intent of the City Council in providing municipal services for the fiscal year. Management may over expend appropriations within a department without the approval of City Council. City Council approval is required for any budget revisions that affect total appropriations of the City. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless they are re-appropriated through the formal budget process. Council action is necessary for transfers between departments/agencies or transfers between funds.

The City legally adopted budgets for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Certain Capital Projects Funds and Enterprise Funds with the exception of the following Funds: American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Special Revenue Fund, Forfeiture Special Revenue Fund, Measure "W" Special Revenue Fund, Proposition "1B" Capital Projects Fund, and Proposition "C" I-5 Mitigation Capital Projects Fund. Quarterly reports are prepared and distributed to the City Council and the executive management team to assure budgetary controls through fiscal management. Since there is no legal requirement for the City's Proprietary Funds to be reported to the City Council, the budgetary reporting under these funds are not presented in the accompanying financial statements.

Budgets are prepared on a modified accrual basis. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end to the extent that they have not been expended or lawfully encumbered. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level in the governmental funds, except that certain Special Revenue Funds are maintained at the project level.

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### OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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### CITY OF NORWALK BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEBT SERVICE FUND – MAJOR FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts		Fin	ance with al Budget Positive
		Original Final			Actual		egative)
REVENUES	_	o.igiiiai			 , 10100.		oguaro)
Use of Money and Property	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$ 473	\$	(4,527)
Total Revenues		5,000		5,000	473		(4,527)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government		-		5,600	10,230		(4,630)
Debt Service:							, ,
Principal Retirement		_		2,321,242	2,321,242		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		_		1,373,457	1,373,455		2
Total Expenditures				3,700,299	3,704,927		(4,628)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		5,000		(3,695,299)	(3,704,454)		(9,155)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers In		3,695,299		3,695,299	3,704,889		9,590
Total Other Financing Sources		3,695,299		3,695,299	3,704,889		9,590
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		3,700,299		-	435		435
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		1,208,580		1,208,580	1,208,580		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	4,908,879	\$	1,208,580	\$ 1,209,015	\$	435

### CITY OF NORWALK BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL PROJECTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS – MAJOR FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budge	eted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Use of Money and Property	\$ 48,16	35 \$ 48,165	\$ 4,744	\$ (43,421)
Intergovernmental	10,648,20	10,648,203	783,694	(9,864,509)
Other		<u>-</u>	3	3
Total Revenues	10,696,36	10,696,368	788,441	(9,907,927)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Public Works	369,00	396,081	236,612	159,469
Capital Outlay and Improvement	11,820,89	20,824,371	4,544,818	16,279,553
Total Expenditures	12,189,90	21,220,452	4,781,430	16,439,022
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,493,53	32) (10,524,084)	(3,992,989)	6,531,095
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	23,213,14	23,213,144	23,213,144	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 21,719,61	2 \$ 12,689,060	\$ 19,220,155	\$ 6,531,095

## CITY OF NORWALK BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – MAJOR FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final		Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES							
Use of Money and Property	\$ 35,000	\$	35,000	\$	40,881	\$	5,881
Total Revenues	35,000		35,000		40,881		5,881
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay and Improvement Total Expenditures	 1,405,091 1,405,091		1,454,249 1,454,249	_	175,538 175,538		1,278,711 1,278,711
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,370,091)		(1,419,249)		(134,657)		1,284,592
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 11,450,170		11,450,170		11,450,170		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 10,080,079	\$	10,030,921	\$	11,315,513	\$	1,284,592

## CITY OF NORWALK BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOUSING SUCCESSOR FUND CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – MAJOR FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amo	unts				ariance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual		(	Negative)
REVENUES							
Use of Money and Property	\$ 35,300	\$	35,300	\$	51,051	\$	15,751
Total Revenues	35,300		35,300		51,051		15,751
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Urban Development	189,712		189,712		94,667		95,045
Capital Outlay and Improvement	 4,005,260		4,171,918		296,503		3,875,415
Total Expenditures	4,194,972		4,361,630		391,170		3,970,460
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	(4,159,672)		(4,326,330)		(340,119)		3,986,211
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers In	 147,000		147,000		146,974		(26)
Total Other Financing Sources	147,000		147,000		146,974		(26)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(4,012,672)		(4,179,330)		(193,145)		3,986,185
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	12,453,140		12,453,140		12,453,140		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 8,440,468	\$	8,273,810	\$	12,259,995	\$	3,986,185

## CITY OF NORWALK BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OTHER FEDERAL GRANTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – MAJOR FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	-	Original		ı ınaı	 , totadi		(Hogalivo)
Intergovernmental	\$	7,336,359	\$	7,336,359	\$ 124,511	\$	(7,211,848)
Total Revenues		7,336,359		7,336,359	124,511		(7,211,848)
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Outlay and Improvement		7,238,280		7,187,735	1,578,264		5,609,471
Total Expenditures		7,238,280		7,187,735	1,578,264		5,609,471
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		98,079		148,624	(1,453,753)		(1,602,377)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		(114,703)		(114,703)	 (114,703)		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	(16,624)	\$	33,921	\$ (1,568,456)	\$	(1,602,377)

### CITY OF NORWALK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Total Other overnmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable, Net Due from Other Governments Prepaid Items	\$	16,110,736 140 2,296,846 5,658	\$ 16,512,202 - 686,845 -	\$	32,622,938 140 2,983,691 5,658
Total Assets	\$	18,413,380	\$ 17,199,047	\$	35,612,427
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$	1,450,806	\$ 50,521	\$	1,501,327
Due to Other Funds		138,228	232,634		370,862
Due to Other Governments		125,479	-		125,479
Unearned Revenue		65,270	 -		65,270
Total Liabilities		1,779,783	283,155		2,062,938
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenues		750,404	232,634		983,038
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		750,404	232,634		983,038
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)					
Nonspendable		5,658	-		5,658
Restricted		16,569,967	7,905,368		24,475,335
Committed		-	9,010,524		9,010,524
Unassigned		(692,432)	(232,634)		(925,066)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		15,883,193	16,683,258		32,566,451
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	18,413,380	\$ 17,199,047	\$	35,612,427

# CITY OF NORWALK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds	 Capital Projects Funds	Total Other overnmental Funds
REVENUES			
Use of Money and Property	\$ 130,239	\$ 97,129	\$ 227,368
Intergovernmental	17,924,968	2,695,920	20,620,888
Charges for Services	203,396	-	203,396
Other	 25,295	 231,275	 256,570
Total Revenues	18,283,898	 3,024,324	21,308,222
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General Government	382,535	110,232	492,767
Public Safety	221,689	5,768	227,457
Public Works	1,304,077	214,507	1,518,584
Culture and Leisure	-	44,213	44,213
Health and Welfare	8,852,807	3,311	8,856,118
Capital Outlay and Improvement	1,875,672	1,969,659	3,845,331
Debt Service:	,,-	, ,	-,,-
Principal Retirement	_	74,781	74,781
Interest and Fiscal Charges	_	10,197	10,197
Total Expenditures	12,636,780	2,432,668	15,069,448
Excess of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	5,647,118	591,656	6,238,774
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Capital Lease Issuance	_	1,125,558	1,125,558
Transfers In	496,441	5,461,865	5,958,306
Transfers Out	(4,238,864)	-	(4,238,864)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,742,423)	6,587,423	2,845,000
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,904,695	7,179,079	9,083,774
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 13,978,498	 9,504,179	23,482,677
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 15,883,193	\$ 16,683,258	\$ 32,566,451

### CITY OF NORWALK DESCRIPTION OF OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

#### **NONMAJOR FUNDS**

<u>Child Development Program Fund</u> – This fund accounts for child care for income-eligible families. Financing is provided by a grant from the Federal Government through the State Department of Education and the County of Los Angeles.

<u>State Gasoline Tax Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the operations of the street and maintenance projects of the Public Services department. Financing is provided by the City's share of State gasoline taxes.

<u>Air Quality Improvement Fund</u> – This fund accounts for monies received from the County for enacting policies to improve air quality.

<u>Norwalk Senior Program Fund</u> – This fund accounts for supportive services to senior citizens. Financing is provided by a grant from the Federal Government through the Area Agency of Aging.

<u>Proposition C Fund</u> – This fund accounts for revenues received from the County from one-quarter of one percent of sales tax. Expenditures are restricted for projects approved by the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (MTA).

<u>Public Safety Fund</u> – This fund accounts for revenues received under Federal, State and local public safety grants. Expenditures are for activities of the Law Enforcement Block Grant, Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Fund, School Partnership Grant and Office of Traffic Safety.

<u>Parking Structure Fund</u> – This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to the operations of the Civic Center parking structure.

<u>Forfeiture Fund</u> – This fund accounts for revenues received from the LA County Sheriff Department's drug-related confiscations. Funds are restricted for Public Safety purposes.

<u>Special Grants Fund</u> – This fund accounts for revenues received under Federal, State and local grants. Expenditures are for activities of the Consumer Rental Mediation Board, which provides dispute resolution services as an alternative to formal court proceedings.

<u>Proposition A Fund</u> – This fund accounts for revenues received from the County from the one-half of one cent tax authorized by Proposition "A". Expenditures are restricted to transportation services.

<u>Measure R Fund</u> – This fund accounts for mainly revenues and monies spent on critical transit and highway projects.

<u>Measure M Fund</u> – This fund accounts for revenues received from the County from the one-half cent tax authorized by Measure "M". Expenditures are restricted to improve traffic flow and safety.

Measure W Fund – This fund accounts for revenues received as a portion of special tax for parcels located in the Los Angeles County Flood Control District, which covers the majority of Los Angeles County. The tax revenue was approved by voters in 2018 as Measure "W - The Safe, Clean Water Act". It is taxed at a rate of 2.5 cents per square foot of "impermeable area" (i.e. paved or built-on surfaces that that prevent "stormwater and urban runoff from entering the earth," like concrete patios and driveways) and paid by property owners to fund projects, infrastructure, and programs to capture, treat, and recycle rainwater.

### CITY OF NORWALK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS	Child velopment Program	 State Gasoline Tax	Air Quality provement	Norwalk Senior Program		Proposition "C"	Public Safety	arking tructure
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$ -	\$ 453,140	\$ 118,154	\$ 44,151	\$	7,541,260	\$ 422,660	\$ 20,111
Accounts Receivable, Net  Due from Other Governments	- 743,117	- 164,360	- 67,317	- 67,194		140 6,767	23,772	-
Prepaid Items	 743,117	-	-	-		5,658	20,112	
	 _		 _	 _			 _	_
Total Assets	\$ 743,117	\$ 617,500	\$ 185,471	\$ 111,345	\$	7,553,825	\$ 446,432	\$ 20,111
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$ 582,616	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 68,724	\$	370,507	\$ 66,070	\$ 20,111
Due to Other Funds	12,373	-	-	-		-	-	-
Due to Other Governments	82,858	-	-	42,621		-	-	-
Unearned Revenue	 65,270	 -	 -	 -		-	 -	
Total Liabilities	 743,117	 -	 -	 111,345		370,507	 66,070	 20,111
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenues	554,310	-	32,217	_		-	16,183	-
Total Deferred Inflows								
of Resources	 554,310	 	 32,217	 	_		 16,183	
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-		5,658	-	-
Restricted	-	617,500	153,254	-		7,177,660	364,179	-
Unassigned	(554,310)	-	-	-		-	-	-
Total Fund Balances	(554,310)	617,500	153,254	-		7,183,318	364,179	-
Total Liabilities, Deferred								
Inflows of Resources,								
and Fund Balances	\$ 743,117	\$ 617,500	\$ 185,471	\$ 111,345	\$	7,553,825	\$ 446,432	\$ 20,111

### CITY OF NORWALK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

_		rfeiture	Special Grants		Proposition "A"			Measure "R"		Measure "M"		Measure "W"		Total Other Special Revenue Funds	
ASSETS							_								
Cash and Investments	\$	678	\$	-	\$	345,990	\$	3,485,658	\$	3,678,934	\$	-	\$	16,110,736	
Accounts Receivable, Net		-		-		-		-		-	4.0	-		140	
Due from Other Governments		-		147,694		-		-		-	1,0	76,625		2,296,846	
Prepaid Items	-		_				_		_			-		5,658	
Total Assets	\$	678	\$	147,694	\$	345,990	\$	3,485,658	\$	3,678,934	\$ 1,0	76,625	\$	18,413,380	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES															
LIABILITIES															
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	12,267	\$	2,088	\$	328,423	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,450,806	
Due to Other Funds		-		125,855		-		-		-		-		138,228	
Due to Other Governments		-		-		-		-		-		-		125,479	
Unearned Revenue				-						-				65,270	
Total Liabilities		-		138,122		2,088		328,423		-		-		1,779,783	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES															
Unavailable Revenues		-		147,694		-		-		-		-		750,404	
Total Deferred Inflows															
of Resources			_	147,694			_		_			-		750,404	
FUND BALANCES															
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-		5,658	
Restricted		678		-		343,902		3,157,235		3,678,934	1,0	76,625		16,569,967	
Unassigned				(138,122)		-		-		-				(692,432)	
Total Fund Balances		678	_	(138,122)	_	343,902	_	3,157,235	_	3,678,934	1,0	76,625	_	15,883,193	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	678	\$	147,694	\$	345,990	\$	3,485,658	\$	3,678,934	¢ 1 0	76,625	\$	18.413.380	
and i und Dalances	Ψ	010	Ψ	141,034	Ψ	J <del>4</del> J,93U	Ψ	0,400,000	Ψ	0,070,834	Ψ 1,0	110,020	Ψ	10,710,000	

# CITY OF NORWALK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Child Development	State Gasoline	Air Quality	Norwalk Senior	Proposition	Public	Parking
	Program	Tax	Improvement	Program	"C"	Safety	Structure
REVENUES							
Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$ 4,248	\$ 955	\$ -	\$ 56,984	\$ 2,826	\$ -
Intergovernmental	6,751,148	1,608,844	105,826	1,022,252	1,781,441	386,976	-
Charges for Services	108,005	-	-	-	95,346	-	45
Other				100	25,195		
Total Revenues	6,859,153	1,613,092	106,781	1,022,352	1,958,966	389,802	45
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government	-	-	-	-	100,367	-	282,168
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	7,748	213,941	-
Public Works	-	-	-	-	815,926	-	-
Health and Welfare	7,413,463	-	90,434	1,094,019	-	-	-
Capital Outlay and Improvement		1,374,592		_	148,934		
Total Expenditures	7,413,463	1,374,592	90,434	1,094,019	1,072,975	213,941	282,168
Excess (Deficiency)							
of Revenues Over							
Expenditures	(554,310)	238,500	16,347	(71,667)	885,991	175,861	(282,123)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	-	-	-	71,667	-	-	424,774
Transfers Out	-	-	-	-	(374,017)	-	(252,827)
Total Other Financing							
Sources (Uses)				71,667	(374,017)		171,947
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(554,310)	238,500	16,347	-	511,974	175,861	(110,176)
Fund Balances (Deficits) -							
Beginning of Year		379,000	136,907		6,671,344	188,318	110,176
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - END OF YEAR	\$ (554,310)	\$ 617,500	\$ 153,254	\$ -	\$ 7,183,318	\$ 364,179	\$ -

# CITY OF NORWALK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Forfeitu	ıre	Special Grants	Proposition "A"	Measure "R"	Measure "M"	Measure "W"	Total Other Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES	\$	5	\$ 261	\$ 5.563	\$ 30.328	\$ 29.069	\$ -	\$ 130,239
Use of Money and Property Intergovernmental	Ф	Э	190,295	\$ 5,563 2,147,701	1,337,933	1,515,927	ء - 1,076,625	\$ 130,239 17,924,968
Charges for Services		-	190,293	2,147,701	1,337,933	1,515,921	1,070,023	203,396
Other		_	_	_	_	_	_	25.295
Total Revenues		5	190,556	2,153,264	1,368,261	1,544,996	1,076,625	18,283,898
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		-	-	-	-	-	-	382,535
Public Safety		-	-	-	-	-	_	221,689
Public Works		-	-	48,647	439,504	-	-	1,304,077
Health and Welfare		-	254,891	-	-	-	-	8,852,807
Capital Outlay and Improvement					344,542	7,604		1,875,672
Total Expenditures		-	254,891	48,647	784,046	7,604		12,636,780
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		5	(64,335)	2,104,617	584,215	1,537,392	1,076,625	5,647,118
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		_	_	_	_	_	_	496,441
Transfers Out		_	_	(1,770,780)	(866,600)	(974,640)	-	(4,238,864)
Total Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)				(1,770,780)	(866,600)	(974,640)		(3,742,423)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		5	(64,335)	333,837	(282,385)	562,752	1,076,625	1,904,695
Fund Balances (Deficits) -								
Beginning of Year		673	(73,787)	10,065	3,439,620	3,116,182		13,978,498
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - END OF YEAR	\$	678	\$ (138,122)	\$ 343,902	\$ 3,157,235	\$ 3,678,934	\$ 1,076,625	\$ 15,883,193

# CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL CHILD DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amount Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	_		
Intergovernmental	\$ 6,543,769	\$ 6,751,148	\$ 207,379
Charges for Services	102,000	108,005	6,005
Total Revenues	6,645,769	6,859,153	213,384
EXPENDITURES Current: Health and Welfare Total Expenditures	6,645,769 6,645,769	7,413,463 7,413,463	(767,694) (767,694)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	(554,310)	(554,310)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ (554,310)	\$ (554,310)

## CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATE GASOLINE TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amount Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Use of Money and Property	\$ 500	\$ 4,248	\$ 3,748
Intergovernmental	1,594,070	1,608,844	14,774
Total Revenues	1,594,570	1,613,092	18,522
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay and Improvement Total Expenditures	1,719,000 1,719,000	1,374,592 1,374,592	344,408 344,408
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(124,430)	238,500	362,930
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	379,000	379,000	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 254,570	\$ 617,500	\$ 362,930

# CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgete Amour Final		Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES Use of Money and Property Intergovernmental Total Revenues		100 \$ ,000 ,100	955 105,826 106,781	\$	855 (28,174) (27,319)
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Health and Welfare  Total Expenditures		,564 ,564	90,434 90,434		130 130
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	43	,536	16,347		(27,189)
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers Out Total Other Financing Uses		,000) ,000)	<u>-</u>		10,000 10,000
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	33	,536	16,347		(17,189)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	136	,907	136,907		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 170	<u>,443 \$</u>	153,254	\$	(17,189)

# CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL NORWALK SENIOR PROGRAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amount Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	<b>A</b> 0.000.007	<b>4</b> 4 000 050	Φ (004.745)
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,003,967	\$ 1,022,252	\$ (981,715)
Other	2 002 067	100	(004 645)
Total Revenues	2,003,967	1,022,352	(981,615)
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Health and Welfare	2,046,926	1,094,019	952,907
Total Expenditures	2,046,926	1,094,019	952,907
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(42,959)	(71,667)	(28,708)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Transfers In	41,064	71,667	30,603
Total Other Financing Sources	41,064	71,667	30,603
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,895)	-	1,895
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ (1,895)	\$ -	\$ 1,895

# CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROPOSITION "C" SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

DEVENUE	Budgeted Amount Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Use of Money and Property Intergovernmental Charges for Services Other Total Revenues	\$ 20,000 1,866,250 256,500 - 2,143,250	\$ 56,984 1,781,441 95,346 25,195 1,958,966	\$ 36,984 (84,809) (161,154) 25,195 (184,284)
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government	98,306	100,367	(2,061)
Public Safety	-	7,748	(7,748)
Public Works	1,245,802	815,926	429,876
Capital Outlay and Improvement	4,461,358	148,934	4,312,424
Total Expenditures	5,805,466	1,072,975	4,732,491
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(3,662,216)	885,991	4,548,207
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Transfers Out	(396,017)	(374,017)	22,000
Total Other Financing Uses	(396,017)	(374,017)	22,000
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(4,058,233)	511,974	4,570,207
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	6,671,344	6,671,344	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,613,111	\$ 7,183,318	\$ 4,570,207

# CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL PUBLIC SAFETY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amount Final		Actual		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES						
Use of Money and Property	\$	1,400	\$	2,826	\$	1,426
Intergovernmental		374,376		386,976		12,600
Total Revenues		375,776		389,802		14,026
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Public Safety		456,710		213,941		242,769
Total Expenditures		456,710		213,941		242,769
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(80,934)		175,861		256,795
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		188,318	•	188,318		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	107,384	\$	364,179	\$	256,795

# CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARKING STRUCTURE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amount Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Charges for Services	\$ -	\$ 45	\$ 45
Total Revenues	<u>-</u>	45	45
EXPENDITURES Current:			
General Government	302,848	282,168	20,680
Total Expenditures	302,848	282,168	20,680
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(302,848)	(282,123)	20,725
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	447,106	424,774	(22,332)
Transfers Out	(254,512)	(252,827)	1,685
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	192,594	171,947	(20,647)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(110,254)	(110,176)	78
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	110,176	110,176	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ (78)	\$ -	\$ 78

# CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amount Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$ 261	\$ 261
Intergovernmental	161,039	190,295	29,256
Total Revenues	161,039	190,556	29,517
EXPENDITURES Current: Health and Welfare Total Expenditures	198,040 198,040	254,891 254,891	(56,851) (56,851)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(37,001)	(64,335)	(27,334)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	(73,787)	(73,787)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ (110,788)	\$ (138,122)	\$ (27,334)

### CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROPOSITION "A" SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amount Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Use of Money and Property Intergovernmental Total Revenues	\$ - 2,249,950 2,249,950	\$ 5,563 2,147,701 2,153,264	\$ 5,563 (102,249) (96,686)
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Public Works	166,009	48,647	117,362
Total Expenditures	166,009	48,647	117,362
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	2,083,941	2,104,617	20,676
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Transfers Out  Total Other Financing Uses	(1,770,780) (1,770,780)	(1,770,780) (1,770,780)	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	313,161	333,837	20,676
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	10,065	10,065	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ 323,226	\$ 343,902	\$ 20,676

# CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL MEASURE "R" SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amount Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES		*	
Use of Money and Property	\$ 2,500	\$ 30,328	\$ 27,828
Intergovernmental	1,399,830	1,337,933	(61,897)
Total Revenues	1,402,330	1,368,261	(34,069)
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Public Works	597,000	439,504	157,496
Capital Outlay and Improvement	2,823,774	344,542	2,479,232
Total Expenditures	3,420,774	784,046	2,636,728
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,018,444)	584,215	2,602,659
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Transfers Out	(863,850)	(866,600)	(2,750)
Total Other Financing Uses	(863,850)	(866,600)	(2,750)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,882,294)	(282,385)	2,599,909
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	3,439,620	3,439,620	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 557,326	\$ 3,157,235	\$ 2,599,909

# CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL MEASURE "M" SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budgeted Amount Final		Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES Use of Money and Property	\$	2,500	\$	29,069	\$	26,569
Intergovernmental	Ψ	1,586,310	Ψ	1,515,927	Ψ	(70,383)
Total Revenues		1,588,810		1,544,996		(43,814)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Public Works		200,000		-		200,000
Capital Outlay and Improvement		1,378,713		7,604		1,371,109
Total Expenditures		1,578,713		7,604		1,571,109
Excess of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		10,097		1,537,392		1,527,295
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers Out		(970,553)		(974,640)		(4,087)
Total Other Financing Uses		(970,553)		(974,640)		(4,087)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(960,456)		562,752		1,523,208
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		3,116,182		3,116,182		-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	2,155,726	\$	3,678,934	\$	1,523,208

#### CITY OF NORWALK DESCRIPTION OF OTHER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities which are not financed by proprietary funds.

#### NONMAJOR FUNDS

<u>Proposition "1B" Fund</u> – The fund accounts for the construction of street improvements at various locations throughout the City. Financing is provided by money received from Proposition "1B".

<u>Road Maintenance Rehabilitation Fund</u> – The fund accounts for revenues received from the State SB1 taxes. Expenditures are restricted to basic road maintenance, rehabilitation, and critical safety projects.

<u>Proposition "C" 1-5 Mitigation Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the street projects related to the mitigation of the highway 1-5 widening project.

<u>Public Art Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the purchase of artwork with in-lieu contributions from contractors who do not elect to provide artwork for their projects.

<u>Highway User Tax – 2103 Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the maintenance or reconstruction costs on public streets or roads.

<u>Park Development Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the costs of development and improvement of facilities at City parks. Financing is provided by grants received under federal, state and local agreements.

<u>Playground Equipment Replacement Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the purchase and replacement of playground equipment of the City. Financing is provided through operating transfers and grants received.

<u>Sports Complex Equipment Replacement Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the purchase and replacement of equipment at the Norwalk Sports and Arts Complex. Financing is provided through operating transfers and grants.

<u>Computer Replacement Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the purchase and replacement of computer equipment leased to City departments. Financing is provided through operating transfers and grants received.

<u>Vehicle and Equipment Replacement Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the purchase and replacement of vehicles and equipment leased to City departments. Financing is provided through operating transfers and grants received.

<u>Building Renovation Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the costs of development and improvements at City Hall. Financing is provided by operating transfers or grants received.

<u>Street Renovation Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the maintenance and improvements of streets. Financing is provided by operating transfers or grants received.

#### CITY OF NORWALK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND JUNE 30, 2021

	Pi	roposition "1B"	Road aintenance ehabilitation	roposition "C" Mitigation	Public Art	 Highway User Tax - 2103	De	Park velopment
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments Due from Other Governments	\$	230,230	\$ 4,300,523 357,139	\$ 232,634	\$ 414,500	\$ 2,090,708 97,072	\$	415,289 -
			· · ·	· · ·		 · ·		
Total Assets	\$	230,230	\$ 4,657,662	\$ 232,634	\$ 414,500	\$ 2,187,780	\$	415,289
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 93	\$ -	\$	-
Due to Other Funds		-	-	232,634	-	-		-
Total Liabilities		-	-	232,634	93	-		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenues		-		232,634	-	-		
Total Deferred Inflows								
of Resources		-	-	232,634	-	-		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)								
Restricted		230,230	4,657,662	-	414,407	2,187,780		415,289
Committed		-	-	-	-	-		-
Unassigned		-	 -	 (232,634)	 -	 -		
Total Fund Balances								
(Deficits)		230,230	 4,657,662	 (232,634)	 414,407	 2,187,780		415,289
Total Liabilities, Deferred								
Inflows of Resources, and								
Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	230,230	\$ 4,657,662	\$ 232,634	\$ 414,500	\$ 2,187,780	\$	415,289

#### CITY OF NORWALK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) OTHER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND JUNE 30, 2021

	E	Playground Equipment eplacement	Е	Sports Complex equipment eplacement	Computer placement	Vehicle and Equipment eplacement	F	Building Renovation	F	Street Renovation	 Fotal Other Capital Projects Funds
ASSETS											
Cash and Investments Due from Other Governments	\$	1,336,558	\$	211,883	\$ 712,157 -	\$ 2,140,246	\$	1,587,564	\$	3,072,544	\$ 16,512,202 686,845
Total Assets	\$	1,336,558	\$	211,883	\$ 712,157	\$ 2,140,246	\$	1,587,564	\$	3,072,544	\$ 17,199,047
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)											
LIABILITIES											
Accounts Payable	\$	26,441	\$	-	\$ 13,619	\$ -	\$	10,368	\$	-	\$ 50,521
Due to Other Funds		-		-	-	-		-		-	232,634
Total Liabilities		26,441		-	13,619	-		10,368		-	283,155
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF											
RESOURCES											
Unavailable Revenues		-		-	-	 -				-	232,634
Total Deferred Inflows											
of Resources		-		-	-	-		-		-	232,634
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)											
Restricted		-		-	-	-		-		-	7,905,368
Committed		1,310,117		211,883	698,538	2,140,246		1,577,196		3,072,544	9,010,524
Unassigned		-		-	-	 -				-	(232,634)
Total Fund Balances						<u>.</u>					
(Deficits)		1,310,117		211,883	 698,538	 2,140,246		1,577,196		3,072,544	 16,683,258
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and											
Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	1,336,558	\$	211,883	\$ 712,157	\$ 2,140,246	\$	1,587,564	\$	3,072,544	\$ 17,199,047

### CITY OF NORWALK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Proposit	ion	Road aintenance habilitation	roposition "C" Mitigation	Public Art	Highway User ax - 2103	Dev	Park /elopment
REVENUES								
Use of Money and Property	\$	1,871	\$ 25,255	\$ -	\$ 1,921	\$ 14,888	\$	2,466
Intergovernmental		-	1,959,839	-	-	736,081		-
Charges for Services		-	-	-	-	-		-
Other		-	 <del></del>	 	 231,275	 <del></del>		
Total Revenues		1,871	 1,985,094	 	 233,196	 750,969		2,466
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		-	-	-	-	-		-
Public Safety		-	-	-	-	-		-
Public Works		-	-	-	15,900	185,000		-
Culture and Leisure		-	-	-	-	-		-
Health and Welfare		-	-	-	-	-		-
Capital Outlay and Improvement		-	882	-	-	178		-
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		-	-	-	-	-		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-	-	-	-	-		-
Total Expenditures		-	882	-	15,900	185,178		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,871	1,984,212	-	217,296	565,791		2,466
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Capital Lease Issuance		_	_	_	_	_		_
Transfers In		_	_	_	_	_		_
Total Other Financing			 			 ,		
Sources					 -			_
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,871	1,984,212	-	217,296	565,791		2,466
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year	22	8,359	2,673,450	(232,634)	197,111	1,621,989		412,823
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) -								
END OF YEAR	\$ 23	0,230	\$ 4,657,662	\$ (232,634)	\$ 414,407	\$ 2,187,780	\$	415,289

# CITY OF NORWALK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) OTHER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Е	ayground quipment placement	C Eq	Sports complex quipment blacement	omputer lacement	Vehicle and Equipment eplacement	Building tenovation	R	Street tenovation	 otal Other Capital Projects Funds
REVENUES										
Use of Money and Property	\$	10,367	\$	1,198	\$ 3,365	\$ 14,560	\$ 10,559	\$	10,679	\$ 97,129
Intergovernmental		-		-	-	-	-		-	2,695,920
Charges for Services		-		-	-	-	-		-	-
Other		-		-	 -	 -	 		-	 231,275
Total Revenues		10,367		1,198	 3,365	 14,560	 10,559	_	10,679	 3,024,324
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government		-		-	110,232	-	-		-	110,232
Public Safety		-		-	1,976	3,792	-		-	5,768
Public Works		-		-	373	13,234	-		-	214,507
Culture and Leisure		34,246		-	8,839	1,128	-		-	44,213
Health and Welfare		-		-	2,964	347	-		-	3,311
Capital Outlay and Improvement		23,750		-	-	1,827,271	117,578		-	1,969,659
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement		-		-	-	74,781	-		-	74,781
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		-	-	10,197	-		-	10,197
Total Expenditures		57,996			124,384	1,930,750	117,578		-	2,432,668
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(47,629)		1,198	(121,019)	(1,916,190)	(107,019)		10,679	591,656
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES										
Capital Lease Issuance						1,125,558				1,125,558
Transfers In		100,000		100,000	500,000	1,125,556	500,000		3,061,865	5,461,865
Total Other Financing		100,000		100,000	 300,000	 1,200,000	 500,000		3,001,003	 5,401,005
Sources		100,000		100,000	500,000	2,325,558	500,000		3,061,865	6,587,423
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		52,371		101,198	378,981	409,368	392,981		3,072,544	7,179,079
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year		1,257,746		110,685	319,557	 1,730,878	 1,184,215			9,504,179
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - END OF YEAR	\$	1,310,117	\$	211,883	\$ 698,538	\$ 2,140,246	\$ 1,577,196	\$	3,072,544	\$ 16,683,258

# CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD MAINTENANCE REHABILITATION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amount Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$ 25,255	\$ 25,255
Intergovernmental	1,834,570	1,959,839	125,269
Total Revenues	1,834,570	1,985,094	150,524
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay and Improvement Total Expenditures	3,120,498 3,120,498	882 882	3,119,616 3,119,616
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,285,928)	1,984,212	3,270,140
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,673,450	2,673,450	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,387,522	\$ 4,657,662	\$ 3,270,140

# CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL PUBLIC ART CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amount Final	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES					
Use of Money and Property	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,921	\$ 921		
Other	20,000	231,275	211,275		
Total Revenues	21,000	233,196	212,196		
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Public Works	18,000	15,900	2,100		
Total Expenditures	18,000	15,900	2,100		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	3,000	217,296	214,296		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	197,111	197,111			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 200,111	\$ 414,407	\$ 214,296		

### CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL HIGHWAY USER TAX – 2103 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amount Final	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES			
Use of Money and Property	\$ 1,000	\$ 14,888	\$ 13,888
Intergovernmental	901,904	736,081	(165,823)
Total Revenues	902,904	750,969	(151,935)
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Works Capital Outlay and Improvement Total Expenditures	620,000 1,026,665 1,646,665	185,000 178 185,178	435,000 1,026,487 1,461,487
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(743,761)	565,791	1,309,552
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,621,989	1,621,989	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 878,228	\$ 2,187,780	\$ 1,309,552

# CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARK DEVELOPMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

DEVENUE	Budgeted Amount Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$ 2,466	\$ 2,466
Total Revenues	-	2,466	2,466
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay and Improvement Total Expenditures	300,000 300,000		300,000
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(300,000)	2,466	302,466
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	412,823	412,823	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 112,823	\$ 415,289	\$ 302,466

### CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL PLAYGROUND EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	A	dgeted mount Final		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES						
Use of Money and Property  Total Revenues	\$	500 500	_\$	10,367 10,367	_\$	9,867 9,867
EXPENDITURES Current:						3,63.
Culture and Leisure		118,651		34,246		84,405
Capital Outlay and Improvement		698,308		23,750		674,558
Total Expenditures		816,959		57,996		758,963
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(816,459)		(47,629)		768,830
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources		100,000		100,000		<u>-</u>
Total Outor I marioning Cources		100,000		100,000		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(716,459)		52,371		768,830
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		1,257,746		1,257,746		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	541,287	\$	1,310,117	\$	768,830

# CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPORTS COMPLEX EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amount Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Use of Money and Property	\$ 500	\$ 1,198	\$ 698
Total Revenues	500	1,198	698
EXPENDITURES			
Excess of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	500	1,198	698
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Transfers In	100,000	100,000	
Total Other Financing Sources	100,000	100,000	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	100,500	101,198	698
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	110,685	110,685	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 211,185	\$ 211,883	\$ 698

# CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPUTER REPLACEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES			
Use of Money and Property	\$ 500	\$ 3,365	\$ 2,865
Total Revenues	500	3,365	2,865
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General Government	100,491	110,232	(9,741)
Public Safety	1,976	1,976	-
Public Works	373	373	-
Culture and Leisure	8,839	8,839	-
Health and Welfare	2,964	2,964	
Total Expenditures	114,643	124,384	(9,741)
Deficiency of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	(114,143)	(121,019)	(6,876)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Transfers In	500,000	500,000	-
Total Other Financing Sources	500,000	500,000	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	385,857	378,981	(6,876)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	319,557	319,557	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 705,414	\$ 698,538	\$ (6,876)

### CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		dgeted mount			Fina	ance with al Budget Positive
	F	inal		Actual	(N	egative)
REVENUES						
Use of Money and Property	\$	500	_\$	14,560	\$	14,060
Total Revenues		500		14,560		14,060
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public Safety		47,749		3,792		43,957
Public Works		119,968		13,234		106,734
Culture and Leisure		1,348		1,128		220
Health and Welfare		3,407		347		3,060
Capital Outlay and Improvement	1	,821,458		1,827,271		(5,813)
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		74,781		74,781		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		10,197		10,197		
Total Expenditures	2	2,078,908		1,930,750		148,158
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	(2	2,078,408)		(1,916,190)		162,218
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Capital Lease Issuance	1	,125,558		1,125,558		_
Transfers In		,200,000		1,200,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources	2	2,325,558		2,325,558		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		247,150		409,368		162,218
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1	,730,878		1,730,878		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1	,978,028	\$	2,140,246	\$	162,218

# CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUILDING RENOVATION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amount Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES						
Use of Money and Property	\$ 500	\$ 10,559	\$ 10,059			
Total Revenues	500	10,559	10,059			
EXPENDITURES						
Capital Outlay and Improvement	659,147	117,578	541,569			
Total Expenditures	659,147	117,578	541,569			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(658,647)	(107,019)	551,628			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers In	500,000	500,000				
Total Other Financing Sources	500,000	500,000	_			
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(158,647)	392,981	551,628			
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,184,215	1,184,215				
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,025,568	\$ 1,577,196	\$ 551,628			

# CITY OF NORWALK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL STREET RENOVATION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amount Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$ 10,679	\$ 10,679
Total Revenues		10,679	10,679
EXPENDITURES			
Capital Outlay and Improvement	61,865		61,865
Total Expenditures	61,865		61,865
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(61,865)	10,679	72,544
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	3,000,000	3,061,865	61,865
Total Other Financing Sources	3,000,000	3,061,865	61,865
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	2,938,135	3,072,544	134,409
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,938,135	\$ 3,072,544	\$ 134,409

#### CITY OF NORWALK DESCRIPTION OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

Internal service funds are used to account for financing of goods and services provided by one department to other departments of the City.

<u>Employee Benefits Fund</u> – The fund accounts for the costs of providing employer benefits to the various City departments. Such costs are charged to the departments based on a percentage of salaries.

<u>Vehicle Maintenance Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the costs of maintenance of City vehicles used by the various City departments. Such costs are based upon actual usage.

#### CITY OF NORWALK COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities												
	Em	ployee	,	Vehicle									
	Ве	enefits	Ma	intenance		Totals							
ASSETS													
Current Assets:													
Cash and Investments	\$	1,438	\$	244,045	\$	245,483							
Inventory		-		133,682		133,682							
Prepaid Items		-		5,658		5,658							
Total Current Assets		1,438		383,385		384,823							
Total Assets		1,438		383,385		384,823							
LIABILITIES													
Current Liabilities:													
Accounts Payable		1,438		70,478		71,916							
Accrued Expenses		-		123,549		123,549							
Compensated Absences Payable,													
Current Portion				12,169		12,169							
Total Current Liabilities		1,438	'	206,196		207,634							
Noncurrent Liabilities:													
Compensated Absences Payable,													
Long-Term Portion	-	-		177,189		177,189							
Total Noncurrent Liabilities				177,189		177,189							
Total Liabilities		1,438		383,385		384,823							
NET POSITION													
Unrestricted													
Total Net Position	\$		\$	-	\$	-							

### CITY OF NORWALK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities												
	Employee	Vehicle											
	Benefits	Maintenance	Totals										
OPERATING REVENUES													
Charges for Services	\$ 15,071,017	\$ 3,229,481	\$ 18,300,498										
Total Operating Revenues	15,071,017	3,229,481	18,300,498										
OPERATING EXPENSES Administrative Utilities Salaries and Benefits Maintenance and Repairs	- - 15,071,017 -	29,111 39,284 2,569,086 592,000	29,111 39,284 17,640,103 592,000										
Total Operating Expenses	15,071,017	3,229,481	18,300,498										
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	-	-	-										
Net Position - Beginning of Year													
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	_\$	\$ -	\$ -										

### CITY OF NORWALK COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities											
		Employee Benefits	М	Vehicle aintenance		Totals						
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES												
Receipts from Tenants, Customers, and Users	\$	15,071,017	\$	3,229,481	\$	18,300,498						
Payments to Suppliers		(15,232,897)		(747,775)		(15,980,672)						
Payments to Employees		<u>-</u>		(2,556,491)		(2,556,491)						
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities		(161,880)		(74,785)		(236,665)						
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(161,880)		(74,785)		(236,665)						
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		163,318		318,830		482,148						
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	1,438	\$	244,045	\$	245,483						
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES												
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_						
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ							
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory		_		(48,590)		(48,590)						
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items		_		5,328		5,328						
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(161,880)		(54,982)		(216,862)						
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses		-		10,864		10,864						
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Payable		-		12,595		12,595						
Net Cash Used By Operating Activities	\$	(161,880)	\$	(74,785)	\$	(236,665)						





### CITY OF NORWALK, CALIFORNIA DESCRIPTION OF STATISTICAL SECTION CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2021

This part of the City of Cerritos's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Pages</u>
Financial Trends  These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	166 – 171
Revenue Capacity  These tables contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	172 – 175
Debt Capacity  These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	176 – 179
Demographic and Economic Information  These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	180 – 181
Operating Information  These tables contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	182 – 184
Water Systems  These schedules contain historical operating and statistical data pertaining to the Continuing Disclosure requirements for the Water Revenue Bonds.	185 – 193

### CITY OF NORWALK NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal Year 2011-12\* 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15\*\* 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 \*\*\* 2018-19 2019-20 2020-21 **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES** Net Invested In Capital Assets \$ 169,952,289 \$ 166,403,726 \$ 142,690,605 \$ 144,602,594 \$ 148,534,353 \$ 145,019,728 \$ 143,865,804 \$ 140,419,300 \$ 134,167,737 \$ 127,752,356 Restricted 11,828,031 11,877,331 13,781,493 39,771,841 36,213,203 35,568,787 36,620,694 41,213,626 49,364,231 58,219,821 (3,252,013)Unrestricted 21,990,115 24,521,888 31,873,166 (6,607,339)(699,746)(22,928,545)(25,733,501)(32,330,770)(18,624,283) **Total Governmental** Activities Net Position 203.770.435 202.802.945 188.345.264 177.767.096 184.047.810 177.336.502 157.557.953 155.899.425 151.201.198 167.347.894 **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES** 25,663,416 30,689,254 51,992,532 54,796,698 54,862,196 55,392,470 51,928,808 51,993,634 52,516,818 Net Invested In Capital Assets 47,316,165 Restricted 3,496,405 3,498,268 Unrestricted (3,131,920)(1,196,453)1,841,967 (8,433,036) (1,812,882)(2,408,188)(9,551,914)(6,570,054)(4,248,706)(2,952,610) Total Business-Type **Activities Net Position** 22,531,496 29,492,801 52,654,537 47,057,764 52,983,816 52,454,008 45,840,556 45,358,754 47,744,928 49,564,208 PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Net Invested In Capital Assets 195,615,705 197,092,980 190,006,770 196,595,126 203,331,051 199,881,924 199,258,274 192,348,108 186,161,371 180,269,174 Restricted 11,828,031 11,877,331 17,277,898 43,270,109 36,213,203 35,568,787 36,620,694 41,213,626 49,364,231 58,219,821 Unrestricted 18,858,195 23,325,435 33,715,133 (15,040,375)(2,512,628)(5,660,201)(32,480,459)(32,303,555)(36,579,476)(21,576,893)**Total Primary Government** Net Position \$ 224,824,860 \$ 237,031,626 \$ 229,790,510 \$ 201.258.179

<sup>\*</sup> The Norwalk Redevelopment Agency was dissolved as of January 31, 2012. The Successor Agency is reported as a Fiduciary Fund

<sup>\*\*</sup> GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

### CITY OF NORWALK CHANGES IN NET POSITION – EXPENSES AND PROGRAM REVENUES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year												
	2011-12*	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21			
EXPENSES													
Governmental Activities: **													
General Government	\$ 8,884,242	\$ 8,710,567	\$ 9,256,135	\$ 9,020,311	\$ 9,809,460	\$ 10,754,302	\$ 11,784,341	\$ 11,265,337	\$ 12,354,750	\$ 11,308,923			
Public Safety	14,279,772	14,249,603	14,234,725	13,759,113	14,273,198	14,848,751	15,885,480	16,839,607	18,547,657	19,009,188			
Urban Development	4,357,950	3,458,368	3,976,300	3,473,779	3,783,360	4,476,066	4,573,577	5,163,599	4,900,668	4,728,224			
Public Works	20,889,518	21,803,171	22,923,334	20,726,639	19,925,937	22,369,137	22,811,905	23,969,411	25,195,617	22,717,145			
Culture and Leisure	3,775,436	3,890,065	4,050,588	4,757,635	5,387,150	5,331,894	5,507,699	4,894,500	4,647,732	2,985,333			
Health and Welfare	13,873,285	13,203,687	12,864,079	12,588,832	13,851,310	13,682,599	14,900,082	15,789,712	18,099,438	19,381,336			
Interest Expense	2,420,418	756,657	544,494	479,252	485,817	426,822	387,397	563,307	1,094,395	1,083,084			
Bond Interest Costs		214,454	203,147						386,656				
Total Governmental Activities Net Expenses	68,480,620	66,286,573	68,052,802	64,805,561	67,516,232	71,889,570	75,850,481	78,485,473	85,226,913	81,213,233			
Business-Type Activities:													
Transit System	13,188,597	13,097,504	13,178,039	12,553,592	12,279,655	14,616,307	15,722,272	15,904,629	17,684,192	17,218,130			
Water	4,189,925	4,080,423	4,471,239	4,444,880	4,343,879	4,722,943	5,254,018	5,342,509	5,178,873	5,079,180			
Sewer	-	-	1,574,191	1,749,438	1,579,050	1,777,414	1,973,782	3,158,180	1,898,276	1,849,459			
Golf Course	309,777	334,630	319,816	218,307	100,336								
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	17,688,299	17,512,557	19,543,285	18,966,217	18,302,920	21,116,664	22,950,072	24,405,318	24,761,341	24,146,769			
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 86,168,919	\$ 83,799,130	\$ 87,596,087	\$ 83,771,778	\$ 85,819,152	\$ 93,006,234	\$ 98,800,553	\$ 102,890,791	\$ 109,988,254	\$ 105,360,002			
PROGRAM REVENUES													
Governmental Activities:													
Charges for Services:													
General Government	\$ 1,688,661	\$ 3,530,210	\$ 2,627,910	\$ 2,512,428	\$ 2,489,183	\$ 2,416,519	\$ 2,595,457	\$ 2,134,790	\$ 2,045,607	\$ 2,402,382			
Public Safety	1,731,478	1,899,542	1,724,933	1,493,944	1,543,117	1,508,425	1,550,296	1,319,144	1,161,698	1,131,942			
Urban Development	4,044,470	1,952,261	1,967,219	2,484,292	2,458,025	2,596,867	2,313,692	2,421,333	1,600,287	2,183,063			
Public Works	191,032	257,232	270,449	292,171	299,108	298,619	339,800	333,688	461,959	316,521			
Culture and Leisure	524,419	526,005	749,021	457,254	841,809	591,702	637,317	527,511	600,466	297,017			
Health and Welfare	440,685	1,332,438	441,309	576,593	543,048	499,164	438,658	409,203	339,588	389,550			
Operating Contributions and Grants	24,545,865	21,347,543	26,576,829	27,712,357	23,759,966	21,306,532	24,890,640	26,384,136	30,401,900	36,864,163			
Capital Contributions and Grants			,			129,325	311,635	176,220	655,852	41,010			
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	33,166,610	30,845,231	34,357,670	35,529,039	31,934,256	29,347,153	33,077,495	33,706,025	37,267,357	43,625,648			
Business-Type Activities:													
Charges for Services:													
Transit System	1,612,290	1,525,603	1,542,350	1,394,973	1,558,139	1,635,756	1,590,908	1,618,831	1,330,197	234,374			
Water Utility	4,871,980	5,172,247	5,303,496	5,051,998	4,953,919	5,147,289	5,704,279	5,659,007	5,792,198	6,141,485			
Sewer (2)	4,071,000	0,172,247	2,231,922	2,356,627	2,423,016	2,443,276	2,573,946	2,600,121	2,598,408	2,625,416			
Golf Course (1)	163,186	143,235	153,622	147,956	60,128	2,440,270	2,070,040	2,000,121	2,000,400	2,020,410			
Operating Contributions and Grants	9,994,239	10,526,038	9,222,713	7,984,501	8,377,484	7,613,042	9,021,190	10,019,614	12,651,585	11,751,454			
Capital Contributions and Grants	212,763	6,864,247	2,155,536	3,997,176	4,718,164	1,602,839	2,820,413	1,597,917	2,314,285	3,217,655			
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	16,854,458	24,231,370	20,609,639	20,933,231	22,090,850	18,442,202	21,710,736	21,495,490	24,686,673	23,970,384			
Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 50.021.068	\$ 55.076.601	\$ 54,967,309	\$ 56,462,270	\$ 54.025.106	\$ 47,789,355	\$ 54.788.231	\$ 55,201,515	\$ 61.954.030	\$ 67,596,032			
NET (EXPENSE)/REVENUE													
Governmental Activities	\$ (35,314,010)	\$ (35,441,342)	\$ (33,695,132)	\$ (29,276,522)	\$ (35,581,976)	\$ (42,542,417)	\$ (42,772,986)	\$ (44,779,448)	\$ (47,959,556)	\$ (37,587,585)			
Business-Type Activities	(833,841)	6,718,813	1,066,354	1,967,014	3,787,930	(2,674,462)	(1,239,336)	(2,909,828)	(74,668)	(176,385)			
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (36,147,851)	\$ (28,722,529)	\$ (32,628,778)	\$ (27,309,508)	\$ (31,794,046)		\$ (44,012,322)	\$ (47,689,276)	\$ (48,034,224)	\$ (37,763,970)			
(4) As of Leaves 20040, the Newsyll Colf Contacts in which the recommend of Lea Armstee Court	<del>\$ (00,147,001)</del>	ψ (E0,1 EE,0Eθ)	\$ (02,020,110)	<u> </u>	<b>₩</b> (01,704,040)	Ç (40,210,019)	Ç (44,012,022)	\$ (41,000,210)	ψ ( <del>10,001,224</del> )	\$ (01,100,010)			

<sup>(1)</sup> As of January 2016, the Norwalk Golf Center is under the management of Los Angeles County.

<sup>(2)</sup> City of Norwalk established Sewer as business-type activity as of 7/1/2013.

<sup>\*</sup> The Norwalk Redevelopment Agency was dissolved as of 1/31/12. The Successor Agency is reported as a Fiduciary Fund

<sup>\*\*</sup> Fiscal year 2009-10 through 2017-18 expenses have been reclassified to reflect current reporting structure.

### CITY OF NORWALK CHANGES IN NET POSITION – GENERAL REVENUES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

					Fisca	l Year				
	2011-12*	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
GENERAL REVENUES AND										
OTHER CHANGES IN NET										
POSITION										
Governmental Activities:										
Sales Taxes	\$ 8,760,445	\$ 9,323,299	\$ 9,327,844	\$ 9,525,144	\$ 10,541,304	\$ 10,264,892	\$ 11,078,771	\$ 12,492,890	\$ 11,916,110	\$ 13,110,164
Property Taxes	7,823,406	6,986,560	6,616,294	6,842,242	7,636,462	7,481,345	8,390,338	8,115,122	8,750,465	9,040,237
Utility Users Tax	5,421,616	5,354,039	5,256,908	5,287,009	5,296,349	5,093,361	4,848,872	4,461,942	4,228,417	9,577,756
<b>Business Operation Taxes</b>	858,584	782,573	798,659	843,097	844,971	857,171	880,709	911,424	874,725	4,454,135
Transient Occupancy Taxes	1,128,493	1,227,030	1,309,026	1,378,504	1,532,516	1,544,811	1,593,203	1,672,320	1,328,356	761,811
Property Tax in-Lieu of VLF	8,535,764	8,727,028	9,021,481	9,566,153	9,973,472	10,430,453	10,967,928	11,646,200	12,295,865	1,480,676
Franchise Fees	1,747,542	1,790,365	1,859,947	1,908,525	1,881,854	1,786,343	1,836,980	3,011,175	3,128,272	12,928,583
Investment Income	2,083,266	474,353	338,779	342,057	1,250,061	399,167	211,385	2,892,859	2,844,473	3,189,648
Miscellaneous/Extraordinary										
Items/Transfers	55,889,121	(191,395)	(24,270,932)	20,938,417	2,905,701	(2,026,434)	(1,951,033)	(2,083,012)	(2,105,354)	(2,144,797)
Total Governmental										
Activities	92,248,237	34,473,852	10,258,006	56,631,148	41,862,690	35,831,109	37,857,153	43,120,920	43,261,329	54,715,376
Business-Type Activities:										
Investment Income	29,272	51,097	50,866	76,182	137,457	118,220	192,254	345,014	355,488	167,520
Miscellaneous/ Transfers	830,187	191,395	22,044,516	2,034,880	2,000,665	2,026,434	1,951,033	2,083,012	2,105,354	2,144,797
Total Business-Type										
Activities	859,459	242,492	22,095,382	2,111,062	2,138,122	2,144,654	2,143,287	2,428,026	2,460,842	2,312,317
Total Primary Government	\$ 93,107,696	\$ 34,716,344	\$ 32,353,388	\$ 58,742,210	\$ 44,000,812	\$ 37,975,763	\$ 40,000,440	\$ 45,548,946	\$ 45,722,171	\$ 57,027,693
•										
CHANGE IN NET POSITION										
Governmental Activities	\$ 56,934,227	\$ (967,490)	\$ (23,437,126)	\$ 27,354,626	\$ 6,280,714	\$ (6,711,308)	\$ (4,915,833)	\$ (1,658,528)	\$ (4,698,227)	\$ 17,127,791
Business-Type Activities	25,618	6,961,305	23,161,736	4,078,076	5,926,052	(529,808)	903,951	(481,802)	2,386,174	2,135,932
2.									, ,	
Total Primary Government	\$ 56,959,845	\$ 5,993,815	\$ (275,390)	\$ 31,432,702	\$ 12,206,766	\$ (7,241,116)	\$ (4,011,882)	\$ (2,140,330)	\$ (2,312,053)	\$ 19,263,723

<sup>\*</sup> The Norwalk Redevelopment Agency was dissolved as of 1/31/12. The Successor Agency is reported as a Fiduciary Fund

### CITY OF NORWALK FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

							Fisca	l Yea	ar					
	2011	-12 *	2012-13		2013-14	2014-15	2015-16		2016-17	2017-18	2018-19		2019-20	2020-21
GENERAL FUND														
Nonspendable	\$ 11,5	593,888	\$ 10,337,174	\$	9,295,515	\$ 9,093,823	\$ 8,943,056	\$	8,208,888	\$ 7,524,734	\$ 7,419,818	\$	6,417,276	\$ 4,166,923
Restricted		-	-		-	-	-		-	1,002,530	2,142,296		3,250,800	4,759,234
Committed	3	327,083	283,583		238,865	2,120,000	2,120,000		2,120,000	2,120,000	1,120,000		120,000	-
Assigned	1,2	282,729	776,628		960,316	1,631,006	1,723,843		1,236,546	641,000	603,959		481,865	800,005
Unassigned	10,6	68,298	 14,728,463	_	15,572,086	 12,270,240	 12,803,359		12,489,860	 12,668,547	 14,809,088	_	14,719,745	 23,183,819
Total General Fund	\$ 23,8	371,998	\$ 26,125,848	\$	26,066,782	\$ 25,115,069	\$ 25,590,258	\$	24,055,294	\$ 23,956,811	\$ 26,095,161	\$	24,989,686	\$ 32,909,981
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL														
FUNDS														
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,619	\$ 21,220	\$	42,350	\$ 5,658
Restricted:														
Special Revenue Funds	6,4	174,186	7,884,277		9,274,339	11,181,950	9,514,213		11,007,911	11,038,787	13,643,213		15,516,511	18,728,122
Capital Projects Funds	4,6	60,152	3,691,069		4,438,886	27,395,889	26,426,351		24,458,851	24,329,448	27,454,360		53,413,426	51,826,811
Debt Service Funds	6	893,691	301,985		1,144,683	1,145,296	1,147,893		1,153,046	5,430,532	1,191,717		1,208,580	1,209,015
Committed	1,5	558,255	2,859,188		3,988,035	6,232,327	5,736,166		5,162,810	5,511,717	4,119,185		4,713,257	9,010,524
Assigned		-	-		-	-	-		-	-				
Unassigned	(3	307,188)	 (752,744)		(3,054,013)	(4,000,645)	 (2,647,765)		(616,702)	 (1,976,299)	 (1,411,737)	_	(1,585,764)	 (3,615,170)
Total All Other														
Governmental Funds	\$ 13,0	79,096	\$ 13,983,775	\$	15,791,930	\$ 41,954,817	\$ 40,176,858	\$	41,165,916	\$ 44,335,804	\$ 45,017,958	\$	73,308,360	\$ 77,164,960

<sup>\*</sup> The Norwalk Redevelopment Agency was dissolved as of 1/31/12. The Successor Agency is reported as a Fiduciary Fund GASB 54 was implemented as of June 30,2011. Prior years data has been restated to reflect GASB 54

### CITY OF NORWALK CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year									
	2011-12*	2012-13	2013-14**	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$ 34,275,850	\$ 34,190,894	\$ 34,190,159	\$ 35,350,674	\$ 37,706,928	\$ 37,458,376	\$ 39,596,801	\$ 42,311,073	\$ 42,522,210	\$ 54,543,010
Licenses and Permits	1,061,945	1,095,276	1,040,872	1,113,986	1,614,302	1,551,485	1,329,636	1,214,109	1,160,152	1,544,374
Fines, Forfeiture, and Penalties	1,500,648	1,558,155	1,503,552	1,532,833	1,397,301	1,343,137	1,453,258	1,271,482	1,045,036	1,011,394
Use of Money and Property	665,890	454,973	324,026	328,556	1,107,863	673,248	485,468	2,744,380	3,151,186	835,993
Intergovernmental	25,269,879	21,578,666	24,305,935	26,861,044	25,068,024	23,540,234	23,943,365	27,115,671	31,354,855	35,522,193
Motor Vehicle License Fee	56,479	46,743	-	45,152	42,340	47,284	55,559	51,623	84,483	77,564
Charges for Services	2,006,230	2,159,938	2,141,011	2,265,887	2,421,325	2,490,649	2,257,391	2,095,689	1,760,794	1,157,474
Rental Income	778,045	778,252	779,951	830,042	857,530	867,191	909,372	936,240	833,535	731,215
Other	1,987,727	3,257,486	2,342,477	1,961,656	1,790,392	1,601,975	1,846,296	1,632,294	1,317,248	1,849,261
Total Revenues	67,602,693	65,120,383	66,627,983	70,289,830	72,006,005	69,573,579	71,877,146	79,372,561	83,229,499	97,272,477
EXPENDITURES **										
Current:										
General Government	7,529,673	7,353,954	7,827,623	8,014,168	8,815,169	9,602,473	9,815,899	9,462,849	10,174,244	10,164,369
Public Safety	14,104,870	14,090,620	14,067,052	13,680,188	14,303,174	14,779,420	15,625,787	16,627,224	18,146,943	18,958,674
Urban Development	4,082,567	3,166,086	3,542,137	3,434,550	4,020,686	4,374,534	3,782,414	4,504,903	4,401,382	4,695,872
Public Works	13,265,589	14,088,380	14,769,851	13,095,892	13,171,744	13,666,609	13,488,320	14,006,466	15,267,061	12,720,090
Culture and Leisure	3,311,260	3,411,316	3,659,354	4,439,395	5,189,356	4,986,157	4,897,808	4,498,463	4,209,576	2,803,381
Health and Welfare	13,549,014	12,849,407	12,474,045	12,458,934	13,832,946	13,541,733	14,515,087	15,471,758	17,749,243	19,255,228
Capital Outlay and Improvement	4,299,315	4,833,258	7,955,265	9,516,262	10,527,154	5,686,645	7,802,435	8,035,964	3,480,547	11,117,959
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement	1,975,000	780,000	890,000	900,000	935,000	980,000	1,025,000	1,249,077	2,371,127	2,396,023
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,386,516	992,099	741,268	548,881	512,881	475,481	436,281	612,341	1,326,277	1,383,652
Bond Issuance Cost		214,454	203,147				74,144		386,656	
Total Expenditures	64,503,803	61,779,575	66,129,742	66,088,270	71,308,110	68,093,051	71,463,175	74,469,045	77,513,056	83,495,248
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over										
(Under) Expenditures	3,098,890	3,340,808	498,241	4,201,560	697,895	1,480,528	413,971	4,903,516	5,716,443	13,777,229
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Issuance of Debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,337,008	-	19,685,000	-
Proceeds from Bonds Issuances, Net	-	7,120,000	8,630,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Defeasance of Debt	-	(7,295,000)	(7,945,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bond Discount	-	184,115	553,095	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bond Premium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		3,888,838	-
Capital Lease Issuance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,125,558
Transfers In	4,583,186	3,205,025	3,367,409	5,029,862	2,949,102	2,780,642	2,617,945	6,622,000	29,097,365	11,074,451
Transfers Out	(5,413,373)	(3,396,420)	(3,354,656)	(7,064,742)	(4,949,767)	(4,807,076)	(4,568,978)	(8,705,012)	(31,202,719)	(13,219,248)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(830,187)	(182,280)	1,250,848	(2,034,880)	(2,000,665)	(2,026,434)	2,385,975	(2,083,012)	21,468,484	(1,019,239)
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS	(20,342,575)		71,197	22,973,297						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(18,073,872)	3,158,528	1,820,286	25,139,977	(1,302,770)	(545,906)	2,799,946	2,820,504	27,184,927	12,757,990
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	55,024,967	36,951,095	40,109,623	41,929,909	67,069,886	65,767,116	65,492,669	68,292,615	71,113,119	97,316,951
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 36,951,095	\$ 40,109,623	\$ 41,929,909	\$ 67,069,886	\$ 65,767,116	\$ 65,221,210	\$ 68,292,615	\$ 71,113,119	\$ 98,298,046	\$ 110,074,941
Debt Service (Excluding Bond Issuance Costs) as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	7.24%	3.11%	2.80%	2.56%	2.38%	2.33%	2.30%	2.80%	4.99%	5.22%

<sup>\*</sup> The Norwalk Redevelopment Agency was dissolved as of 1/31/12. The Successor Agency is reported as a Fiduciary Fund

<sup>\*\*</sup> GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Fiscal year 2009-10 through 2017-18 expenses have been reclassified to reflect current reporting structure.

### CITY OF NORWALK GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Proper	Property Tax				Business Transient		Property									
Fiscal Year	City	Rec	levelopment Agency		Sales and Use Tax	iles Tax - easure P		Utility Users Tax	(	Operations Tax	C	Occupancy Tax	T	ax in-Lieu of VLF	F	Franchise Fees	Total Taxes
roui	 Oity		rigorioy	_	OOC TUX	 ououro i	_	OSCIO TUX		Tux		Tux		OI VEI		1 000	 Тахоо
2011-12 (1)	\$ 5,708,121	\$	2,115,285	\$	8,760,445	\$ -	\$	5,421,616	\$	858,584	\$	1,128,493	\$	8,535,764	\$	1,747,542	\$ 34,275,850
2012-13	6,986,560		-		9,323,299	-		5,354,039		782,573		1,227,030		8,727,028		1,790,365	34,190,894
2013-14	6,616,294		-		9,327,844	-		5,256,908		798,659		1,309,026		9,021,481		1,859,947	34,190,159
2014-15	6,842,242		-		9,525,144	-		5,287,009		843,097		1,378,504		9,566,153		1,908,525	35,350,674
2015-16	7,636,462		-		10,541,304	-		5,296,349		844,971		1,532,516		9,973,472		1,881,854	37,706,928
2016-17	7,481,345		-		10,264,892	-		5,093,361		857,171		1,544,811		10,430,453		1,786,343	37,458,376
2017-18	8,390,338		-		11,078,771	-		4,848,872		880,709		1,593,203		10,967,928		1,836,980	39,596,801
2018-19	8,115,122		-		12,492,890	-		4,461,942		911,424		1,672,320		11,646,200		3,011,175	42,311,073
2019-20	8,750,465		-		11,916,110	-		4,228,417		874,725		1,328,356		12,295,865		3,128,272	42,522,210
2020-21	9,577,756		-		13,110,164	9,040,237		4,454,135		761,811		1,480,676		12,928,583		3,189,648	54,543,010

<sup>(1)</sup> The Norwalk Redevelopment Agency was dissolved as of 1/31/12. The Successor Agency is reported as a Fiduciary Fund

### CITY OF NORWALK ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (RATE PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE)

Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Other* Property	Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2011-12	\$ 4,495,242	\$ 639,267	\$ 227,164	\$ 288,436	\$ 40,773	\$ 5,650,109	0.21830%
2012-13	4,593,039	651,375	233,802	298,414	44,013	5,776,630	0.22158%
2013-14	4,758,897	666,384	247,283	298,845	40,913	5,971,409	0.09311%
2014-15	5,088,372	682,359	252,944	308,032	46,424	6,331,707	0.09306%
2015-16	5,314,858	708,561	260,655	317,233	44,912	6,601,307	0.09304%
2016-17	5,566,383	722,338	275,896	321,168	43,645	6,885,785	0.09301%
2017-18	5,856,328	752,130	287,475	345,253	44,073	7,241,186	0.09296%
2018-19	6,183,342	824,997	360,112	340,452	43,895	7,708,903	0.09294%
2019-20	6,546,701	857,960	370,675	363,596	38,328	8,138,932	0.09294%
2020-21	6,897,213	901,783	379,738	379,010	38,450	8,557,744	0.09291%

<sup>\*</sup> Other property includes government, institutional, unsecured property and vacant land.

Note: In 1978 the voters of the state of California passed Proposition 13 which limited taxes to a total maximum rate of 1%, based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed as a result of new construction activity or at the time it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the property is reassessed based upon the added value of the construction or at the purchase price (market value) or economic value of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: L.A. County Assessor, HdL Coren & Cone

#### CITY OF NORWALK DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(RATE PER \$100 OF TAXABLE VALUE)

	Fiscal Year									
	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
TOTAL DIRECT RATE	0.21830	0.22158	0.09311	0.09306	0.09304	0.09301	0.09296	0.09294	0.09294	0.09291
OVERLAPPING RATES										
Los Angeles County General	0.23210	0.23210	0.23210	0.23210	0.23210	0.23210	0.23210	0.23210	0.23210	0.23210
Norwalk-La Mirada Unified School District	0.18780	0.18780	0.18780	0.18780	0.18780	0.18780	0.18780	0.18780	0.18780	0.18780
Consolidated Fire Protection District of LA Co.	0.17000	0.17000	0.17000	0.17000	0.17000	0.17000	0.17000	0.17000	0.17000	0.17000
Educational Augmentation Fund Impound	0.13530	0.13530	0.13530	0.13530	0.13530	0.13530	0.13530	0.13530	0.13530	0.13530
Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund	0.06850	0.06850	0.06850	0.06850	0.06850	0.06850	0.06850	0.06850	0.06850	0.06850
City Norwalk Tax District 1	0.06630	0.06630	0.06630	0.06630	0.06630	0.06630	0.06630	0.06630	0.06630	0.06630
Norwalk Southeast Recreation and Park	0.02630	0.02630	0.02630	0.02630	0.02630	0.02630	0.02630	0.02630	0.02630	0.02630
Cerritos Community College District	0.02460	0.02460	0.02460	0.02460	0.02460	0.02460	0.02460	0.02460	0.02460	0.02460
La Mirada Southeast Recreation and Park	0.02440	0.02440	0.02440	0.02440	0.02440	0.02440	0.02440	0.02440	0.02440	0.02440
LA County Library	0.02250	0.02250	0.02250	0.02250	0.02250	0.02250	0.02250	0.02250	0.02250	0.02250
County Sanitation District No. 18 Operating	0.01223	0.01223	0.01223	0.01223	0.01223	0.01223	0.01223	0.01223	0.01223	0.01223
LA County Flood Control Maintenance	0.00936	0.00936	0.00936	0.00936	0.00936	0.00936	0.00936	0.00936	0.00936	0.00936
LA County Fire - Ffw	0.00693	0.00693	0.00693	0.00693	0.00693	0.00693	0.00693	0.00693	0.00693	0.00693
County School Service Fund Norwalk - La Mirada	0.00652	0.00652	0.00652	0.00652	0.00652	0.00652	0.00652	0.00652	0.00652	0.00652
Children's Institutional Tuition Fund	0.00272	0.00272	0.00272	0.00272	0.00272	0.00272	0.00272	0.00272	0.00272	0.00272
LA County Flood Control Dr. Imp. Dist. Maint.	0.00165	0.00165	0.00165	0.00165	0.00165	0.00165	0.00165	0.00165	0.00165	0.00165
County School Services	0.00137	0.00137	0.00137	0.00137	0.00137	0.00137	0.00137	0.00137	0.00137	0.00137
Little Lake Cemetery District	0.00091	0.00091	0.00091	0.00091	0.00091	0.00091	0.00091	0.00091	0.00091	0.00091
Greater LA Co. Vector Control	0.00036	0.00036	0.00036	0.00036	0.00036	0.00036	0.00036	0.00036	0.00036	0.00036
Water Replenishment District of Southern Calif.	0.00017	0.00017	0.00017	0.00017	0.00017	0.00017	0.00017	0.00017	0.00017	0.00017
LA County Accumulative Capital Outlay	0.00011	0.00011	0.00011	0.00011	0.00011	0.00011	0.00011	0.00011	0.00011	0.00011
Total Proposition 13 Rate	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
ABC Unified School District	0.02858	0.02453	0.02894	0.02916	0.03243	0.03132	0.03107	0.03019	0.08193	0.07798
Cerritos Community College District	0.01782	0.02594	0.02502	0.04809	0.04829	0.04698	0.04370	0.04446	0.04449	0.04348
Downey Unified School District	0.06725	0.07132	0.06603	0.06549	0.11466	0.11473	0.10538	0.10113	0.09708	0.08771
Little Lake City School District	0.05286	0.06942	0.08537	0.07964	0.06522	0.07527	0.07876	0.07611	0.06532	0.06606
Metropolitan Water District	0.00370	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350
Norwalk-La Mirada Unified School District	0.06496	0.06997	0.07238	0.07063	0.14114	0.13400	0.13818	0.13425	0.14019	0.12220
Rio Hondo Community College Dist	0.03418	0.02812	0.02892	0.02821	0.02712	0.02808	0.02748	0.02554	0.02571	0.01361
Whittier Union High School District	0.04317	0.04556	0.04473	0.05270	0.05063	0.06035	0.05781	0.05822	0.05502	0.05433
Total Voter Approved Rate	0.31252	0.33836	0.35489	0.37742	0.48299	0.49423	0.48588	0.47340	0.51324	0.46887
Total Direct and Overlapping Tax Rates	1.31252	1.33836	1.35489	1.37742	1.48299	1.49423	1.48588	1.47340	1.51324	1.46887
CITY'S SHARE OF 1% LEVY PER PROP 13	0.09255	0.09255	0.09255	0.09255	0.09255	0.09255	0.09255	0.09255	0.09255	0.09255

#### Notes:

REDEVELOPMENT RATE

General fund tax rates are representative and based upon the direct and overlapping rates for the largest General Fund rate area (TRA) by net taxable value.

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of voter approved bonds.

City's Share of 1% Levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the city. ERAF portion of the City's Levey has been subtracted where known.

RDA rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area (TRA) and includes only rate(s) from indebtedness adopted prior to 989 per California State statute. RDA direct and overlapping rates are applied only to the incremental property values.

Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the government preparing the statistical section information. The percentages presented in the columns above do not sum across rows.

Source: L.A. County Assessor's Office

1.00370

### CITY OF NORWALK PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND TEN FISCAL YEARS AGO

		2020-21			2011-12	
	Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed	Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
Sonnenblick Del Rio Norwalk LLC	\$ 82,860,977	1	0.97%			0.00%
Veranda Associates LP	73,925,896	2	0.86%			
Norwalk Industrial Sub LLC	62,138,424	3	0.73%			0.00%
TLUS Sam Red SCC Owner LLC	60,434,779	4	0.71%			0.00%
Pedestal Capital II LLC	47,140,566	5	0.55%			
Global Pacific Imperial LLC	45,608,878	6	0.53%			0.00%
Target Corporation	41,876,487	7	0.49%			0.00%
Levian Family Norwalk LLC	38,351,203	8	0.45%			0.00%
Miracle Mile Properties LP	34,850,950	9	0.41%			0.00%
Rexford Industrial Realty LP	32,526,023	10	0.38%			0.00%
Norwalk MM LLC				59,130,000	1	1.05%
Avalon California Value III LLC				40,775,888	2	0.72%
Target Corporation				37,279,561	3	0.66%
Hekmatravan Family Norwalk LLC				32,737,737	4	0.58%
Sam Menlo Trust				29,817,851	5	0.53%
Advanced Group 9 99				24,890,449	6	0.44%
IMT Capital II Palm Cntry Club				24,558,959	7	0.43%
McKenna Norwalk LP				22,042,471	8	0.39%
Norwalk Industrial Sub LLC				21,856,460	9	0.39%
Paddison Associates			_	21,209,982	10	0.38%
Totals	\$ 519,714,183		6.07%	\$ 314,299,358		5.56%

Excludes government and tax-exempt property owners

Source: L.A. County Assessor 2011/12 and 2020/21 Combined Tax, SBE NonUnitary Tax Rolls and HdL Companies

#### CITY OF NORWALK SECURED PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal	Total Fiscal Tax Year Levy		Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy			llections in lbsequent	Total Collections to Date				
			Amount	% of Levy		Years		Amount	% of Levy		
2010-11	\$	2,280,220	\$ 2,138,030	93.76%	\$	(36,293)	\$	2,101,737	92.17%		
2011-12		2,354,260	2,162,196	91.84%		9,720		2,171,916	92.25%		
2012-13		2,413,472	2,332,515	96.65%		3,209		2,335,723	96.78%		
2013-14		2,500,671	2,423,743	96.92%		(35,972)		2,387,771	95.49%		
2014-15		2,655,207	2,561,063	96.45%		(26,757)		2,534,306	95.45%		
2015-16		2,783,387	2,685,240	96.47%		(23,512)		2,661,728	95.63%		
2016-17		2,894,814	2,767,579	95.60%		9,041		2,776,620	95.92%		
2017-18		3,028,138	2,864,434	94.59%		41,481		2,905,914	95.96%		
2018-19		3,172,538	3,047,344	96.05%		(18,725)		3,028,620	95.46%		
2019-20		3,390,424	3,236,705	95.47%		(2,892)		3,233,813	95.38%		

Source: L.A. County Auditor/Controller

#### CITY OF NORWALK DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT JUNE 30, 2021

Governmental Unit	Gross Bonded Debt Balance	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	Net Bonded Debt
DIRECT DEBT		7 тррпоцьто	
Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds 2013A/B	\$ 8,001,425	100.000%	\$ 8,001,425
Lease Payable	4,751,339	100.000%	4,751,339
Tax Revenue Bonds 2019A/B	21,045,325	100.000%	21,045,325
Total Direct Debt	, ,		33,798,089
OVERLAPPING DEBT			
Metropolitan Water District	13,101,783	0.537%	70,398
Little Lake City SD DS 00SR D-1QSCBS	5,020,000	35.161%	1,765,082
Little Lake City SD DS 2011 Refunding Bond	3,809,902	35.161%	1,339,599
Little Lake City SD DS 2012 Series A	4,480,000	35.161%	1,575,213
Little Lake City SD DS 2014 Ref Bonds Series A	4,545,000	35.161%	1,598,067
Little Lake City SD DS 2014 Ref Bonds Series B	3,040,000	35.161%	1,068,894
Little Lake City SD DS 2012 Series B	11,470,000	35.161%	4,032,966
Whittier Union HSD DS 2008 Series 2014B	7,130,682	6.143%	438,054
Whittier Union HSD DS 2008 Series 2015C	8,945,000	6.143%	549,512
Whittier Union HSD DS 2015 Ref Bonds	28,815,000	6.143%	1,770,172
Whittier Union HSD DS 2016 Ref Bonds	111,533,679	6.143%	6,851,771
Cerritos CCD DS 2004 Series 2012D	31,855,943	13.063%	4,161,264
Cerritos CCD DS 2012 Series 2014A	73,900,000	13.063%	9,653,378
Cerritos CCD DS 2014 REF BONDS SERIES A	74,670,000	13.063%	9,753,961
Cerritos CCD DS 2014 REF BONDS SERIES B	7,620,000	13.063%	995,382
Cerritos CCD DS 2012 Series 2018B	53,415,000	13.063%	6,977,472
Cerritos CCD DS 2012 Series 2019C	99,125,000	13.063%	12,948,458
Cerritos CCD DS 2020 REF Bonds	51,830,000	13.063%	6,770,427
Rio Hondo CCD DS Ref 2004 2019 Ser B	117,637,824	3.093%	4,609,472
ABC Unified 2003 Refund Bond Series A	2,350,000	3.851%	90,498
ABC Unified DS 1997 Series B	22,791,624	3.851%	877,697
ABC Unified DS 2018 Series A	57,000,000	3.851%	2,195,048
Norwalk-La Mirada USD DS 2002 Series 2005B	48,076,564	42.371%	20,370,718
Norwalk-La Mirada USD DS 2009 Ref Bonds	31,892,452	42.371%	13,513,282
Norwalk-La Mirada USD DS 2015 Ref Bonds	49,900,000	42.371%	2,114,333
Norwalk-La Mirada USD DS 2014 Series B	5,945,000	42.371%	2,518,980
Norwalk-La Mirada USD DS 2017 Ref Bonds	59,930,000	42.371%	21,156,045
Norwalk-La Mirada USD DS 2014 Series C	94,300,000	42.371%	3,995,624
Norwalk-La Mirada USD DS 2014 Series D	139,810,000	42.371%	59,239,470
Total Overlapping Debt	·		203,001,236
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 236,799,325

2020/21Assessed Valuation: \$6,999,308,039 after deducting \$1,558,435,601 in Incremental Value. Debt to Assessed Valuation Ratios: Direct Debt-0.48%, Overlapping Debt-2.90% Total Debt- 3.38%

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Norwalk. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Source: HdL Coren & Cone, L.A. County Assessor and Auditor Combined 2020/21 Lien Date Tax Rolls

#### CITY OF NORWALK LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2011-12*	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Assessed Valuation	\$ 5,650,108,854	\$ 5,776,629,334	\$ 5,971,408,845	\$ 6,331,707,221	\$ 6,601,306,707	\$ 6,885,785,316	\$ 7,241,185,968	\$ 7,708,902,736	\$ 8,138,931,975	\$ 8,557,743,640
Conversion Percentage	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Adjusted Assessed Valuation	1,412,527,214	1,444,157,334	1,492,852,211	1,582,926,805	1,650,326,677	1,721,446,329	1,810,296,492	1,927,225,684	2,034,732,994	2,139,435,910
Debt Limit Percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
Debt Limit	211,879,082	216,623,600	223,927,832	237,439,021	247,549,002	258,216,949	271,544,474	289,083,853	305,209,949	320,915,387
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit: General Obligation Bonds										
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 211,879,082	\$ 216,623,600	\$ 223,927,832	\$ 237,439,021	\$ 247,549,002	\$ 258,216,949	\$ 271,544,474	\$ 289,083,853	\$ 305,209,949	\$ 320,915,387
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percent of Debt Limit	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Norwalk Long Term Debt Outstanding:	16,020,000	24,950,862	25,261,134	24,445,312	22,755,489	21,522,666	24,571,851	23,054,951	43,720,582	44,896,720
Debt Per Capita: (2020 Pop 105,717)	152	235	237	229	216	204	228	216	414	426
Debt as a Percentage of Personal Income:	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	2%

<sup>\*</sup> The Norwalk Redevelopment Agency was dissolved as of 1/31/12. The Successor Agency is reported as a Fiduciary Fund

Note: Under state finance law, the City of Norwalk's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

#### Sources:

City Finance Department County of Los Angeles Tax Assessor's Office

#### CITY OF NORWALK OUTSTANDING DEBT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year											
	2011-12*	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES												
Lease Revenue:												
Refunding Bonds, 2013A/B	\$ 16,020,000	\$ 15,065,000	\$ 14,860,000	\$ 13,960,000	\$ 13,025,000	\$ 12,045,000	\$ 11,020,000	\$ 9,965,000	\$ 8,865,000	\$ 7,725,000		
Tax Revenue ;												
Bonds, 2019 A/B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,630,000	17,675,000		
Tax Allocation Refunding:												
Bonds, 2005	-	-	-	-	-	-	<del>.</del>	<del>.</del>	<del>-</del>			
Lease Payable							4,337,008	4,142,931	3,926,804	4,751,339		
Subtotal	16,020,000	15,065,000	14,860,000	13,960,000	13,025,000	12,045,000	15,357,008	14,107,931	31,421,804	30,151,339		
Add (Deduct) Deferred Amounts:												
Bond Premium	-	184,115	679,612	622,014	564,416	506,818	449,220	391,622	3,963,605	3,646,750		
Bond Discount	-	· -	· -	· -		· -	,	,				
Deferred Charge on Refunding	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Total Governmental												
Activities	16,020,000	15,249,115	15,539,612	14,582,014	13,589,416	12,551,818	15,806,228	14,499,553	35,385,409	33,798,089		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES												
Water Revenue Bonds	-	9,395,000	9,245,000	9,070,000	8,890,000	8,705,000	8,510,000	8,310,000	8,100,000	7,880,000		
Add (Deduct) Deferred Amounts:												
Bond Premium	-	306,747	296,522	286,298	276,073	265,848	255,623	245,398	235,173	224,948		
Lease Payable										37,740		
Total Business-Type												
Activities		9,701,747	9,541,522	9,356,298	9,166,073	8,970,848	8,765,623	8,555,398	8,335,173	8,142,688		
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 16,020,000	\$ 24,950,862	\$ 25,081,134	\$ 23,938,312	\$ 22,755,489	\$ 21,522,666	\$ 24,571,851	\$ 23,054,951	\$ 43,720,582	\$ 41,940,777		

#### Note:

See note to financial statement number 7 and 8 for a detailed explanation of outstanding debt.

<sup>\*</sup> The Norwalk Redevelopment Agency was dissolved as of 1/31/12. The Successor Agency is reported as a Fiduciary Fund

#### CITY OF NORWALK PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Norwalk Community Facilities Financing Authority - Lease Refunding, Water Revenue and Sales Tax Revenue Bonds

_								<u> </u>				
_	Fiscal	Lease			Water		Tax		D	ebt Service	•	
	Year		Revenue	F	Revenue		Revenue			Principal	Interest	Coverage
	2011-12	\$	1,580,806	\$	-	\$		- '	\$	750,000	\$ 830,806	1.00
	2012-13		1,947,099		-			-		955,000	992,099	1.00
	2013-14		946,268		541,471			-		355,000	1,132,739	1.00
	2014-15		1,448,881		539,963			-		1,075,000	913,844	1.00
	2015-16		1,447,881		539,713			-		1,115,000	872,594	1.00
	2016-17		1,455,481		537,513			-		1,165,000	827,994	1.00
	2017-18		1,461,281		540,113			-		1,220,000	781,394	1.00
	2018-19		1,450,274		537,313			-		1,255,000	732,588	1.00
	2019-20		1,453,081		539,313		1,835,384	1		2,365,000	1,462,779	1.00
	2020-21		1,449,081		538,813		1,835,600	)		2,315,000	1,508,494	1.00

The Norwalk Redevelopment Agency was dissolved as of 1/31/12. The Successor Agency is reported as a Fiduciary Fund.

## CITY OF NORWALK DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income (in thousands)			Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate		
2011-12	105,714	\$	2,028,757	\$	19,191	13.0%		
2012-13	106,093		2,041,442		19,242	9.8%		
2013-14	106,630		2,051,561		19,240	8.1%		
2014-15	106,679		2,060,398		19,314	8.4%		
2015-16	105,292		2,084,810		19,800	6.9%		
2016-17	105,526		2,066,616		19,583	5.4%		
2017-18	107,546		2,132,084		19,824	4.2%		
2018-19	106,744		2,241,544		20,999	4.6%		
2019-20	105,717		2,337,575		22,111	4.5%		
2020-21	105,393		2,436,616		23,119	13.5%		

#### Source:

HdL, Coren & Cone , State of California, and Department of Finance.

# CITY OF NORWALK PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND TEN FISCAL YEARS AGO

		2020-21			2011-12	
			% of Total City			% of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
County of Los Angeles	2,141	1	8.41%	862	4	4.49%
Norwalk-LA Mirada Unified School	<b>-,</b>					
District	1,655	2	6.50%	1,880	1	9.80%
Cerritos College	1,542	3	6.06%	1,143	3	5.96%
Metropolitan State Hospital	1,530	4	6.01%	1,350	2	7.04%
City of Norwalk	451	5	1.77%	404	6	2.11%
Target	425	6	1.67%	439	5	2.29%
Little Lake City School District	361	7	1.42%	314	8	1.64%
Costco Wholesale	318	8	1.25%	322	7	1.68%
Los Angeles County Sheriff	310	9	1.22%	240	12	1.25%
Doty Bros Equipment Co	300	10	1.18%	300	9	1.56%
Coast Plaza Hospital	298	11	1.17%	298	10	1.55%
Norwalk Community Hospital	271	12	1.06%	250	11	1.30%
Mc Donald's	213	13	0.84%	213	14	1.11%
Southland Care Center	180	14	0.71%	180	18	0.94%
West Central Produce Inc	167	15	0.66%			0.00%
Stater Brothers Markets	160	16	0.63%			0.00%
Ec Hispanic Media	150	17	0.59%			0.00%
Eco Sanitary Supplies Inc	138	18	0.54%			0.00%
United States Postal Service	134	19	0.53%			0.00%
Norwalk Meadows Nursing Center	126	20	0.49%			0.00%
All Other Employers	14,593		57.31%	14,758		76.95%
Total	25,463		100.00%	19,178		119.68%

Source: ReferenceUsa

Prepared by: City of Norwalk 10/2021

## CITY OF NORWALK FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME CITY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

Function	2011-12*	2012-13*	2013-14*	2014-15*	2015-16*	2016-17*	2017-18*	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
General Government	51	46	47	48	51	55	58	55	56	40
Public Safety	47	49	44	43	47	39	47	59	54	49
Public Works	59	81	82	82	80	85	87	85	79	72
Social Services	26	30	29	32	34	32	28	32	44	48
Recreation	98	85	97	94	90	89	92	94	99	100
Community Development	16	24	25	25	28	14	14	16	14	26
Transit	107	94	98	93	101	97	100	102	103	99
Total	404	409	422	417	431	411	426	443	449	434

<sup>\*</sup> Reclassified to reflect current reporting structure.

## CITY OF NORWALK OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

					1 1300	i cai				
Function	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Police:										
Calls Responded	28,410	28,265	27,068	27,431	30,134	30,671	30,044	28,841	27,278	25,213
Response Time: (Minutes)										
Emergency	3.6	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.3	3.8	4.0	3.8	3.7	3.6
Non-Emergency	9.4	9.3	9.6	9.0	8.7	8.9	9.3	9.5	8.6	8.0
Routine	31.0	31.8	34.4	33.0	34.5	37.5	41.8	39.3	42.8	40.7
Community Development:										
Number of Residential Permits	3,114	2,719	2,746	2,835	4,461	4,586	3,360	2,856	2,638	2,085
Number of Commercial Permits	425	357	447	357	542	470	331	350	285	256
Water:										
New Connections Average Daily Consumption (Millions	10	3	1	-	4	7	-	3	-	7
of Gallons)	188	198	200	157	131	135	143	133	134	135
Sewers:										
New Connections	-	11	11	3	4	15	15	4	13	9
Transit:										
Buses - Number of Riders	2,126,885	1,880,629	1,739,670	1,528,931	1,378,353	1,539,633	1,461,070	1,427,804	1,168,297	695,951
Dial-A-Ride - Number of Riders	20,493	16,146	21,754	21,908	22,031	21,849	22,344	24,227	18,992	4,941

#### CITY OF NORWALK CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year **Function** 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 2018-19 2019-20 2020-21 Police: Stations Fire: Stations Public Works: Streets (Miles) Street Lights 5,479 5,400 5,400 5,400 5,400 5,373 5,373 4,891 4,989 4,989 Traffic Lights Parks and Recreation: Parks **Community Centers** Sports Center Water: Water Mains (Miles) Maximum Daily Capacity (Million Gallons Per Day) Waste Water: Sanitary Sewers (Miles) Transit:

Source: City of Norwalk

Dial-A-Ride Vans

Buses

## CITY OF NORWALK WATER SYSTEM – STATEMENT OF NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year										
	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17 201	7-18 2018-19	2019-20	2020-21		
ASSETS											
Current Assets:											
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 4,467,519	\$ 5,947,048	\$ 6,682,089	\$ 7,244,665	\$ 7,617,845		115,383 \$ 6,761,124		\$ 7,437,561		
Cash with Fiscal Agent	-	3,497,853	3,496,405	3,498,268	3,505,991	2,605	2,706 315	11	3		
Other Current Assets	651,650	844,735	857,657	633,751	708,259		055,583 759,438	1,032,617	1,140,425		
Total Current Assets	5,119,169	10,289,636	11,036,151	11,376,684	11,832,095	7,106,482 7,	173,672 7,520,877	7,380,524	8,577,989		
Net Capital Assets	11,395,877	17,171,995	17,062,861	17,189,977	17,217,176	22,685,814 22,	800,687 22,482,254	23,085,666	22,634,194		
Total Assets	\$ 16,515,046	\$ 27,461,631	\$ 28,099,012	\$ 28,566,661	\$ 29,049,271	\$ 29,792,296 \$ 29,	974,359 \$ 30,003,131	\$ 30,466,190	\$ 31,212,183		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF INTEREST											
Deferred Amount from OPEB Plans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	61,234 \$ 65,387	\$ 74,469	\$ 88,376		
Deferred Amount from Pension Plans	-	-	-	94,010	111,365	306,324	379,083 263,217	215,205	237,631		
Total Deferred Outflows of Interest	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 94,010	\$ 111,365	\$ 306,324 \$	440,317 \$ 328,604	\$ 289,674	\$ 326,007		
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:											
Accounts Payable	\$ 288,735	\$ 345,355	\$ 296,232	\$ 300,518	\$ 392,906	\$ 674,407 \$	752,698 \$ 559,862	\$ 467,516	\$ 608,856		
Other Current liabilities	138,184	298,143	332,546	416,146	478,559		593,361 609,398	636,109	691,121		
Total Current Liabilities	426,919	643,498	628,778	716,664	871,465	· ————	346,059 1,169,260	1,103,625	1,299,977		
Noncurrent liabilities:											
Advances from Other Funds	3,034,610	3,034,610	2.942.835	2.846.472	2,745,291	2.639.051 2.	410,368 2,287,381	2.158.246	2.022.653		
Bonds Payable	-	9,551,747	9,366,522	9,176,298	8,981,073	8,775,848 8,	565,623 8,345,398	8,115,173	7,874,948		
Compensated Absences Payable	102,903	106,749	114,460	118,096	85,475	98,064	94,905 89,248	84,259	31,467		
Net Other Post-Employment Benefits	444.070	100 710	202 725	0.40.000	040.040	054.740	0.45.000	050.040	121,469		
Liabilities Net Pension Liabilities	144,672	183,740	230,765	248,896 1.008.023	243,643		015,032 944,348	959,042	1,021,693		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	3,282,185	12,876,846	12,654,582	13,397,785	1,144,215 13,199,697		576,048 1,545,820 661,976 13,212,195	1,646,641 12,963,361	1,746,226		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities  Total Liabilities	\$ 3,709,104	\$ 13,520,344	\$ 13,283,360	\$ 14.114.449	\$ 14,071,162		008,035 \$ 14,381,455		12,818,456 \$ 14,118,433		
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,709,104	\$ 13,320,344	\$ 13,263,360	<del>\$ 14,114,449</del>	\$ 14,071,162	\$ 14,564,156 \$ 15,	3 14,361,433	\$ 14,000,900	\$ 14,116,433		
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES											
Deferred Amount from OPEB Plans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	4,758 \$ 83,596		\$ 29,383		
Deferred Amount from Pension Plans		_	_	235,601	86,495	41,315	35,035 37,837	36,065	3,212		
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 235,601	\$ 86,495	\$ 41,315 \$	39,793 \$ 121,433	\$ 101,372	\$ 32,595		
NET POSITION											
Invested in Capital Assets	\$ 11,395,877	\$ 11,271,496	\$ 7,817,861	\$ 11,331,947	\$ 11,557,094	\$ 13,717,571 \$ 14,	037,770 \$ 13,927,171	\$ 14,701,473	\$ 14,206,273		
Restricted - Debt Service	-	3,497,853	3,496,405	3,498,268	3,505,991	2,605	2,706 315	11	-		
Unrestricted	1,410,065	(828,062)	3,501,386	(519,594)	(60,106)		326,372 1,901,361	1,886,022	3,180,889		
Total Net Position	\$ 12,805,942	\$ 13,941,287	\$ 14,815,652	\$ 14,310,621	\$ 15,002,979	\$ 15,493,170 \$ 15,	366,848 \$ 15,828,847	\$ 16,587,506	\$ 17,387,162		

# CITY OF NORWALK WATER SYSTEM – HISTORIC NET WATER REVENUE AND DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year												
	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2008-09	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21		
ANNUAL RATE INCREASE													
Fixed Service Charge	2.8%	2.1%	2.2%	0.50%	14.8%	0.0%	-1.50%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%		
Per Unit Consumption Charge	2.8%	3.1%	2.0%	0.6%	145.8%	0.0%	12.80%	6.30%	6.20%	6.20%	6.20%		
WATER REVENUES													
Charges for Services <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 4,871,113	\$ 5,170,527	\$ 5,302,823	\$ 5,051,524	\$ 3,934,301	\$ 4,953,919	\$ 5,147,289	\$ 5,704,279	\$ 5,659,007	\$ 5,792,198	\$ 61,414,855		
Investment Income	25,921	43,521	42,108	48,833	-	82,318	65,844	82,160	145,501	145,334	54,003		
Other	867	1,720	673	474									
Total Revenues	4,897,901	5,215,768	5,345,604	5,100,831	3,934,301	5,036,237	5,213,133	5,786,439	5,804,508	5,937,532	61,468,858		
OPERATION AND													
MAINTENANCE COSTS													
Administrative	423,877	398,996	434,562	462,605	342,796	411,005	452,125	421,376	414,930	492,776	557,190		
Utilities	80,409	128,623	136,040	138,288	54,598	129,563	113,163	75,218	65,162	126,233	171,546		
Salaries and Benefits	793,379	769,042	858,182	870,467	641,353	843,037	1,011,509	1,133,317	987,290	970,717	948,473		
Contractual Services	163,150	193,585	267,803	284,846	15,094	733,789	653,584	524,343	575,926	779,321	899,339		
Cost of Water	1,912,508	1,466,426	1,569,671	1,535,855	1,389,046	1,383,957	1,679,760	2,177,554	2,229,993	1,840,153	11,268,692		
Maintenance and Repairs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	141,738		
Supplies and Materials	240,508	338,686	384,239	315,019	202,062	44,967	25,754	57,199	221,693	40,021			
Total Operating Expense	3,613,831	3,295,358	3,650,497	3,607,080	2,644,949	3,546,318	3,935,895	4,389,007	4,494,994	4,249,221	13,986,978		
NET WATER REVENUES	\$ 1,284,070	\$ 1,920,410	\$ 1,695,107	\$ 1,493,751	\$ 1,289,352	\$ 1,489,919	\$ 1,277,238	\$ 1,397,432	\$ 1,309,514	\$ 1,688,311	\$ 47,481,880		
DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE	N/A	N/A	3.13	2.76	N/A	2.75	2.36	2.58	2.58	3.12	4.10		

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes water billing fees, late fees, fire flow fees, water facilities fees, lease of water rights and other fees. Source: City of Norwalk

## CITY OF NORWALK WATER SYSTEM – PROJECTED NET WATER REVENUES AND DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS AND ONE YEAR PROJECTION

	Fiscal Year															
		2013-14		2014-15		2015-16		2016-17		2017-18		2018-19	2019-20	2020-21		2021-22
		(Actual)		(Actual)		(Actual)		(Actual)		(Actual)		(Actual)	(Actual)	(Actual)	(	Projected)
WATER REVENUES																
Charges for Services	\$	5,302,823	\$	5,051,524	\$	4,953,919	\$	5,147,289	\$	5,704,279	\$	5,659,007	\$ 5,792,198	\$ 6,141,485	\$	6,053,000
Investment income		42,108		48,833		82,318		65,844		82,160		145,501	145,334	54,003		60,000
Other		673		474		_		-		-			_	 _		-
Total Revenue		5,345,604		5,100,831		5,036,237		5,213,133		5,786,439		5,804,508	 5,937,532	 6,195,488		6,113,000
OPERATION AND																
MAINTENANCE COSTS																
Administrative		434,562		462,605		411,005		452,125		421,376		414,930	492,776	557,190		640,400
Utilities		136,040		138,288		129,563		113,163		75,218		65,162	126,233	171,546		413,500
Salaries and Benefits		858,182		870,467		843,037		1,011,509		1,133,317		987,290	970,717	948,473		947,329
Contractual Services		267,803		284,846		733,789		653,584		524,343		575,926	779,321	899,339		385,900
Cost of Water		1,569,671		1,535,855		1,383,957		1,679,760		2,177,554		2,229,993	1,840,153	1,268,692		1,550,000
Supplies and Materials		384,239		315,019		44,967		25,754		57,199		221,693	40,021	141,738		809,401
Total Expense		3,650,497		3,607,080		3,546,318		3,935,895		4,389,007		4,494,994	4,249,221	3,986,978		4,746,530
NET WATER REVENUES	\$	1,695,107	\$	1,493,751	\$	1,489,919	\$	1,277,238	\$	1,397,432	\$	1,309,514	\$ 1,688,311	\$ 2,208,510	\$	1,366,470
DEBT SERVICE																
2013A Bond - Maximum																
Annual Debt Service	\$	541,213	\$	541,213	\$	541,213	\$	541,213	\$	541,213	\$	541,213	\$ 541,213	\$ 538,813	\$	537,813
DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE		3.13		2.76		2.75		2.36		2.58		2.42	3.12	4.10		2.54

#### CITY OF NORWALK WATER SYSTEM – SERVICE CHARGES AND PER UNIT RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

#### CITY OF NORWALK

Historic Service Charges and Per Unit Rates

	Service Charge	% Increase	Service Charge	% Increase		% Increase
Effective Date	3/4" Meter*	(Decrease)	1" Meter*	(Decrease)	Per Unit Rate	(Decrease)
Jul. 2012	50.13	2.1%	104.62	2.1%	3.04	3.1%
Jul. 2013	51.23	2.2%	106.92	2.2%	3.10	2.0%
Jul. 2014	51.49	0.5%	107.45	0.5%	3.12	0.6%
Jul. 2015	51.49	0.0%	107.45	0.0%	3.12	0.0%
Jul. 2016	50.74	-1.5%	67.74	-37.0%	3.52	12.8%
Jul. 2017	53.79	6.0%	71.81	6.0%	3.74	6.3%
Jul. 2018	57.02	6.0%	76.12	6.0%	3.97	6.1%
Jul. 2019	60.45	6.0%	80.69	6.0%	4.21	6.0%
Jul. 2020	64.08	6.0%	85.54	6.0%	4.47	6.2%
Jul. 2021	64.08	0.0%	85.54	0.0%	4.47	0.0%

Note: 1 unit of water = 100 cubic feet = 748 gallons of water.

\* Bi-monthly charge Source: City of Norwalk

# CITY OF NORWALK WATER SYSTEM – SERVICE CHARGES REVENUES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Historic Charges for Services

	F	Residential		mmercial	Total		
		Service		Service	Service		
		Charge		Charge	Charge		% Increase
Fiscal Year		Revenues	R	evenues	 Revenues	(	Decrease)
2012	\$	4,384,002	\$	487,111	\$ 4,871,113		-0.6%
2013		4,488,765		443,944	4,932,709		1.3%
2014		4,497,508		499,723	4,997,231		1.3%
2015		4,299,933		477,770	4,777,703		-4.4%
2016		4,163,822		462,646	4,626,468		-3.2%
2017		4,413,726		490,414	4,904,140		6.0%
2018		4,802,628		533,625	5,336,253		8.8%
2019		4,876,798		541,867	5,418,665		1.5%
2020		5,151,606		572,401	5,724,007		7.3%
2021		5,557,101		617,456	6,174,557		7.9%

## CITY OF NORWALK WATER SYSTEM – WATER SOURCES AND SERVICE CONNECTIONS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND PRIOR FISCAL YEAR

Fiscal Year 2020-21		Groundwater	Purchased	
	Number of	Consumption	Consumption	Price
Water Source	Connections	(acre ft.)	(acre ft.)	(per acre ft.)
Santa Fe Springs	721		178	\$1,930
Norwalk Wells	2,427	665	250*	\$1,372
City of Cerritos	2,243		465	\$1,268
Total	5,391	665	1,028	
Total City Groundwater Rights		1,693		

Fiscal Year 2019-20		Groundwater	Purchased	
	Number of	Consumption	Consumption	Price
Water Source	Connections	(acre ft.)	(acre ft.)	(per acre ft.)
Santa Fe Springs	721		167	\$1,930
Norwalk Wells	2,420	665	250*	\$1,288
City of Cerritos	2,243		765	\$1,240
Total	5,384	665	1,317	
Total City Groundwater Rights		1,982		

<sup>\*</sup> Central service area purchased water derived from the Central Basin Municipal Water District

# CITY OF NORWALK WATER SYSTEM – WATER SOURCES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

CITY OF NORWALK Historic Water Sources					
		(In millions of ac	re-feet per year)		
		% Increase	Imported	% Increase	
Fiscal Year	Groundwater	(Decrease)	Water	(Decrease)	Total
2008	487.34	-5.5%	2563.25	-0.9%	3050.59
2009	419.21	-14.0%	2262.50	-11.7%	2681.71
2010	410.68	-2.0%	2234.21	-1.3%	2644.89
2011	404.39	-1.5%	1796.80	-19.6%	2201.19
2012	733.62	81.4%	1422.64	-20.8%	2156.26
2013	899.50	22.6%	1334.89	-6.2%	2234.39
2014	943.29	4.9%	1373.27	2.9%	2316.56
2015	868.16	-8.0%	1256.06	-8.5%	2124.22
2016	787.82	-9.3%	1137.78	-9.4%	1925.60
2017	664.98	-15.6%	1292.93	13.6%	1957.91
2018	428.22	-35.6%	1718.18	32.9%	2146.40
2019	383.87	-10.4%	1686.68	-1.8%	2070.55
2020	706.93	65.1%	1323.05	-23.0%	2029.98
2021	1060.49	176.3%	893.27	-47.0%	1953.76

# CITY OF NORWALK WATER SYSTEM – SERVICE CONNECTIONS BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

CITY OF NORWALK					
Historic Water Service Connections  Fiscal Residential Commercial Irrigation Total % Increase					
Year	Connections	Connections	Connections	Connections	(Decrease)
1 641	Commodations	COMMODITOR	Commoduent	Commodiano	(Boorease)
2008	4,897	457	17	5,371	-0.78%
2009	4,899	460	12	5,371	0.00%
2010	4,899	460	12	5,371	0.00%
2011	4,899	460	12	5,371	0.00%
2012	4,899	460	12	5,371	0.00%
2013	4,899	463	12	5,374	0.06%
2014	4,899	463	12	5,374	0.00%
2015	4,899	463	12	5,374	0.00%
2016	4,899	463	12	5,374	0.00%
2017	4,902	466	13	5,381	0.13%
2018	4,902	466	13	5,381	0.00%
2019	4,903	466	15	5,384	0.06%
2020	4,903	466	15	5,384	0.06%
2021	4,907	466	18	5,391	0.13%

# CITY OF NORWALK WATER SYSTEM – TOP TEN CUSTOMERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND PRIOR FISCAL YEAR

CITY OF NORWALK - WATER					
Top Ten Customers—Fiscal Year 2021					
	Total		% of		
Customer		Total			
Norwalk La Mirada School District	\$	222,363	3.60%		
Fiesta Coin Laundry		81,390	1.32%		
Shapell Industries		75,373	1.22%		
Heritage HOA		73,079	1.18%		
Norwalk Preservation, LP		39,943	0.65%		
Pioneer Mobile Estates		38,301	0.62%		
Norwalk Housing Investors		28,597	0.46%		
Sunstone Community Association		19,929	0.32%		
Weber Distribution		16,556	0.27%		
Sparkle Fresh Laundry		13,089	0.21%		
Top Ten Total	\$	608,620	9.86%		
Total System	\$	6,174,557			

CITY OF NORWALK - WATER					
Top Ten Customers—Fiscal Year 2020					
		% of			
Customer	Billed <sup>(1)</sup>		Total		
Norwalk La Mirada School District	\$	189,525	3.07%		
Heritage HOA		71,956	1.17%		
Shapell Industries		53,363	0.86%		
Pioneer Mobile Estates		37,341	0.60%		
Fiesta Coin Laundry		36,462	0.59%		
Norwalk Preservation, LP		33,079	0.54%		
Norwalk Housing Investors		27,591	0.45%		
Sunstone Community Association		17,287	0.28%		
Sparkle Fresh Laundry		14,594	0.24%		
Weber Distribution		10,520	0.17%		
Top Ten Total	\$	491,718	7.96%		
Total System	\$	5,724,007			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> Total sales to customers Source: City of Norwalk

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> Total sales to customers Source: City of Norwalk